

Historic, Archive Document

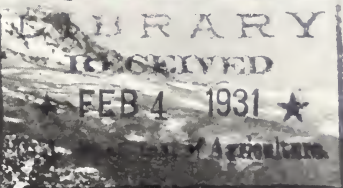
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INDIAN.
TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL 1931

MILE HIGH

Garden, Flower and Field Seeds

Vegetable Seed Trials



Our Mountain Sweet
Spanish Onion
Seed Field

Photographed July, 1930

PRICES:

No. 559—Pkt, 15c; oz, 50c;
1-4 lb, \$1.60; 1 lb, \$5.50, postpaid.
Not postpaid; 5 lbs, \$25.50;
10 lbs, \$49.00.



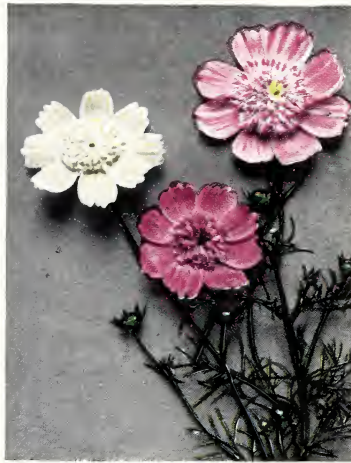
The GRAND JUNCTION SEED Co.

GRAND JUNCTION - COLORADO

In the Garden of the Rockies



1165 Phlox, Brilliant Rose.



1006 Cosmos, Double Crested.
See page 63. Pkt., 10c.



1031 Pink Double Chinese.
See page 75. Pkt., 10c.



910 Early American Beauty Aster.
Very large flower, color and appearance very much the same as the American Beauty rose. A wonderful Aster. Pkt., 20c; 1/4 oz., 60c.

Special Offer No. 2000 90c

In the special offer pictured here in natural colors we have taken a great many things into consideration. Beauty of course came first; a long blooming season and a well-blended variation of colors were also considered. All varieties are quite hardy and very easy to grow. We are offering one packet each of the eight varieties on this page (list price \$1.15), for only.....

90c

970 Canterbury Bells. One of the very prettiest blues. For early blooming seed may be planted in cold frame or house-boxes and the young plants set out when frost danger is past. This flower will greatly improve any garden. Pkt., 15c.



970 Canterbury Bells.



1144 Pansy, Mile High Giant Mixture. Everyone is well acquainted with the pansy family. These are of the giant-flowering type and a mixture of very beautiful colors. No garden is complete without pansies. Pkt., 25c.



1206 Schizanthus.
See page 76. Pkt., 10c.



1090 Lupinus.
See page 73. Pkt., 10c.

If Delayed in Ordering, Send for New List

Grand Junction Seed Company

Price List of

FIELD SEEDS

Our prices this year are made on the basis of the new low commodity prices. As you know, grains are extremely low this year, and it is only natural to expect that they will react before the season is out. We have based our prices on the present market. We make these prices subject to change without notice. While grains are in very plentiful supply, grass seeds and clovers are in light supply. With a normal demand this coming spring, we believe there will be materially higher prices and a scarcity of these stocks. This year early orders receive the benefit of real low prices. You can't make a mistake by ordering early this year.

Compare our prices and if you are not familiar with the high quality of our seeds, ask for samples. We are sure that we can do business with you.

GRAND JUNCTION, COLO.

December 1, 1930.

Prices are strictly net, spot cash, no discount.

Prices, excepting on pound lots, are F. O. B. Grand Junction, Colo., customers to pay transportation charges; if wanted by parcel post, add extra for postage; see page 1 for parcel post rates. All prices subject to market changes and subject to stock being unsold on receipt of order.

We charge 40c each for seamless bags for Alfalfa, Clovers and Millets. Burlap bags are weighed in free on Coarse Grains and Feeds. Small seeds cannot be shipped in burlap bags, especially by parcel post. No charge for packing or drayage.

Our "Mile High" Brand Seed is the best seed obtainable, and is unexcelled in purity, vitality, plumpness and color. Should our prices appear higher than those of other houses, please send for samples and compare quality.



ALFALFA

	Not Prepaid		
	Per Lb.	10 to 50	Per 100
	Postpaid	Lbs.	Lbs.
COLORADO MOUNTAIN ALFALFA			
(The hardest strain of Common Alfalfa known).			
Mile High (Extra Fancy)	\$0.35	\$0.24	\$22.50
Mountaineer .....	.30	.22	21.00
Choice .....	.30	.17	16.00
Fair .....	.20	.09	7.50
UTAH MOUNTAIN ALFALFA			
Same prices as Colorado Mountain Alfalfa.			
BALTIC ALFALFA			
Mile High .....	.40	.28	27.00
GRIMM ALFALFA (Certified)			
Mile High .....	.40	.30	29.00
GRIMM ALFALFA (Registered)			
Blue Tag (Mile High) .....	.35	.34	34.00
Yellow Tag (Mountaineer) .....	.31	.30	30.00

CLOVERS

	Not Prepaid		
	Per Lb.	10 to 50	Per 100
	Postpaid	Lbs.	Lbs.
SWEET CLOVER WHITE (Biennial)			
Mile High (Hulled)	\$0.20	\$0.10	\$9.00
Mountaineer (Hulled) .....	.20	.09	8.00
SWEET CLOVER, HUBAM (Annual)			
Mile High (Hulled) .....	.25	.16	15.00
Mountaineer (Hulled) .....	.30	.14	13.00
SWEET CLOVER, YELLOW (Biennial)			
Mile High (Hulled) .....	.20	.10	9.00
Mountaineer (Hulled) .....	.20	.09	8.00
CLOVER, MEDIUM RED			
Mile High .....	.35	.24	23.00
Mountaineer .....	.30	.22	20.50
CLOVER, MAMMOTHE RED			
Mile High .....	.40	.28	27.00
Mountaineer .....	.35	.26	25.00

	Not Prepaid		
	Per Lb.	10 to 50	Per 100
	Postpaid	Lbs.	Lbs.
CLOVER, WHITE DUTCH			
Mile High	\$0.55	\$0.46	\$45.00
Mountaineer .....	.55	.43	42.00
CLOVER, ALSIKE			
Mile High .....	.40	.28	27.00
Mountaineer .....	.35	.26	24.50

GRASSES

	Not Prepaid		
	Per Lb.	10 to 50	Per 100
	Postpaid	Lbs.	Lbs.
ALSIKE AND TIMOTHY MIXTURE			
Mile High	\$0.25	\$0.15	\$13.50
Mountaineer .....	.25	.13	12.00
MEADOW FESCUE (English Blue Grass)			
Mile High .....	.25	.17	16.00
Mountaineer .....	.25	.16	15.00
KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS			
Mile High .....	.55	.46	45.00
Mountaineer .....	.55	.45	44.00
BROME GRASS (Bromus Inermis)			
Mile High .....	.40	.24	22.00
Mountaineer .....	.40	.23	21.00
RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS			
Mile High	1.00	.90	
LAWN GRASS MIXTURE			
Mile High .....	.55	.46	45.00
ORCHARD GRASS			
Mile High .....	.35	.22	21.00
Mountaineer .....	.35	.21	20.50
RED TOP			
Mile High .....	.40	.29	28.00
Mountaineer .....	.40	.28	27.00
SUDAN GRASS			
Mile High .....	.20	.10	8.50
Mountaineer .....	.20	.09	8.00
TIMOTHY			
Mile High .....	.25	.13	11.50
Mountaineer .....	.25	.12	11.00
WESTERN RYE GRASS			
Mile High .....	.30	.18	16.50
Mountaineer .....	.30	.17	15.50

Prices on Quantity Lots are F. O. B. Grand Junction. If wanted by parcel post, add postage at zone rates. (See page 1).

PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURES

	Per Lb.	Not Prepaid 10 to 50 Lbs.	Per 100 Lbs.
Morton's Special, Irrigated	\$0.30	\$0.21	\$19.75
Morton's (Without Sweet Clover)	.35	.23	21.50
Dry Light Soil	.35	.24	23.00
High Altitude	.35	.22	21.00

MILLETS

Tennessee White Wonder	.20	.06	5.50
Japanese or Billion Dollar Grass	.20	.08	7.50
Golden or German	.20	.06	5.50
Siberian or Russian	.20	.06	5.50
Common	.20	.06	5.50
Hog or Broom Corn	.20	.04	3.50
Proso	.20	.05	4.25

ALKALI GRASSES

Australian Salt Bush	1.00	.90	
Western Rye Grass	.30	.18	16.50

GRAINS**BARLEY**

	Per Lb.	Not Prepaid 10 to 50 Lbs.	Per 100 Lbs.
Colless	\$0.20	\$0.03	\$2.25
White Hulless or Bald	.20	.03	2.25
Success Beardless	.20	.03	2.25
Trebi	.20	.03	2.25

BEANS, FIELD (Hand Picked)

Large White Navy	.20	.07	6.50
Mexican Pinto	.20	.06	5.50
Small Michigan Pea Navy	.20	.08	7.50

BUCKWHEAT

Japanese	.20	.06	5.50
Silverhull	.20	.06	5.50

CORN (Selected and Recleaned)

Australian White Flint	.20	.06	5.50
Northwestern Dent	.20	.06	5.50
Bloody Butcher	.20	.06	5.50
Swadley Dent	.20	.06	5.50
Minnesota No. 13	.20	.06	5.50
Colorado White Elephant	.20	.08	7.50
Iowa Gold Mine	.20	.06	5.50
Reid's Yellow Dent	.20	.06	5.50

CORN (Hand Picked Seed)

Australian White Flint	.20	.08	7.50
Northwestern Dent	.20	.08	7.50
Bloody Butcher	.20	.08	7.50
Swadley	.20	.08	7.50
Minnesota No. 13	.20	.08	7.50
Colorado White Elephant	.20	.08	7.50
Iowa Gold Mine	.20	.08	7.50
Reid's Yellow Dent	.20	.08	7.50

OATS

Colorado Side	.20	.03	2.25
Colorado No. 37	.20	.03	2.25
Victory	.20	.03	2.25
Abundance or New Market	.20	.03	2.25
Swedish Select	.20	.03	2.25
New Hulless	.20	.04	2.50

PEAS, FIELD

San Luis Valley	.20	.06	5.75
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RYE

Rosen	.20	.04	3.50
Winter	.20	.04	3.00
Spring	.20	.04	3.50

SPELTZ

Spring	.20	.04	3.00
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WHEAT

Marquis	.20	.03	2.50
Dicklow	.20	.03	2.50

FORAGE PLANTS

	Per Lb.	Not Prepaid 10 to 50 Lbs.	Per 100 Lbs.
FETERITA	\$0.20	\$0.06	\$5.50

KAFFIR CORN

Red	.20	.06	5.50
Dwarf Black Hull, White	.20	.06	5.50

MILO MAIZE, YELLOW

	.20	.06	5.50
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SUGAR CANE

Minn. Black Amber	.20	.05	4.25
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RAPE, DWARF ESSEX

	.25	.15	11.50
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SOLID ONION SETS—First Quality

	1 Lb.	4 Lbs.	8 Lbs.	32 Lbs.
	1 Qt.	4 Qts.	1 Pk.	1 Bu.
Bottom Sets, Red	\$0.20	\$0.65	\$1.20	\$3.75
Bottom Sets, White	.20	.70	1.30	4.25
Bottom Sets, Yellow	.20	.65	1.20	3.75
Mountain Danvers Sets	.20	.65	1.20	3.75

MOUNTAIN GROWN ONION PLANTS

By Prepaid Express			
Crystal Wax. Per crate of 6,000 plants			\$7.50
Sweet Spanish. Per crate of 6,000 plants			7.50

SEED POTATOES

	Per Lb.	Not Prepaid 10 to 50 Lbs.	Per 100 Lbs.
DRY LAND GROWN			
Irish Cobbler	\$0.20	\$0.03	\$ 2.50
Early Ohio	.20	.03	2.50

"ECONOMY" GUARANTEED FEEDS

	Per Lb.	Not Prepaid 25 Lbs.	50 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Baby Chick Buttermilk Mash	\$0.07	\$1.35	\$2.50	\$4.50
Baby Chick Scratch Feed	.05	.95	1.60	2.90
Growing Mash	.06	1.00	1.70	3.00
Egg Mash	.05	.90	1.55	2.75
Hen Scratch Feed	.05	.85	1.40	2.50
Oyster Shell, Baby Chick Size	.04	.65	1.10	1.75
Oyster Shell, Hen Size	.04	.55	.90	1.45
Calf Meal	.08	1.60	3.00	5.75
Dairy Feed	.05	.80	1.25	2.25

	Per Lb.	Not Prepaid 25 Lbs.	50 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Meat Scraps	\$0.07	\$1.10	\$2.15	\$4.00
Bone Meal for Poultry	.07	1.30	2.25	4.00
Cracked Bone	.07	1.30	2.25	4.00
Dried Buttermilk	.15	2.65	5.10	9.25
Charcoal, Baby Chick Size	.10	1.75	2.80	5.50
Charcoal, Hen Size	.10	1.75	2.80	5.50
Cottonseed Meal	.05	.80	1.45	2.55
Cotton Cake, Nut Size	.05	.80	1.45	2.55
Cottonseed Cake, Pea Size	.05	.90	1.50	2.65
Flaxseed Meal	.20	3.50	6.50	12.00
Granite Grit, Baby Chick Size	.04	.65	1.00	1.75
Granite Grit, Hen Size	.04	.60	.90	1.50
Kaffir Corn	.05	.95	1.60	2.75
Linseed Oil Meal	.08	1.35	2.25	3.85

DEAR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS

Please take a few minutes of your time to study this page

SEEDS THAT GROW—a statement we see very often and a very good one. But—merely to produce seeds that grow would be a very easy task; our aim and ambition is not only to produce seed that grows, but seed that will produce plants and vegetables of the very best flavor and perfect type. As we know only too well that we have customers from the **small kitchen gardener to the truck shipper**, and that each requires a variety to meet his particular need, because of this fact we have made a great effort to give a true description of our seed in order to help you select the variety best suited to your particular need. We spend a great deal of time and money every year breeding new varieties and improving old ones, we do not aim to offer any seed to our trade until its merit is proved to our satisfaction. Although our business has increased very fast, we realize that our only chance for a continued increase in our business is the results our customers get from our seeds. We find in checking our files that nearly all our new customers are those whose names were sent to us by satisfied old customers, and we wish to state here that we surely appreciate this service.

We should like to make this suggestion: When ordering your seed, check each item ordered in your catalog and watch the results. Then make this a basis for your order the following season.

One more point we wish to make is this—growing our seeds as we do at an altitude of 5,000 to 7,500 feet gives them vigor. Every year we receive a great many letters from very well satisfied customers in the southern, northern, and far eastern states, and even in Alaska.

SERVICE. After checking our orders for the past season, we found that ninety-one per cent of the orders received left our shipping room within twenty-four hours from the time they were received there, and that less than one per cent were lost or delayed in the mail.

As each variety has a number, we should appreciate very much your filling in these numbers on your order; and we should also appreciate very much your being careful to see that your name and address are on the order. In case of an error, or if you find any item that is not as you expected, please write us. You will find us only too willing to correct the error, as we know your confidence and friendship are our only hope of success.

IN ORDERING

IF POSSIBLE, USE OUR ORDER SHEET, filling out the blanks at the top. This will assist in the prompt filling of your order. Keep a copy of the order; in case of error, send in your copy and we will make prompt adjustment.

OUR TERMS are strictly cash with order. Remittance should be sent by postal or express money order, check, or registered mail to insure safe arrival. Small amounts may be sent in stamps.

PRICES on garden and flower seeds usually hold good throughout the Spring, we reserve the right to revise these prices after our present stocks are exhausted or late in the year.

PLEASE ORDER EARLY. Don't wait until some of our stocks are sold out, and you are rushed, and we are rushed. It's twice as hard to give satisfaction when everyone is in a hurry.

FIELD SEED AND FEED PRICES vary with the markets. If you are delayed in ordering, please send for a new price list.

MARKET GARDENERS AND LARGE PLANTERS should write for special prices on large quantities.

We sell our seeds and other goods with the understanding that if not found perfectly satisfactory they may immediately be returned at our expense and your money will be refunded.

Success in gardening and farming depends largely upon soil, cultivation and climatic conditions over which we have no control.

THE GRAND JUNCTION SEED COMPANY gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants it sells and will not be responsible for the crop.

If goods are not accepted on the above terms, notify us at once, and we will give instructions for disposition of goods.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY is well established; we invite you to refer to R. G. Dun & Co., Bradstreet's, the Produce Reporter Blue Book, our Postmaster, the U. S. Bank of Grand Junction, the Grand Valley National Bank of Grand Junction, or any bank in Western Colorado.

PARCEL POST RATES AND NOTES. We will not send Plants, Bulbs, or any perishable items

C. O. D. We will only ship seeds C. O. D. when double the amount of the transportation charges accompanies the order.

EXPRESS OR FREIGHT is often cheaper than parcel post. Unless you specify how to ship we will ship by whichever way we believe to be cheapest and best.

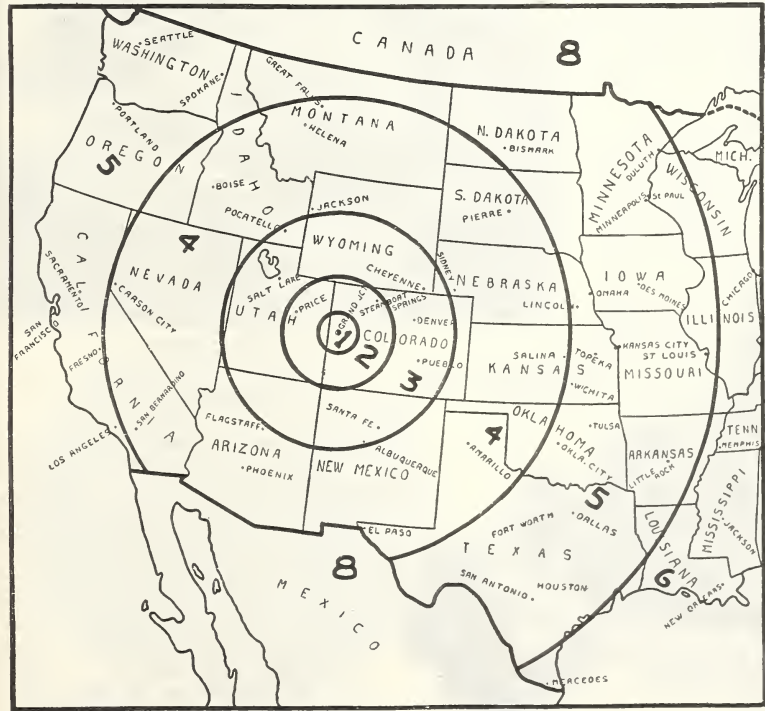
INSURANCE AND SAFE DELIVERY. We insure without extra charge and guarantee safe delivery of all seeds, whether shipped by mail, express or freight.

It is against the postal laws to ship poisons, such as **poisonous insecticides, Semesan, or any seeds treated with mercuric disinfectants** by mail. Please do not ask us to break the law.

PARCEL POST RATES	First pound or fraction	Each additional pound or fraction
Local	7c	$\frac{1}{2}$ c
1st Zone	7c	1c
2nd Zone	7c	1c
3rd Zone	8c	2c
4th Zone	8c	4c
5th Zone	9c	6c
6th Zone	10c	8c
7th Zone	12c	10c
8th Zone	13c	12c

Local rate applies to Grand Junction rural routes only.

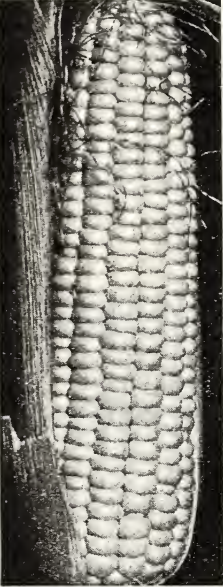
Limit of weight of each package for first three zones is 70 lbs. 4th to 8th zones 50 lbs. Do not forget to allow for weight of package, wrapping or bags.



NEW VARIETIES OF SPECIAL MERIT

Cabbage

366 Earliest of All. (75 days). The earliest round head Cabbage, earlier than Early Jersey Wakefield and two weeks earlier than any of the old standard round head varieties. Solid heads are smaller than Copenhagen Market and just right size for family use. The quality is fully equal to Copenhagen Market. The outer leaves are smaller, allowing of closer planting. In our trial plots almost every plant has produced a head, solid as lead and did not burst. We certainly recommend Earliest of All to the home gardener and the market gardener. **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 45c; oz, 65c; ¼ lb, \$1.90; 1b, \$6.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$25.00.**



Golden Gem Sweet Corn.

Sweet Corn

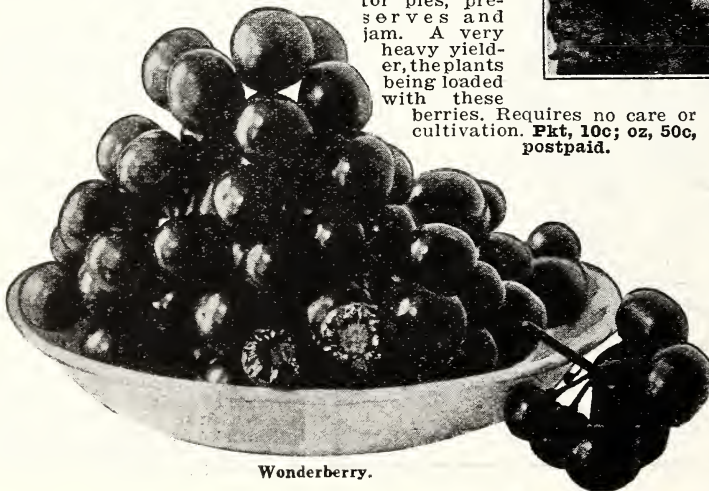
455 Golden Gem. (55 days). We have found this Corn to be at least ten days earlier than Golden Sunshine and of excellent flavor. The ear is about the size of the Golden Bantam; the stalks grow about 3½ to 4 feet high. Of course, it is not hard to understand what it

means to have Corn ready for the table or for market ten days ahead of the other fellow and still have a very desirable article for the market. Description—earlier than the earliest. Equal or superior in flavor to any of the Sweet Corns. Ears 6 to 8 inches long; stalks very dwarf. As our supply is very limited, we cannot offer in any larger quantities than those listed below. **Pkt, 15c; ½ lb, 40c, postpaid.**

790 Wonderberry

A wonderful, prolific plant of the tomato family. Very hardy; when once established the bushes will come up each year from odd seeds dropped on the ground. When ripe the berries are almost an inch in diameter, of shining black color. Fruit is non-edible until fully ripe but when ripe is wonderful for pies, preserves and jam. A very heavy yield-er, the plants being loaded with these

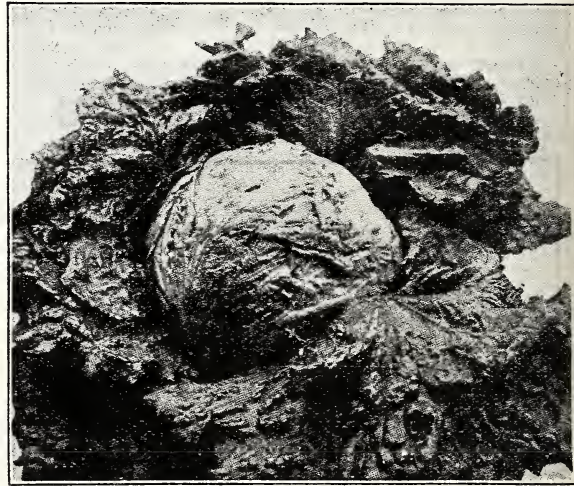
berries. Requires no care or cultivation. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 50c, postpaid.**



Wonderberry.



Earliest of All Cabbage.



Mile High Wonder Lettuce.

Lettuce

532 Mile High Wonder. (80 days). We are very proud, indeed, to offer our customers this new head Lettuce. Although it is of the New York type, it is far superior to any of the old varieties. We have never had a vegetable in our trial grounds that has given such pleasing results. A true description: A sure header even in hot weather; heads very solid, about 6 to 7 inches in diameter, and of excellent flavor. To do its best, should have a rich loam soil. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.10; 1b, \$3.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$14.00.**

Cantaloupe

418 Ward's Ideal. (80 days). A careful selection of the perfectly round, heavily netted, Rocky Ford type Cantaloupe. It has the very best flavor, being very sweet and delicious. It ripens clear to the skin. Ward's Ideal runs very uniform to standard size and with no pony melons. These Cantaloupes are perfectly round, have no ribs and have a very heavy netting, making them ideal for shippers. The Ideal has thick, orange flesh, free from stringiness, and a small seed cavity. Like all Cantaloupes it remains in good condition for a much longer time than Muskmelons; you do not have to be an expert to know when to pick Cantaloupes. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.00; 10 lbs, \$14.75; 25 lbs, \$32.50.**

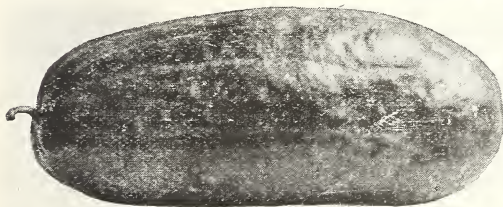


Ward's Ideal Cantaloupe.

Peas

587 Mile High Supreme. (55 days). The new Pea we are offering this year. Our trial grounds have proved these facts in regard to the Mile High Supreme: That it is the earliest, largest, best flavored, and last but not least, the easiest to gather and shell of any early Pea. **In a class by itself among early Peas.** A true description: Dwarf, growing about 14 inches high, large, deep green pods, 4 to 4½ inches long; 8 and 9 large peas to the pod, with very pleasing flavor. Perhaps will not stand quite as severe weather as the Alaska. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 30c; 1b, 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.65; 5 lbs, \$5.80; 100 lbs, \$20.80.**

Watermelon

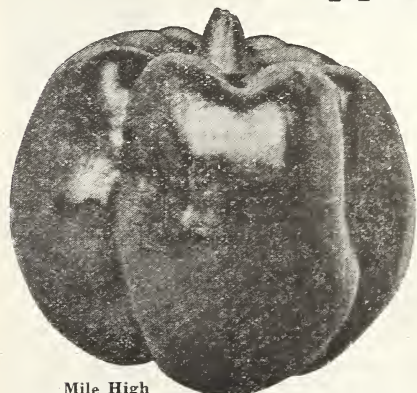


Rio Grande Watermelon.

752 Ward's Rio Grande. (70 days). An extremely early Melon and the finest, sweetest flavor of all the early Melons. You like Watermelons; you like them better if you can get them real early in the season. If this is what you

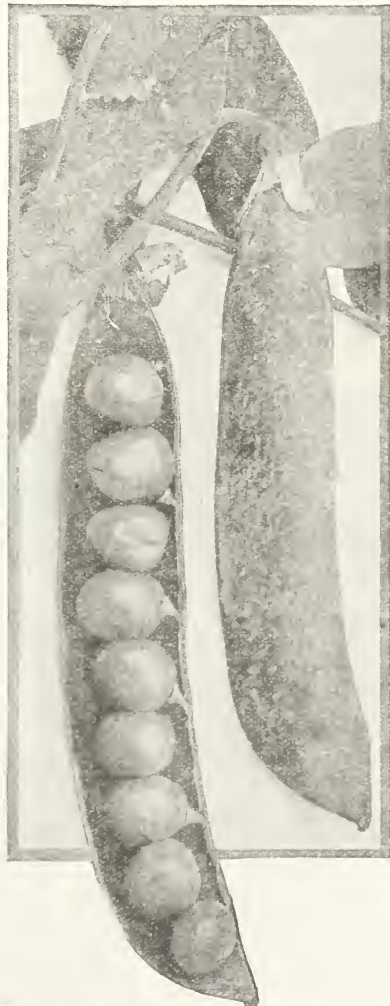
want in a watermelon we know you will like the Rio Grande. It is a long melon with a thin, dark green rind. It is too tender to stand shipping but it is ideal for home markets and for your garden. We have had several Rio Grande Melons weighing over 40 pounds. It is the best early watermelon we have ever grown. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.50; 10 lbs, \$12.50.**

Pepper



Mile High Sweet Giant Pepper.

625 Mile High Sweet Giant. (125 days). We are very glad to offer our customers this wonderful new pepper. Features as we see them from careful study of our trial grounds: Large as the largest; thicker meat; more peppers to the vine; sweeter, pleasing flavor all its own. Either green or ripe, an ideal pepper for stuffing. **Any Pepper to be at its best must be fresh from the garden.** As our supply of seed is very limited, we cannot offer this seed in larger quantities than ounces. **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 60c; oz, 90c, postpaid.**



Mile High Supreme Pea.

No. 1500 Mammoth Garden Collection Price \$1.60

(Please order all collections by number).

We have put a great deal of study on this collection to make it a perfect garden throughout the season, and have put in all our newest and best varieties. You will please notice that three of our feature varieties on pages two and three are listed in this collection. We wish to call your attention also to the fact that although there might be three or four items you would not need, you would still be saving money by getting this collection.

½ lb. Beans, Burpee's Stringless.....	\$0.25	1 pkt. Lettuce, Ward's Grand Rapids	\$0.10
1 pkt. Beans, Round Pod Kidney Wax.....	.10	1 pkt. Lettuce, Mile High Wonder .....	.10
1 oz. Beet, Canner's Favorite.....	.25	1 oz. Parsnips, Ward's Marrowfat .....	.10
1 pkt. Cantaloupe, Ward's Ideal.....	.10	½ lb. Peas, Mile High Supreme .....	.30
1 oz. Carrot, Improved Chantenay.....	.20	½ lb. Peas, Ward's Bestever .....	.30
½ lb. Sweet Corn, Golden Sunshine.....	.20	1 pkt. Radish, Vick's Scarlet Globe .....	.05
½ lb. Sweet Corn, Stowell's Evergreen.....	.15	1 oz. Radish, White Icicle .....	.10
1 pkt. Cucumber, Imp. Long Green.....	.05	1 oz. Spinach, Mountain Evergreen .....	.15
1 pkt. Cucumber, Prolific Gem Pickling.....	.10	1 pkt. Watermelon, Ward's Rio Grande .....	.10

TOTAL VALUE, \$2.70.

Bargain Price, \$1.60, postpaid



Davis White Wax Beans.

Mountain Grown Seed Beans

Free from fungous growth, this seed comes to you plump, clean and healthy. Grown in our rigorous mountain valleys on rich mountain soil and with clear irrigation water supplied at the proper time to develop healthy seed. All seed fields are carefully gone over, any off-type plants pulled out and destroyed. This is, indeed, seed for the particular planter.

Culture. One pound to 100 feet of row; 35 to 40 pounds per acre.

Beans are among the comparatively few vegetables that yield well on even poor soil, although greatest crops are gathered in moderately rich loam. Sow, after the ground is quite warm, in rows not less than 18 inches apart. Plant the seeds three inches apart, and 1½ inches deep. Never walk between the rows or attempt to cultivate them or to gather the crop while the vines are wet, as this will spread rust.

Wax or Yellow Podded Beans

The Wax-Podded varieties have a buttery flavor which the Green-Podded do not have, but usually people tire of the Wax varieties sooner than the green pod; to many the Wax pods have a more attractive appearance.

284 Improved Golden Wax. (53 days). A real early, stringless type that is indeed a favorite for the home garden. Superior quality, flat, straight pods, 4 inches long. Light colored vines grow 10 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**

280 Currie's Rust-Proof Black Wax. (55 days). Early, hardy and practically rust-proof. Attractive appearing light yellow pods, 5½ inches long, flat and straight. Popular market variety, not stringless. Dark vines, 13 inches high. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**

283 Sure Crop Black Wax. (57 days). Vigorous grower, stringless and rust-proof. A prolific cropper with deep yellow pods 6½ inches long, flat and straight. Popular for market and as a second early home garden variety. Dark, vigorous vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**

287 Davis White Wax. (52 days). An extremely early variety. Very popular market variety, because of the attractive light yellow or almost white pods. Pods 6 inches long, flat and straight, not stringless. Dark vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**

281 Round Pod Kidney Wax or Brittle Wax. (59 days). A Bean of superb quality and surprisingly productive. Pods are very tender, entirely stringless and meaty; well suited to all purposes, home gardens, markets and the finest Wax Pod Bean for canning. Deep yellow, stringless pods, 5 inches long, round and slightly curved. Dark vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**

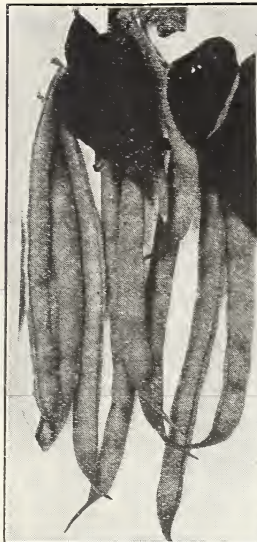
286 Pencil Pod Black Wax. (59 days). Stringless, thick, meaty pods; an excellent second early variety for home garden or market. A vigorous growing and productive sort. Deep yellow, round pods are 6 inches long, round, slightly curved. Pods are fine quality and entirely stringless. Dark, vigorous vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**



Round Pod Kidney Wax Beans.



Pencil Pod Black Wax Beans.



Giant Stringless Beans.

Dwarf Green Pod Beans

What is more delicious than fresh, brittle, stringless Beans right from your own garden? And don't fail to plant some Beans this year to can. They can be planted late, taking the place of some early crop. Canned Beans taste as good as fresh ones and will certainly help out on the table next Winter.

Green Podded Beans are as a rule more productive than the Wax or Yellow Podded varieties, besides being less susceptible to unfavorable conditions of soil and climate.

266 Burpee's Stringless. (53 days). Very early variety with handsome, thick, tender, stringless pods. An all-purpose bean, a favorite in home gardens, on the market, or for canning. A strong grower. Excellent quality, round pods, 5 inches long, slightly curved, stringless and a good green color. Vigorous, dark green vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.30; 25 lbs, \$5.25.**

267 Giant Stringless. (55 days). Larger than Burpee's Stringless and of the same fine quality. Early, hardy and productive. Widely used as a market variety, coming into popularity for the home garden, and one of the very finest canning varieties. The pods are so thick and meaty as to be saddle-backed, not of quite as pretty appearance, as the pods indent around the seeds. Light green pods, 6 inches long, round, nearly straight and entirely stringless. Light green vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.50.**

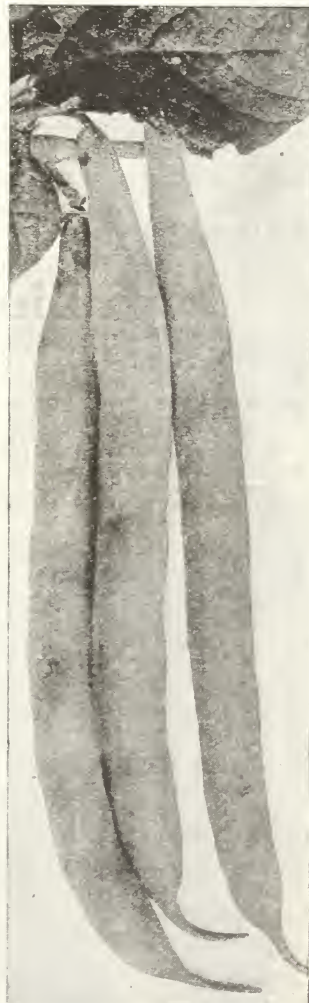
261 Bountiful Stringless. (55 days). Early, remarkably productive and fine, around the seeds. Light green pods, 6 inches long, round, nearly straight long, high quality stringless pods. A new variety which has already found favor with market gardeners and will soon be popular in home gardens. Bears for a long season and is often called a continuous bearer. Pods are thick, very uniform in shape, solid and meaty. Semi-round pods, 7½ inches long, straight, stringless, and a good green color. Light colored vines 15 inches high. The seed supply of this variety is very limited. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.30; 25 lbs, \$5.25.**

264 Full Measure. (58 days). A new, high quality, stringless bean. A second early, all-purpose variety; for home gardens or market and one of the best canning varieties. Tender, dark green pods, 6 inches long, round and crease-backed, nearly straight and quite stringless. Coarse, dark green vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs., \$5.50.**

271 Black Valentine. (53 days). An extra early variety of beautiful appearance and a favorite market sort. Slender, straight pods, 5½ inches long, nearly round, good green color, fine quality but stringy. Dark green vines, 13 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.25.**

270 Improved Early Red Valentine. (55 days). Extremely attractive appearance has long made this a favorite market sort. Fine green color and when picked at the proper time they are tender and fine flavored, but when older they become stringy. Straight, nearly round pods, 5¼ inches long. Dark vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$5.25.**

265 Refugee, or 1000 to 1. (77 days). A strong grower and the most productive of all dwarf varieties. Good quality but somewhat stringy. Used mainly for canning. Light green pods, 5½ inches long, round and slightly curved. Robust, dark green vines, 15 inches high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.20; 25 lbs, \$4.75.**



Bountiful Stringless Beans.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES RECOMMEND MOUNTAIN GROWN SEED BEANS BECAUSE OF THEIR FREEDOM FROM FUNGUS DISEASES.

Pole Beans

When properly staked up Pole Beans require less room than the bush varieties. Hence they are largely used for small gardens, where the space is limited. Pole Beans are much heavier yielders than the bush varieties, and Ward's Prolific is by far the heaviest yielder of all.

Culture. Set poles 4 feet apart each way, and plant 6 beans around each pole. One pound to 75 hills.



Kentucky Wonder.

295 Kentucky Wonder, Old Homestead. (78 days).

Early, productive variety for home gardens, markets and canning. Good green pods, 9 inches long, curved and nearly round. Good quality when young; has some string when fully grown. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.30; 25 lbs, \$4.50.**

292 White Seed Kentucky Wonder. (78 days). Similar

in growth to the Kentucky Wonder, but the pods are long, straight, and entirely stringless. The white beans are also fine for Winter use. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$4.75.**

300 Ward's Prolific. The heaviest yielding bean grown.

Enormous vines, hills should be 4 feet apart and well supported to attain a full growth. Should be planted early, once they commence to bear the vines will be loaded until frost. The medium sized green pods are stringless and tender, making an excellent snap bean, with a delightful, distinct flavor. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.60.**

297 Lazy Wife. (78 days). A heavy yielding main crop

green snap bean. The pods, borne in large clusters, are thick, fleshy and stringless. The dry white beans are excellent for Winter use. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.30; 25 lbs, \$4.75.**

294 Grand Valley White Egg. (82 days). Sometimes

known as the Mountain Lima, because of the large, thick pods. The vines make an enormous growth and are literally covered with pods very early in the season. The pure white oval-shaped seeds are five times the size of the common Navy Bean. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50.**

296 Kentucky Wonder Wax. (76 days). A heavy yielding wax

podded pole bean, for home or market gardens. Curved, yellow, flat pods grow 10 inches long, meaty and of good flavor, but show strings. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.60; 25 lbs, \$5.25.**

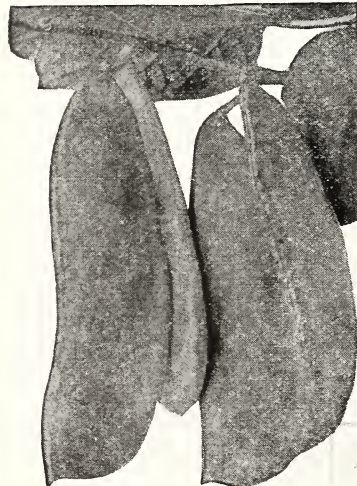
299 Scarlet Runner. Of quick growth, bearing large and showy sprays of bright scarlet flowers. The pods are tender and tasty while young. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.60.**

Lima Beans

One pound to 75 hills. Plant after the weather has become real warm. Do not cover too deeply. When irrigation is available, it is best to make a crease and run the water through first, then sow the beans in the crease and cover with dry soil.

320 Henderson's Bush. (65 days). The Baby Lima or Butter Bean. Matures in all localities. Very productive and a sure cropper. Beans and pods are small. Tender and buttery flavor. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.40; 25 lbs, \$4.75.**

315 Burpee's Bush. (90 days). An immense yielder, the original type of dwarf large-seeded Lima. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.90; 25 lbs, \$6.50.**



Henderson's Bush Lima.

316 Burpee's Improved Bush. (82 days).

Larger than Burpee's Bush and thicker pods. Plants grow 30 inches high and pods measure 5 to 6 inches long. Excellent flavor. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.00; 25 lbs, \$6.75.**

317 Fordhook Bush. (80 days). The most

popular of all Bush Limas. Pods 5 inches long crowded with 4 to 5 very thick beans of excellent quality. The stiffly erect bushes branch freely and bear tremendous crops. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 35c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.75; 25 lbs, \$8.50.**

308 Sieva Pole. (70 days). Carolina or

Butter Bean. Early, hardy and productive. Pods and beans small. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.70; 25 lbs, \$6.25.**

309 Early Leviathan Pole. (80 days).

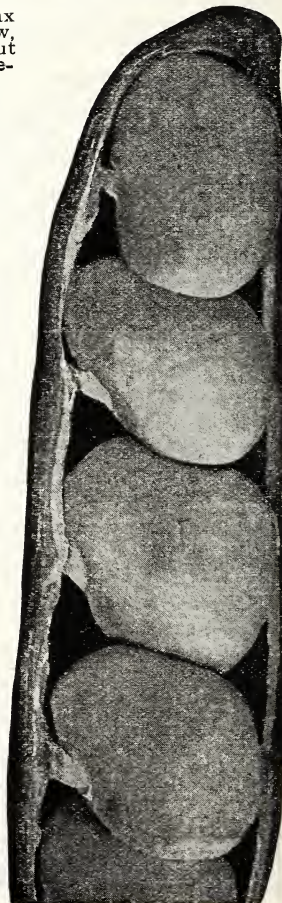
An early and productive strain of the large-seeded Pole Lima. Long pods contain 3 to 5 large beans. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.00; 25 lbs, \$6.50.**

311 King of the Garden. (92 days). Uni-

formly large podded. Pods contains 4 to 5 large, flat beans. Excellent quality. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.00; 25 lbs, \$6.50.**



Miss Merle Bingham,
Vernal, Utah.



Fordhook Bush Lima.

Mangels or Stock Beets

Mangels yield more tons of feed per acre than any other crop, often yielding 18 to 20 tons of roots per acre, some of the roots weighing 20 to 30 lbs. each.

They should be fed regularly to all stock. They not only increase milk production in dairy cows, but tend to promote the development of large, robust, fleshy animals that bring profit to the stockman, not only on the market, but also in the show ring. Their value really lies as much in their influence on the digestion of the animals by acting as a tonic and laxative, as on their nutriment content. In the East and in Europe Mangels are considered indispensable where stock of any kind is kept. With our long Mountain winters, the feeding of Mangels shows very profitable returns.

During the Winter, when there is no green feed to be had, Mangels are a very good substitute. Chickens thrive on them, and hens lay in the Winter months when the price of eggs is high.

Mangels are one of the cheapest crops to raise. We strongly recommend every farmer to put in an acre or two this season, as we are confident the results will more than justify the outlay.

Culture—One ounce to 100 feet of row, 5 to 6 pounds per acre.

Sow in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart; when about three inches high, thin to 10 inches apart in the rows. Mangels do best on rich, deep loam, but can be grown on a variety of soils. Mangels are one of the best crops for Alkali soils, usually giving fair returns, and improving the ground greatly.

Mangels will stand a slight frost, but freezing will injure them and lead to rotting. At the approach of frost, cut and feed the tops. Pile the roots in a root cellar if possible. If piled outdoors, cover them with straw and about one inch of dirt. As it gets colder, put on more dirt until a cover of about 6 inches is made. Mangels may be fed whole to hogs and poultry, but should be cut for cattle.

345 Dairy Giant Mangel. (90 days). This heavy yielding Mangel has a greater food value than any other variety. Because of its heavy milk and butterfat making qualities this Mangel is especially recommended to the dairyman. Dairy Giant is a long reddish yellow variety with a small top; the flesh is white, firm and sweet. Grows half above the ground and is easily harvested. Oz, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 25c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$5.50; 25 lbs, \$14.75; 100 lbs., \$49.00.

346 Prize Mammoth Mangel. (100 days). Selected for its enormous yield, Prize Mammoth has given on good soil as high as 40 tons per acre. It is one of the easiest varieties to harvest as it grows two-thirds of the root above the ground. The large red roots are free from coarseness and excellent keepers. Oz, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 25c; 1b, 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$5.50; 25 lbs, \$14.75; 100 lbs, \$49.00.

341 Golden Tankard. (100 days). Does well on shallow soils; a medium sized variety of excellent quality. Oz, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 15c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$4.50; 25 lbs, \$11.00; 100 lbs, \$42.00.

340 Giant Eckendorf. (105 days). Good on shallow soils, growing almost on top of the ground. Fair size and good quality. Oz, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 15c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$4.50; 25 lbs, \$11.00; 100 lbs, \$42.00.

339 Danish Sludstrup. (110 days). The Danish Government's choice for quality, and a good yielder. Oz, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 15c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$4.50; 25 lbs, \$11.00; 100 lbs, \$42.00.

342 Long Red. (120 days). Produces immense crops; flesh white, shaded red. Oz, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 20c; 1b, 55c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$5.00; 25 lbs, \$11.75; 100 lbs, \$45.00.

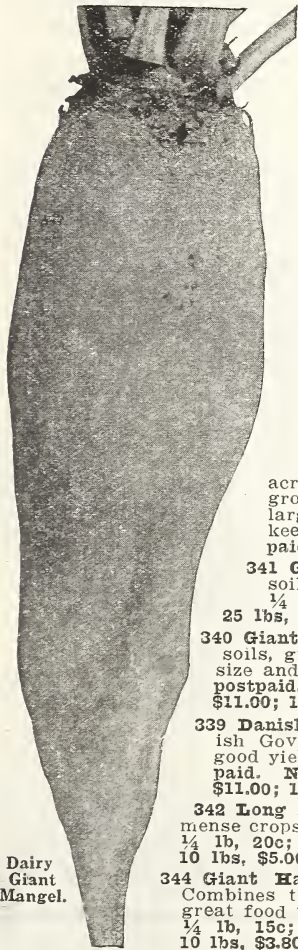
344 Giant Half Sugar Mangel. (100 days). Combines the size of the Mangel with the great food value of the Sugar Beet. Oz, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 15c; 1b, 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.80; 25 lbs, \$9.00; 100 lbs, \$34.00.

For Making Sugar, or Feeding

347 Klein Wanzleben Sugar Beet. (75 days). Extensively grown for sugar factories, having the highest sugar content. A good home made syrup can be made by slicing and boiling down these beets. This variety is the finest Winter feed for sheep. Comparatively small and can be grown 5 inches apart in the rows. Oz, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 20c; 1b, 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.35; 25 lbs, \$7.85; 100 lbs, \$29.50.



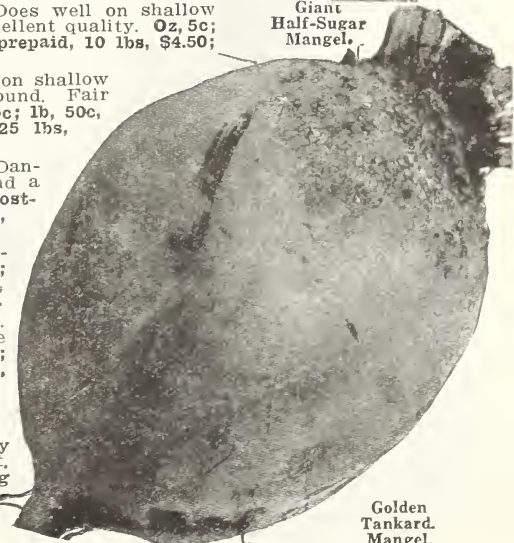
Prize
Mammoth
Mangel



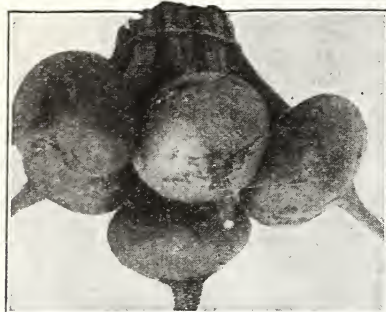
Dairy
Giant
Mangel.



Giant
Half-Sugar
Mangel.



Golden
Tankard.
Mangel.



Extra Early Egyptian.



Selecting Beets for Seed.

Garden Beets

Beets are one of the easiest crops to grow and at the same time among the finest vegetables. They may be cooked and sliced for salads; buttered Beets are delicious; and a few jars of pickled Beets will be a treat in the Winter. Beets are not only tasty but health-giving, containing mineral salts, chlorine, sodium and iron.

Beets are a valuable crop for the commercial gardener, shipper and canner. Our Market Gardeners' Strain of Crosby's Egyptian, our Early Wonder and our Canner's Favorite are specially bred up strains, recommended not only to the commercial grower but also to the home gardener who likes his garden just a little better. We do not offer any imported Beet seed, it is now recognized that American strains of Beets are much more carefully bred than European strains.

Culture. One ounce to 50 feet of drill; 5 to 7 lbs. per acre.

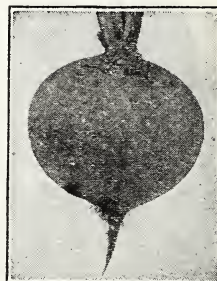
To get the greatest pleasure out of Beets they should be used while quite young. To have a constant supply of always tender young Beets in your home garden, sow a 15-foot row every week or two, from as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked until the middle of July.

Beets may be readily grown in any soil, but the finest Beets are grown in a deep, rich loam. Sow in

rows 18 to 24 inches apart, cover the seed with about one-half inch of soil and firm the soil around the seed by walking along the rows. When the Beets are about 4 inches high thin them to 3 or 4 inches apart. In thinning the young plants are usually used for greens. Both top and small root are cooked together, and with a little seasoning, they are delicious.

For Winter use, make a large sowing in mid-summer. Before frost, harvest and pack them in sand in the cellar and you will have fresh Beets far into the winter. In harvesting do not cut the tops too close.

327 Detroit Dark Red. (55 days). Roots round and medium size, good deep red color. An old time standard for home gardens, market or canners. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**



Detroit Dark Red.

330 Extra Early Egyptian. (42 days). One of the earliest Beets. The color of the flesh is a dark purplish red zoned with a lighter red shade. Roots are rounded on top but flat on bottom ends. Small tap root and sparse foliage make this variety suitable for forcing. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**

334 Canner's Favorite. (55 days). Round, dark red, ideal for canning. The result of several years' selection from the Detroit Dark Red. This is the very finest variety for canning. The roots are a deep globe shape, very smooth and uniform. The color is a true dark red, showing, only slightly, zones of a lighter red shade. The flesh is tender and decidedly sweet, without any trace of woodiness or stringiness. While primarily a canning variety, Canner's Favorite is excellent for the main crop in your garden. The rich dark red color makes an attractive dish on your table. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; 1/4 lb, 70c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.75; 25 lbs, \$31.00.**

324 Early Wonder or Early Model. (45 days). A fine selection from Crosby's Egyptian, being a little smaller in size. Average more full at the bottom and come a little earlier. The demand for Early Wonder is growing each year. It is a turnip-shaped variety of very uniform type and is always smooth. Flesh is a beautiful deep red color, more uniform than Crosby, and is of excellent quality. Tops are small and erect and it may, therefore, be planted closer than most other sorts, thereby increasing the yield. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**

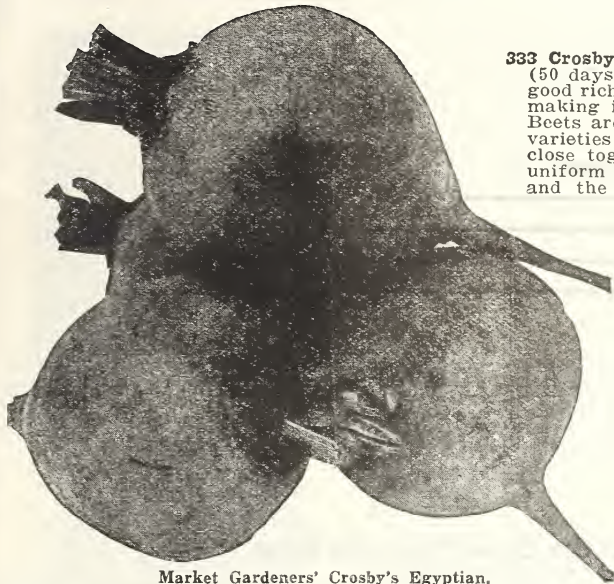


Early Wonder Beets.

Mr. Market Gardener:

We should be very glad to send quotations on large quantities of any seed listed in this catalog. There are a great many market gardeners in all parts of the United States using and praising Mile High Seeds.

BEETS—Continued.



Market Gardeners' Crosby's Egyptian.

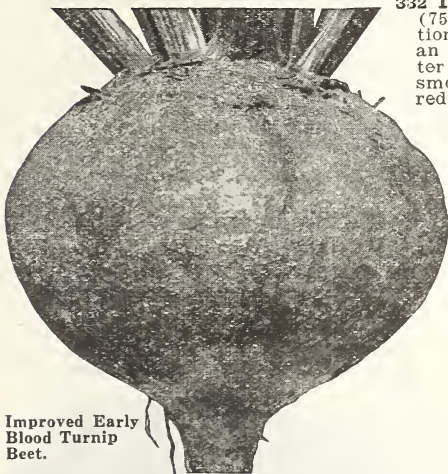
333 Crosby's Egyptian (Special Market Gardeners' Strain). (50 days). Very early, good size, fine deep turnip shape, good rich red color. Takes on its turnip shape very early, making it an excellent market variety, especially where Beets are sold in bunches. One of the heaviest yielding varieties; the Beets have small tops and can be grown close together in the rows. The special strain is very uniform in both shape and color. The skin is a dark red and the flesh slightly lighter in color. Shows a fine bright red color when cooked and has an excellent flavor. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50; 25 lbs, \$23.50.**

326 Crosby's Egyptian. (50 days). Probably the most widely used of all varieties of Beets. Early, good size and good yield. A favored variety both for home garden and shipping. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**

329 Edmand's Blood Turnip. (65 days). A second early variety and quite uniform in type. It may be kept in perfect condition throughout the Winter. Tops are small and erect, allowing close growing and a large yield. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**

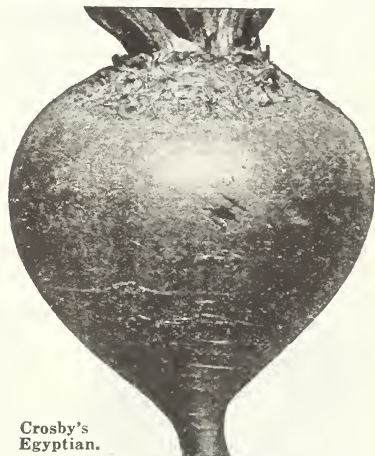
331 Early Eclipse. (50 days). An old favorite; smooth bright red roots, round or slightly top-shaped. The flesh is bright red, zoned with pink. Very sweet, crisp and tender when young. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**

328 Improved Early Blood Turnip. (65 days). A medium early variety, good for Summer or Winter use. Roots grow to a good marketable size; flesh is deep red and of good quality. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00 postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.**



Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet.

332 Improved Half-Long Blood. (75 days). Grows to exceptional size on good deep soil, an excellent variety for Winter storage. Roots are long, smooth and uniform, blackish red color. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00; 25 lbs, \$15.50.**



Crosby's Egyptian.

Swiss Chard (Spinach Beet)

Keep Fit—Eat Plenty of Swiss Chard.

An easily grown Beet which forms no roots, but makes big tops. After once having used Swiss Chard for greens, we believe your garden will always have at least a row, for the fleshy leaves are so tender and delicious. Not only are the leaves an excellent substitute for spinach, but the large white ribs may be boiled and creamed like asparagus. Swiss Chard is a very hardy plant, it may be sown early and will yield until late Fall.

One ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4 lbs. per acre.

336 Large Ribbed White. Large, smooth leaves with silvery white stems; tender and fine flavor. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00.**

337 Giant Lucullus. A new savoyed leaf sort, with very large leaves. Tall growth, extra fine quality. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25.**

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE \$1.10?

Look over our Mammoth Garden Collection on page four. All the very best varieties, in quantities to make a fine garden. This collection would make a very nice present to some friend who does not know the pleasure of a MILE HIGH GARDEN.



Edmand's Blood Turnip Beet.



Large Ribbed White Swiss Chard

1922 _____
 1923 _____
 1924 _____
 1925 _____
 1926 _____
 1927 _____
 1928 _____
 1929 _____
 1930 _____

Friends and Customers:

Just a little information in regard to the Grand Junction Seed Company. The company was reorganized in 1922, the present officers taking over the management at that time. The lines shown here present a truthful comparison of the growth of our company from 1922 to 1930, from a little local company to a company selling seed in every state in the Union and several foreign countries. We sincerely believe that the loyalty of our customers has been responsible for this growth, as they have told friends and neighbors about Mile High Seeds and sent us their friends' names for our mailing list (perhaps some of them from a far distant state). To show that we appreciate this loyalty, we are continually improving our seeds and service.

Choice Cabbage

American Cabbage Seed Now the Best

For Cabbage Plants, see page 46.

Before the war, European Cabbage seed was used almost exclusively for planting in this country. During the war, with the European supply cut off, American growers began to grow Cabbage seed and they found they could grow even better seed than the European growers. Today the better class of American growers are producing an excellent quality of seed.

We supply some of the largest growers in the shipping sections with their Cabbage seed, so you can be assured that the quality of our Cabbage seed is the finest obtainable. "Don't forget that cheap seed is usually the most expensive in the long run."

Culture. One ounce produces 2000 plants; 4 to 6 ounces per acre. For early crop sow seed in hotbed in early Spring, transplant once before setting out. For Winter use sow in beds outside about June 1st. In transplanting one-third of the upper portion of leaves should be cut off to prevent too rapid evaporation of water through leaves. Plants should be set in rows 2½ feet apart, plants 15 to 30 inches apart in rows. Give the crop shallow cultivation as frequently as possible. For Winter use, remove stems and outer leaves, and store the Cabbage heads in a cool cellar. To store in outdoor pits, set entire plants closely in a shallow trench and cover with straw and soil.



Copenhagen Market Cabbage.

366 Earliest of All. (75 days). The earliest round head Cabbage, earlier than Early Jersey Wakefield and two weeks earlier than any of the old standard round head varieties. Solid heads are smaller than Copenhagen Market and just right for family use. The quality is fully equal to Copenhagen Market. The outer leaves are smaller, allowing of closer planting. In our trial plots almost every plant has produced a head, solid as lead and did not burst. We certainly recommend Earliest of All to the home gardener and the market gardener. **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 45c; oz, 65c; ¼ lb, \$1.90; 1b, \$6.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$25.00.**

365 Golden Acre. (80 days). Our strain of Earliest of All is a finer selection of this standard variety. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 60c; ¼ lb, \$1.15; 1b, \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$18.75.**

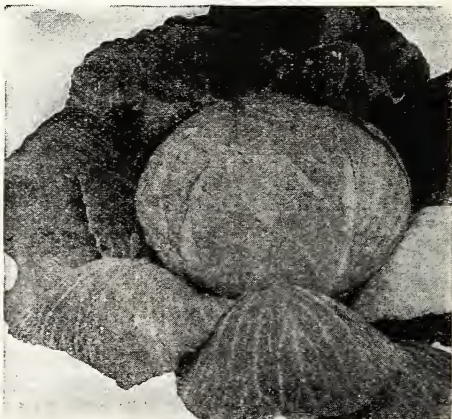
352 Copenhagen Market. (90 days). Large, solid, round heads of a perfectly even type. A variety of real value to the shipper and market gardener. Widely used in the higher mountain sections where it produces heads of exceptionally large size. Each plant forms a perfect, tightly folded head with a small core. Practically as early as the pointed Early Jersey Wakefield and a much heavier yielder. Extra selected market gardener's stock. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.15; 1b, \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$14.00.**

355 Glory of Enkhuizen. (100 days). A very heavy yielding variety, similar in many ways to Copenhagen Market, but a larger Cabbage and a little later. In our trial ground tests we have found Glory to be the solidest, tenderest and finest flavor of all early Cabbages. A sure header and a splendid keeper. Remarkably uniform as to type and size. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 80c; 1b, \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$13.25.**

358 Stein's Early Flat Dutch. (100 days). Excellent second-early variety, producing fine large heads. Highly valued for its fine quality and ability to resist heat. Heads are round, flattened on top, measure 13 inches across and weigh from 10 to 12 pounds each. A favorite kind with many market growers. A dependable variety and very productive. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 80c; 1b, \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$9.00.**

364 Succession. As the name indicates it does not all head up at once, making it well suited to home gardens. Will stand hot sun and dry weather better than most varieties. Heads large and somewhat flattened. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, 80c; 1b, \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$9.00.**

361 All Head Early. (105 days). One of the earliest large Cabbages. A flat Dutch type of compact growth and heavy yield. Larger than Stein's Flat Dutch and a little later. Remarkably uniform size and shape. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, 85c; 1b, \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$9.00.**

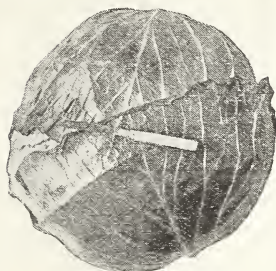


Glory of Enkhuizen Cabbage.

CABBAGE—Continued.



Hollander Cabbage.



Mountain Ballhead.

370 Premium Late Flat Dutch. (150 days). Heads are large, very solid and compact. A heavy yielder and fine keeper. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 80c; 1b, \$2.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$10.25.**

373 Mountain Ballhead, Short Stem. (140 days). The secret of the increased tonnage of this strain lies in the selection for hard, tight heads which weigh one-third more than ordinary heads of equal size. It has unusual keeping qualities, due partly to an unusual lap-over of the leaf, a very desirable feature for late storage. This is our finest variety for Winter storage. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.60; 1b, \$5.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$23.00.**

368 Danish Round Head, Short Stem. (150 days). Produces large, ball-shaped heads of great solidity. Desirable because of its intensely deep color. Excellent keeper. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$14.50.**

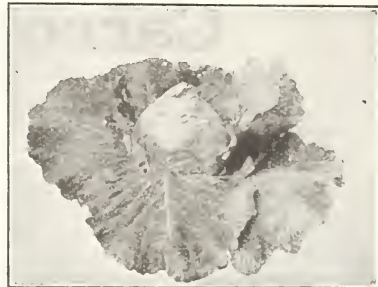


Wong Bok Chinese Cabbage.

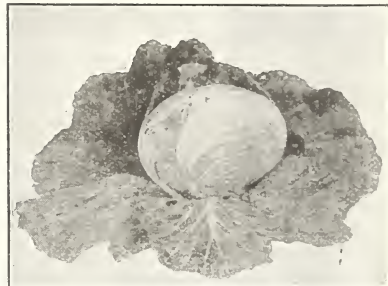
Chinese Cabbage

Also known as Celery Cabbage; has a fine delicate flavor, as tender as head lettuce. In great demand for numerous dishes, such as salads and cold slaw, or it may be cooked quickly. It cannot be grown successfully as a Spring crop where the Summers are hot. For a fine Fall crop, sow early in August.

376 Wong Bok. The heads of this variety are short and heavy. It has beautifully curled leaves of fine quality and is a sure header. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.70, postpaid.**



Early Jersey Wakefield.



All Head Early.

359 Charleston or Large Wakefield. (85 days). A selection from Early Jersey Wakefield, producing a larger and more solid head. Charleston Wakefield is more uniform in type and a much better shipping variety. A heavy yielder and of fine quality. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$10.50.**

371 Surehead. (120 days). A sure header of the flat Dutch type. Heads very large and extra solid. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.00.**

372 Large Late Drumhead. (130 days). An excellent Winter keeping variety. Heads large, solid, flat but very deep. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.10; 1b, \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$14.00.**

369 Hollander or Danish Ballhead. (160 days). A strain which we have been offering for a number of years and which has given the finest satisfaction to mountain Cabbage shippers. This is the finest strain of the tall or medium stem Ballhead obtainable. Ball-shaped heads are exceptionally heavy and never burst. It is sweet, crisp and tender in flavor. Adapts itself readily and grows well on all soils. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.00; 1b, \$3.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$13.25.**

377 Perfection Drumhead Savoy. (120 days). The heavily curled, crimped and savoyed leaves and dark green heads, which are uniformly well formed and solid, will give this Cabbage first consideration on any market. Flavor improved by frost. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$11.75.**

374 Mammoth Red Rock. (130 days). Heads grow as large as Premium Flat Dutch. Hard, solid heads are a fine rich, deep red color to the center. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.20; 1b, \$3.75; postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$15.25.**



Perfection Drumhead Savoy.

Carrots

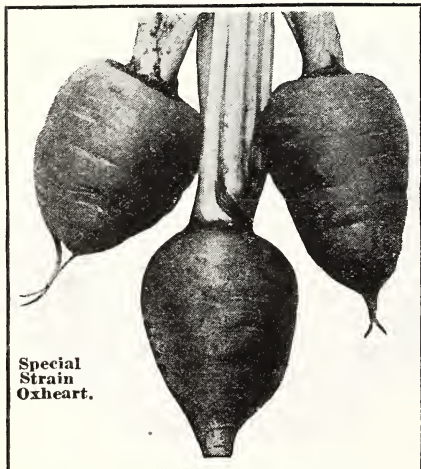
Carrots are not alone one of the most wholesome of foods, supplying precious vitamins, but when half grown are one of the greatest delicacies possible to place on the table. Carrots are so easy to grow, may be used in so many ways, and keep so well in the cellar during the Winter that every home garden should have at least a few rows. As a commercial shipping crop, Carrots have brought big returns per acre. The important feature in a shipping crop is to have the Carrots an even, uniform type. Prior to 1914 the finest Carrot seed came from France, since that date the big improvements in selecting and breeding of Carrots have been made in this country. There is now a wide difference in American and European Carrot seed. We do not offer any European Carrot seed.



Chantenay.



Earliest French Forcing.



Special Strain Oxheart.

The important shipping varieties of Carrots are grown on our own farms, the roots are carefully sorted and selected each year to maintain an even and close-to-perfect type. Any roots even slightly off-type are sold to the grocery trade and only the perfect Carrots planted for seed. The picture on the front cover shows one of our Carrot seed fields in bloom. The arduous, but most necessary, work of careful root selection has been done and the crop is almost ready to harvest and distribute to our customers.

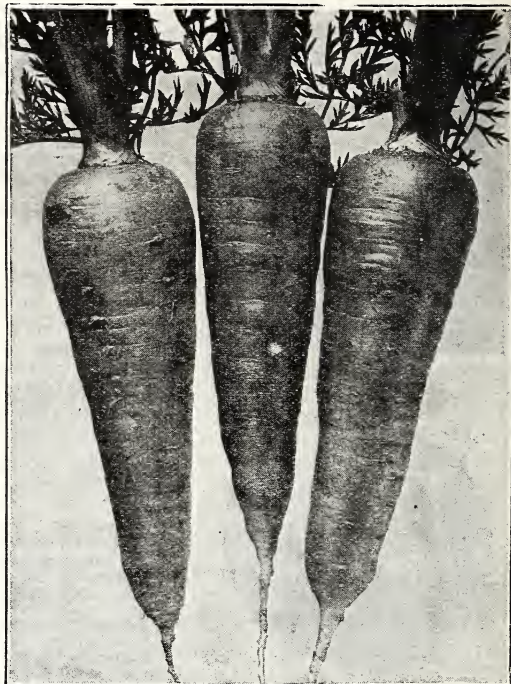
Culture. One ounce to 200 feet of row; 4 to 6 pounds per acre. Any good soil will grow Carrots. Well grown and perfect roots develop only in rich, loose soil, preferably sandy loam, or even clear sand when well fertilized and kept moist. In rich, loose soil no thinning is necessary except for the purpose of getting large, perfectly formed Carrots. Tonnage, represented by a large product, is produced by planting thick, keeping the weeds out and the land cultivated, well drained, moist but not too wet. The flavor and tenderness of table varieties is secured by quick, unchecked growth. In hot weather a light covering of straw will assist germination; the straw must be removed when the sprouts begin to appear. For Winter use store Carrots in slightly moist sand or sandy soil in a root cellar.

380 Earliest French Forcing. (45 days). The earliest variety, roots are almost globular when forced, but slightly longer when grown outdoors. The tops are quite small, allowing of close planting. The color is orange-scarlet and a trifle lighter than most other orange-scarlet varieties. Extra fine quality Carrots average 1½ inches in diameter. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25.**

387 Special Strain Oxheart. (55 days). A special selected strain of this important variety. While the full grown Carrot is very stump-rooted, when young the bottom is not flat and even promises to be pointed rooted. The roots take on a desirable shape when quite young and are excellent for early bunch Carrots. Oxheart is a heavy cropper having a large amount of edible flesh to the root. Full grown roots are 5½ to 6 inches long, 3½ inches thick at the top and 2 inches thick at the bottom. The color is a bright orange-scarlet. Being short and nearly globular, the Carrots can be easily harvested. The core is rather large and if grown with too much moisture this variety will split. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 25 lbs, \$17.75.**

382 Oxheart or Guerande. (55 days). **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; lb, 95c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00; 25 lbs, \$15.75.**

388 Improved Chantenay. (60 days). This improved type was developed mainly for canning. The core, which was rather large and definite, has been made smaller, a darker color and more tender, so that the core is not now noticeable. The whole color of the improved type is darker, being a deep orange-scarlet. Chantenay is a shapely variety, fine appearance and excellent quality. In size between the Oxheart and Danvers, full grown roots are 5½ inches long, 2½ inches thick at the crown and 1½ inches thick at the bottom, half long and very stump-rooted. The top is small and set in a slight depression. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 55c; lb, \$1.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.50; 25 lbs, \$26.00.**



Danvers Half-Long Carrots.



Oxheart or Guerande.



Growing "Mile High" Carrot Seed—Field in Full Bloom.

CARROTS—Continued.

383 Chantenay or Half Long Model. (60 days). Similar to Improved Chantenay but the color is a bright orange-scarlet and the core rather large and definite. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 95c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$20.00.**

384 Danvers Half Long. (65 days). The heaviest yielding half-long variety. One of the best for general crop and a profitable variety for market gardeners. Danvers is productive in all classes of soil. Full grown Carrots are semi-pointed, 7½ inches long, 2½ inches thick at the crown and ¾ inch thick at the bottom, just where the root begins to taper to the tip. The quality is fine, the color is a bright orange-scarlet and the core is rather definite. The tops are a little larger than Chantenay. While of table quality, the heavy yield also makes Danvers suitable for a stock Carrot. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25; 25 lbs, \$24.75.**

379 Coreless. (55 days). The most delicately flavored Carrot grown. The color is bright orange-red, core almost the same color and quite tender, so that the core is not noticeable. Full grown Carrots are 4½ inches long, about 1 inch thick and cylindrical. Small, short tops. This variety is listed by very few houses as it yields a very small quantity of seed. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.25.**

385 Nantes. (60 days). Larger than "Coreless" and nearly as good in quality. Often called coreless as the core is rather undefined. Color is pure orange-scarlet. Full grown roots are 7 inches long and 1½ inches thick, cylindrical in shape and quite smooth. Tops small. Nantes is rather sensitive to weather changes. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.50.**

392 Red St. Valery. (80 days). A heavy yielding, bright orange-scarlet flesh and rather large core, large tops. Length 10 inches, 2½ inches thick at shoulder, tapers to a point. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.80; 25 lbs, \$19.00.**

389 Large White Belgian. (85 days). A heavy yielding stock Carrot, our strain grows wholly underground and is white to the crown. Length 12 inches or more, 2 inches thick at shoulder, long and pointed. **Oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs., \$2.80; 25 lbs., \$12.75.**



Nantes Carrots.

WHY NOT A TRIAL ORDER?

Our business could not have grown as it has if our vegetables were not just a little better and our flowers just a little more beautiful.



Large White Belgian.

Golden
Plume.Dwarf Golden
Self Blanching.Extra Early Tall
Golden Self Blanching.

only about a quarter of an inch with fine soil or sand. The beds should be kept moist by frequent watering with a fine spray. Plants should be set in the open in May for early Celery and in late June for Winter crop. Celery requires plenty of water and the growth of the plants should never be checked. Small crops of Celery can be blanched by tying newspapers around each plant, or by banking with boards or soil.

Celery for Winter storage should not be blanched in the field, but packed closely together in soil in the cellar or covered trench in the field. Keep soil around plants moist and well ventilated.

427 Golden Plume or Wonderful. (100 days). The earliest variety of Celery grown. Blanches more readily than any other Celery, in fact, it can be blanched in five days. The stalks are short and the heart is large and solid. Being more vigorous than Golden Self Blanching, it withstands heat and blight better. This Celery is a beautiful gold in color, brittle and of the highest table quality. Golden Plume is not long keeping and in shipping should be handled promptly when ready for market. **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 80c; oz, \$1.20; ¼ lb, \$3.25; 1b, \$9.50, postpaid.**

432 Extra Early Tall Golden Self Blanching. (110 days). This new strain is from 10 days to two weeks earlier than the dwarf strain, according to the locality in which it is grown. It differs from the dwarf type by making a decidedly heavier and taller growth and a larger number of leaf stalks. The foliage is also quite distinct and has been bred for disease resistance. Blanches very readily to a beautiful golden yellow color. Of marvelous table quality. This variety should be carefully tested by commercial growers to determine its adaptability to their growing conditions and their market. **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 70c; oz, \$1.00; ¼ lb, \$3.25; 1b, \$9.50, postpaid.**

429 Golden Self Blanching. (120 days). This is the original type, known as the Vilmorin Old Type. It is of dwarf, compact growth, with thick, solid, heavily ribbed stalks which blanch easily to a clear, waxy yellow. The stalks are crisp and solid, free from stringiness, and of most delicious flavor. Yields a good crop of heavy and brittle stalks. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 45c; oz, 65c; ¼ lb, \$2.00; 1b, \$5.75, postpaid.**

428 Easy Blanching or Sanford Superb. (125 days). The earliest of the white varieties. A remarkably easy variety to blanch, and being adapted to early use as well as storing for Winter makes it well suited both to the market gardener and the home gardener. Stalks are white, thick, brittle and of excellent flavor. A strong, healthy grower. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.35; 1b, \$3.75, postpaid.**

431 Giant Colorado Pascal. (140 days). When grown without a check in growth, there is no variety to compare with Giant Colorado Pascal. Our strain of this variety is a great improvement over the old strain. It grows much larger and is of exceptional quality. Forms solid, crisp stalks of a rich, nutty flavor. It is of strong growth, blanches easily to a rich, creamy white. An excellent keeper for Winter use, retaining its color and fresh appearance for a long time. Commands a premium on the market, but must be carefully packed in shipping because it is so brittle. If you want the finest quality Celery for table use or shipping, this is the variety for you to plant. **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 45c; oz, 70c; ¼ lb, \$2.00; 1b, \$5.75, postpaid.**

Celery

(For Celery Plants, see page 46).

Celery is easy to grow, any soil light and rich enough to grow good Lettuce and Cabbage will grow good Celery. As with these crops a cool climate produces the best and Celery is fast becoming one of the most important commercial vegetable crops of the West. All of the western states are now producing more or less Celery on a commercial scale, with California, Colorado, Idaho and Utah in the lead.

The cool climate of the mountain and foothill sections produces Celery that is unequaled in quality by that from any other section of the country.

You will find listed below the varieties best adapted for commercial planting as well as for the home or farm garden.

The finest Celery seed at one time came from France, but during and since the war, the finest strains have been developed in this country. We do not offer European Celery seed.

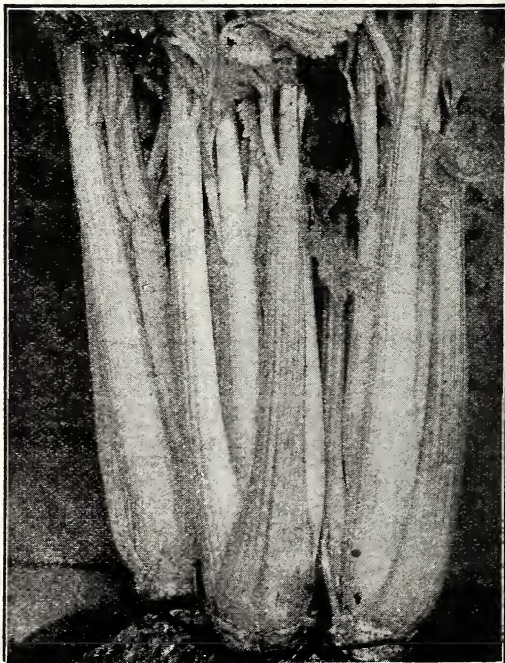
Culture. One ounce for 3000 to 5000 plants; 4 ounces per acre.

Sow the seed in a hotbed in March for early Celery and in April for Winter Celery. Celery seed is small and slow to germinate. The seed should be covered

germinate. The seed should be covered with a fine layer of soil, and the beds should be kept moist by frequent watering.

434 Utah. (130 days). Excellent for Fall use or as a Winter keeper. A favorite because of its tender, crisp and succulent stems and its peculiarly mild flavor. The stems are round, not moon-shaped. Bred especially for its freedom from hollow stalks. Originally grown only in the Utah valley, it is rapidly gaining a world-wide reputation. **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 45c; oz, 70c; ¼ lb, \$2.00; 1b, \$5.75, postpaid.**

433 Giant Pascal. (140 days). The old standard Winter Celery. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c; 1b, \$2.25, postpaid.**



Giant Colorado Pascal.

Cauliflower

(For Cauliflower Plants, see page 46).

The mountain districts of the Rocky Mountain region offer ideal conditions for the commercial growing of Cauliflower. The cool nights, rich soils, and bright sunny days of these sections are exactly the right combination for the successful culture of this fine vegetable.

Although Cauliflower is considered a hard crop to raise in most sections of the country, it is not so in the Rocky Mountain region. Cauliflower is not a crop that can be raised on a large scale, unless one is equipped with capital and labor to carry on large scale operations. But when one considers that the average return per acre in the mountain districts is over \$300, you can readily see that a few acres will give very good returns.

CAULIFLOWER IS EASY TO GROW

Culture. One ounce for 2,000 to 3,000 plants; 8,000 plants to the acre.

For early Cauliflower, sow indoors or in hotbeds, when severe weather is past, set the plants in the field 2½ feet apart each way. For late crop start



Danish Dry Weather Cauliflower.

the plants in May and transplant to the field during July. Water freely, especially when heading. When the head begins to form fold the leaves over the head and secure them by pinning with a wooden pin.

422 Special Strain Danish Snowball. (110 days). Grown specially for us by the most successful Cauliflower Seed grower, Einar Suhr. You want the best, here is the proof. Einar Suhr's seed is used by K. De Jong, of East Kildonan, Manitoba. Mr. De Jong has won the first prize as the **Champion Cauliflower Grower of the United States and Canada for three successive years.** Mr. De Jong has used nothing but Einar Suhr's seed. Our Special Strain Danish Snowball is grown specially for us in Denmark under contract by Einar Suhr. Mr. Suhr advises that he has nothing better than the strain he is growing for us. We recommend our Special Strain in preference to all others because it produces heads of a perfect white color and entirely free from dark spots. Also, it produces large heads which are very solid and run extremely uniform throughout the field. This is the strain that Einar Suhr says is the best, and it has certainly been proven that he knows, by his seed winning



Special Strain Danish Snowball Cauliflower.

first prize for three successive years. **Pkt, 25c; ¼ oz, \$1.10; oz, \$3.25; ¼ lb, \$9.00; lb, \$27.00, postpaid.**
423 Early Danish Snowball. (110 days). Not the prize-winning strain listed above, but an excellent commercial strain. Deep, solid heads, finely grained and pure white in color. The plant is compact, but not too short leaved. Crop matures with great evenness. A fine market variety. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 70c; oz, \$2.10; ¼ lb, \$7.00; lb, \$22.25, postpaid.**
421 SELF-PROTECTING DWARF ERFURT. (115 days). Also known as Improved Self-Protecting Snowball; has leaves which naturally cover the head to a considerable degree, and is more easily blanched. Will not form as clear white heads as our Special Strain Danish Snowball. **Pkt, 15c; ¼ oz, 60c; oz, \$1.70; ¼ lb, \$6.00; lb, \$19.25, postpaid.**
425 DANISH DRY WEATHER. (125 days). A new strain bred to withstand more hot weather than the more delicate Snowball. The heads are larger, pure white, and having much more foliage, must be planted farther apart. Where other varieties fail to head, we recommend this variety. **Pkt, 15c; ¼ oz, 70c; oz, \$2.00; ¼ lb, \$7.00; lb, \$22.25, postpaid.**

Fertilispray Concentrated Fertilizer



Is Adapted for Easily and Evenly Applying with the Garden Hose

A very highly water soluble concentrated Fertilizer and Plant Food, especially prepared for Lawns, Flowers, Shrubbery and Gardens.

Supplies Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Potash and other necessary plant food elements.

Promotes healthy growth and rich color to foliage. Contains no germs, odor, or weed seeds and does not draw flies or soil pests.

Will not leach from the soil and may be applied any time as it positively cannot burn.

Cost is only \$1.50 postpaid per carton, covering 1,000 square feet and containing more actual plant food than is in bulky fertilizers costing more.

Why tolerate offensive odors, dirt, germs and unsightliness as well as invite soil pests and flies, with growth of weeds and objectionable grasses?

You Must Water—You Must Fertilize Do Both at Once

FERTILSPRAY SPRAYER

For applying Concentrated Fertilizer. Attaches to garden hose. Price, 50c, postpaid.

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER

1 Carton Fertilispray Concentrated Fertilizer, \$1.50
 1 Fertilispray Sprayer 50
 Both for \$1.80, postpaid.

The average bulky fertilizer is nearly all filler, which is necessary for spreading and as a diluter to avoid burning.

The Fertilispray method employs water as a diluter and spreader, making filler unnecessary and burning impossible.

For Ferns and Potted Plants use **FERTILSPRAY (Potted Plant Food).**

Especially Prepared—Highly Concentrated

100 Treatments, 75 Cents; 25 Treatments, 25 Cents, Postpaid.

Fertilore

A Product Unexcelled for Sick Trees, Shrubs, Rose Bushes, etc.

Fertilore is a Soil Tonic and makes available the necessary constituents for plant consumption, thereby increasing the growth.

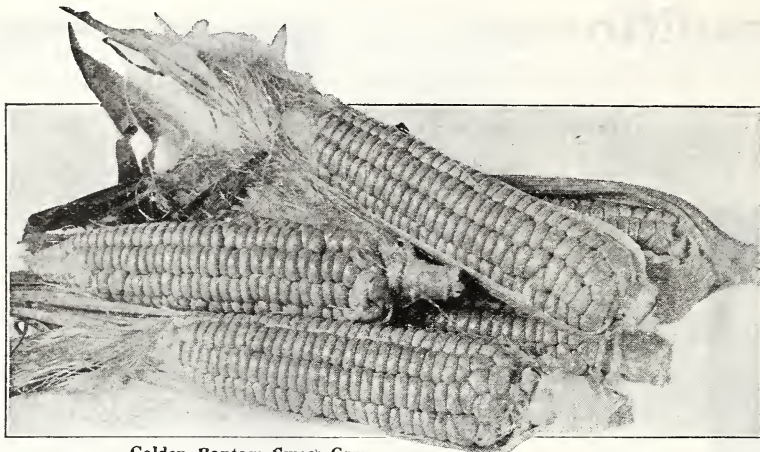
Fertilore also supplies iron to the soil (giving color and fragrance to flowers) and when combined with water is immediately soluble and ready to be absorbed by the roots; in addition, it contains a sufficient amount of sulphur, much needed to make other plant foods (which are already in the soil) available.

Fertilore provides Nitrogen and Phosphoric Acid in just the correct proportions to produce luxuriant foliage and healthy fibrous root growth.

Fertilore carries Copper Sulphate, which destroys soil pests and is also a most valuable fungicide. Usually pests destructive to foliage breed or hibernate in the soil, which is the logical place to destroy them, rather than to make the attempt later when they are feeding on the foliage.

Fertilore is odorless, easily applied and can be used at any season of the year.

Trees up to and including three years require 3 lbs.; four years, 4 lbs.; older, 6 to 10 lbs.; shrubs and rose bushes, 1 to 3 lbs. 5 lbs., \$1.00, postpaid. Write for quotations on larger quantities.



Golden Bantam Sweet Corn.

Mountain Grown Sweet Corn

THE DIFFERENCE. The names of the varieties which we list are the same as those listed by other reliable seed companies. They are the same varieties. But they have been grown in the mountains at altitudes of 5000 to 6000 feet and they will mature earlier. Ten days earlier may not seem a great difference, but in many localities this is over ten per cent of the growing season. Do you, market gardeners, want to get your Corn on the early, high priced market? Do you, home gardeners, want to have Sweet Corn when it is still considered a luxury? There is nothing in the vegetable kingdom hailed with as much delight, looked forward to with as much anticipation, as juicy Sweet Corn.

THE SWEETEST CORN cannot be purchased, it must be home raised. It should be gathered for the table or for canning not more than two hours before it is cooked, as the quality and sweetness are injured by keeping longer than this. Sweet Corn is in the proper stage for gathering when the grains are plump and just entering the dough stage.

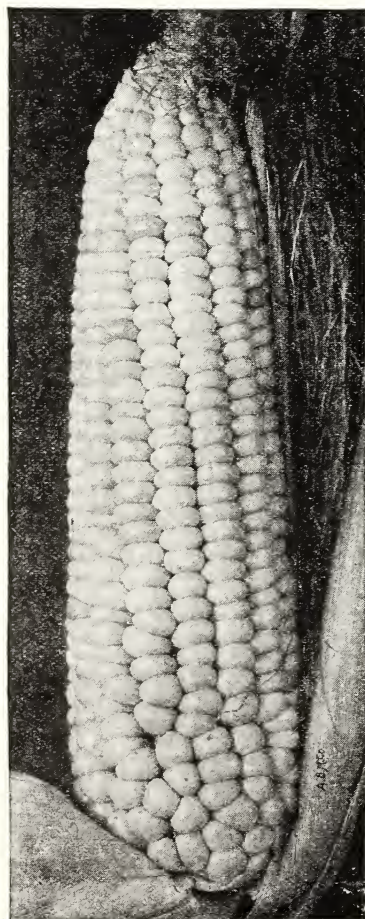
Culture. One pound to 400 feet of row; 10 pounds per acre. Rows should be laid off about three feet apart and seeds sown 1 to 1½ inches deep and 6 to 8 inches apart in the row. Or plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, leaving three plants to a hill. Growers often plant early corn before the normal season. Then, if the crop escapes frost, it matures earlier and is correspondingly valuable. If it is killed it may be cheaply planted again. In the home garden it is well to have a succession of plantings to supply the table during the season.

453 Sioux Squaw. (50 days). The earliest and hardest corn. A hard flint corn when ripe, but is of fair table quality when in the dough stage. Grows only 3 or 4 feet high, but bears a good number of small cobs well filled with kernels of varying colors. Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.85; 25 lbs, \$3.75.

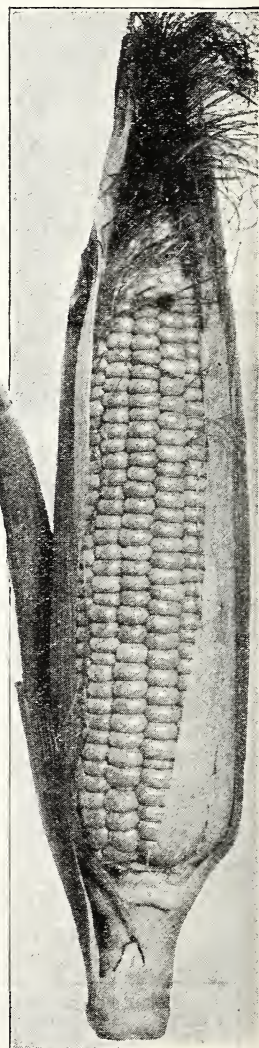
443 Peep o' Day. (62 days). The earliest real sweet white Corn. Even more dwarf in growth than the Golden Bantam, and with ears about the same size. The flavor of this variety is excellent. Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 15c; 1b, 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.85; 25 lbs, \$4.00.

442 Adams' Large Early. (75 days). Larger than Extra Early Adams, fair quality ears grow 8 inches long, 12 to 14 rowed. Similar to Extra Early Adams, but later. Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 15c; 1b, 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.60; 25 lbs, \$3.50; 100 lbs, \$12.00.

EARLY MOUNTAIN GROWN SEED CORN



Adams Large Early.



Golden Sunshine.

SWEET CORN—Continued.

441 Extra Early Adams. (60 days). Not a sweet or sugar corn, but the earliest white corn. Used extensively by market gardeners; very hardy, can be planted early and put on the market when roasting ears are high priced. Ears 7 to 8 inches long, 12 rowed. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 15c; 1b, 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.60; 25 lbs, \$3.50; 100 lbs, \$12.00.**

439 Golden Sunshine. (60 days). The same flavor and color as Golden Bantam, but 10 days earlier. The ears are also larger, being 12-rowed instead of 8. Sunshine Corn is ready as early as the early white corns, it is early enough to be off the market before Golden Bantam is ready. Dr. Yeager of the North Dakota Experiment Station developed Golden Sunshine by crossing Golden Bantam with Portland Early Market. We obtained our original seed direct from Dr. Yeager. The plant is very dwarf and the ears close to the ground. We have grown a large seed acreage of Golden Sunshine, anticipating a big demand; do not disappoint us by missing this excellent variety. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.90; 25 lbs, \$3.95.**

445 Golden Bantam. (70 days). America's favorite Sweet Corn. Very little need be said of this variety as it is so well known. The very finest quality, golden yellow color. Hardy, and can be planted early. 8-rowed ears, 6 to 7 inches long. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 15c; 1b, 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.85; 25 lbs, \$3.85; 100 lbs, \$13.50.**

452 Golden Giant. (80 days). A cross between Golden Bantam and Howling Mob. Has the size of the latter and retains to a most remarkable degree the fine buttery flavor and high sugar content of the Golden Bantam. A strong grower and very productive. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 15c; 1b, 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.85; 25 lbs, \$3.85.**

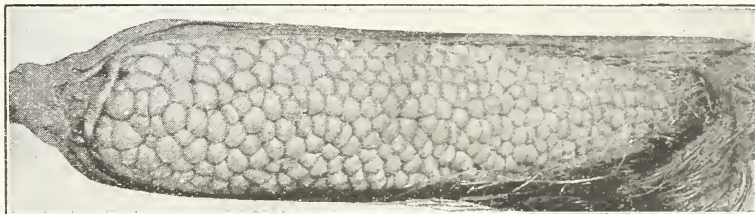
448 Stowell's Evergreen. (90 days). The all-purpose main crop variety. The grains, of good size, are long and slender, entirely free from glaze. Very tender and sugary; remains for a long time in condition suitable for boiling. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.25; 25 lbs, \$4.75; 100 lbs, \$17.50.**

450 Country Gentleman. (95 days). The slender shoe-peg kernels of this variety are unsurpassed for flavor. They are very tender and sugary. This is a very productive variety with large ears of irregularly arranged kernels. Produces tender, sugary corn for the market or table after the other varieties have grown coarse or ceased to bear. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.35; 25 lbs, \$5.00; 100 lbs, \$18.50.**

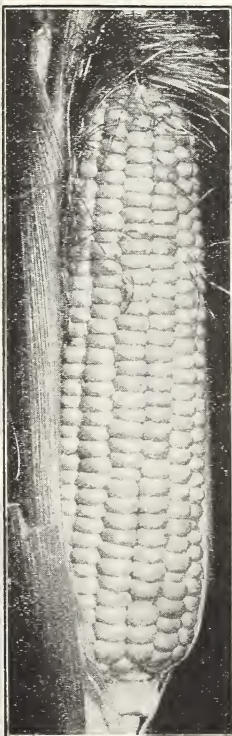


Golden Giant Sweet Corn.

445 Golden Gem. (55 days). The new Extra Early Corn. See page 2 for full description. **Pkt, 15c; ½ lb, 40c.**



Country Gentleman Sweet Corn.



Stowell's Evergreen.

Pop Corn

Pop Corn is always a profitable crop. Every boy on the farm should plant at least a small patch. Your local merchant will be glad to buy the crop from you for his Christmas trade.

Culture—1 ounce to 40 feet of row—4 lbs. per acre.

After the ground is warm, sow in rows 3 feet apart. Always sow more than one row so that the ears will be fully pollinated.

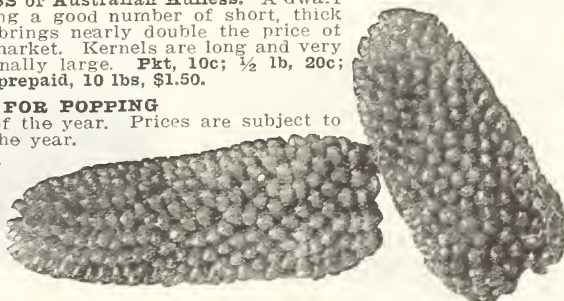
457 JAPANESE HULLESS or Australian Hulless. A dwarf growing variety, bearing a good number of short, thick ears. This Pop Corn brings nearly double the price of other varieties on the market. Kernels are long and very slim, but pop exceptionally large. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.50.**

CORN FOR POPPING

Supplied at all times of the year. Prices are subject to market changes during the year.

Japanese Hulless. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$1.50; 25 lbs, \$3.10.

Give us that trial order and you will be a steady customer.



Early Fortune
Cucumbers.



Mountain Grown Cucumber Seed

Crisp, Cool, Appetizing Cucumbers can only be taken from your own garden. Fresh Cucumbers are much more crisp and tender and of superior flavor to those which you can buy at the stores; that peculiar toughness and bitterness is missing. Grow your own, have plenty for both slicing and pickling.

Most reliable seed houses sell Mountain Grown Cucumber Seed; in fact, Colorado supplies ninety per cent of the Cucumber seed to the country. The reason, to quote from a New York State seed catalog, "We grow our seed in high altitudes to insure not only quick but sure results." In our Western Slope valleys we grow several hundred acres of Cucumbers for seed, most of this seed being for southern truck farmers and eastern seed houses.

Culture. One ounce to 50 hills; 2 to 3 pounds per acre. After danger of frost is past plant in hills 3 by 6 feet apart and thin to 3 plants to a hill. Seed can be planted in boxes or paper pots in a hotbed, but Cucumbers do not transplant readily unless a mass of soil adheres to the roots. Pick fruit as soon as large enough to use, do not allow any Cucumbers to ripen on the vines.

White Spine Varieties

For slicing or shipping. White Spine types are all good shippers as they do not turn yellow. They are not good pickling varieties as they do not stay as solid when pickled. They are excellent for slicing.

479 Ward's Dark Green. (50 days). A very valuable early type of cucumber. It keeps green, that is, retains its deeper green color longer than any other variety. Very early and probably the most prolific of the White Spine types. Ward's Dark Green is the result of a number of years of careful selection from the Kirby Staygreen or Black Diamond type. This continual selection has made the type, shape and size much more even, while retaining to the full extent the earliness and remarkable yield of the parent variety. Among the smallest slicing and shipping types, averaging 7 inches in length. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; 1/4 lb, 35c; 1 lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.75; 25 lbs, \$18.75.**

483 Improved Early White Spine. (60 days). Early and productive. Cucumbers are quite uniform, 7 to 8 inches long, well rounded at the ends, and a bright green color. Fine for slicing, but not as good a shipper as some of the newer types. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 30c; 1 lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.75.**

468 Earliest of All. (48 days). Attractive dark green color, smooth and very symmetrical. Mainly used for early market. Length 7 inches. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 30c; 1 lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.75.**

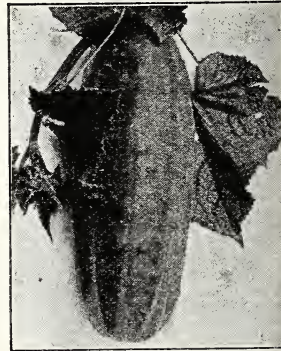
480 Henderson's Perfected White Spine. (58 days). An excellent medium early slicing and shipping type, this variety shows a trace of the Emerald Cucumber, thus securing a deep green color. Vines are hardy and prolific. Fruits are smooth and very uniform. Length 8 inches. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; 1/4 lb, 35c; 1 lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.75; 25 lbs, \$18.75.**

470 Early Fortune. (58 days). Very attractive slicing and shipping variety. Early, productive and disease resistant. Cucumbers 9 inches long, slightly tapering and with distinct light stripes at the blossom end. Flesh firm, holds up well in shipping. The shipping trade find our continual selection makes this variety very uniform. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 30c; 1 lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.75; 25 lbs, \$18.75.**

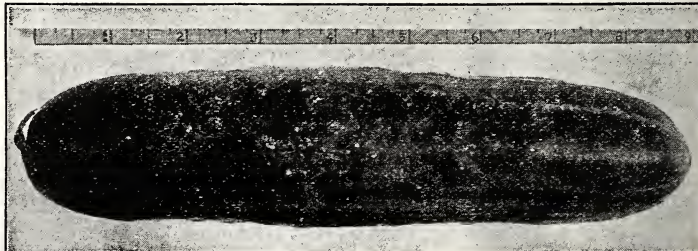
475 Davis Perfect. (65 days). A beautiful slicing Cucumber. An excellent shipping type, fruits are long and very attractive. Firm white flesh and few seeds. Good deep green color and holds up well. Does fine in the open ground, although this was originally a greenhouse type. Davis Perfect is one of the varieties on which we have done particularly careful selection work as it is of such great value to the commercial gardener. Length 10 inches, smooth and tapering at both ends. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; 1/4 lb, 40c; 1 lb, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 10 lbs, \$9.75; 25 lbs, \$19.75.**



Henderson's Perfected.



Earliest of All.



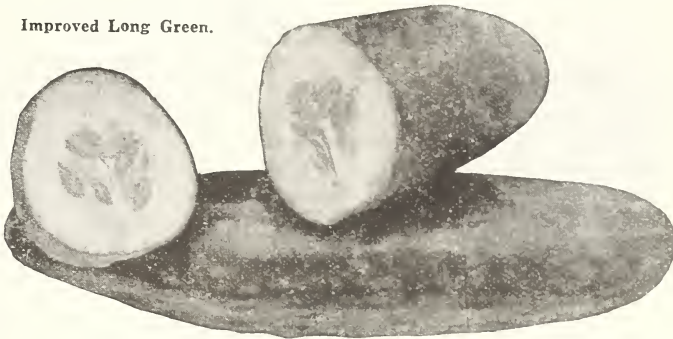
Davis Perfect Cucumber.

WHITE SPINE VARIETIES—Continued

474 Roadside Market Wonder. (70 days). An ideal type for the private garden or market gardener selling to a critical trade. A long, slender, dark green variety, suitable for outdoor culture or for greenhouse forcing. Firm, white flesh, few seeds and superb quality for slicing. Vines are vigorous and plants do well in any good soil. Length 12 inches. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$1.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.75; 10 lbs, \$17.50.**

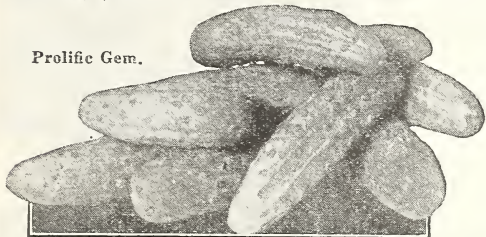
471 Mountain Perfection. (75 days). The longest of all varieties and has an attractive dark green color. Retains its color and remains in good edible condition for a remarkably long time. The vines are prolific for such a large variety. Mountain Perfection has a small seed cavity and very few seeds. This variety requires a rich or well fertilized soil. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$1.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.90; 10 lbs, \$17.30.**

Improved Long Green.

**Black Spine Varieties**

These are used mainly for pickling as they make fine, solid pickles that keep in excellent condition. The longer varieties are also used for slicing. Black Spine types are not suitable for shipping, as they do not hold solid long after pickling.

Prolific Gem.



477 Improved Long Green. (65 days). The standard home garden, slicing and pickling type. Prolific, hardy and disease resistant. Beautiful long Cucumbers contain very few seeds. The small pickles are very well shaped, used both for small pickles and for dill pickles. Length 13 inches. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50; 10 lbs, \$10.50.**

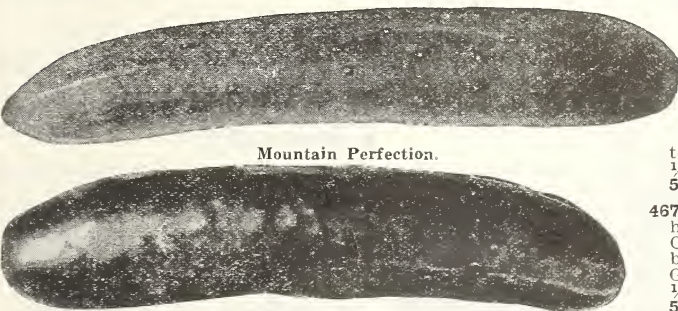
436 Japanese Climbing. (60 days). A distinct type used for covering fences and trellises. Vigorous grower. Good quality. Length 9 inches. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; 1b, \$1.35, postpaid.**

465 Chicago Pickling, Westerfield. (60 days). Very uniform type. Grows large enough to use for dill pickles. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00; 10 lbs, \$7.50.**

466 Early Cluster. (55 days). A prolific Cucumber, setting the fruits in clusters of two or three. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00.**

467 Prolific Gem Pickling. (50 days). The heaviest yielder of all the picklers. Crisp Cucumber, slender in form and tapering at both ends. Smooth, bright green skin. Grow to a medium size. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 60c; 1b, \$1.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.25.**

Mountain Perfection.



Roadside Market.

464 Boston Pickling. (55 days). Early and productive. Short, fairly smooth Cucumbers of very symmetrical shape. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00; 10 lbs, \$7.50.**

472 Everbearing. (70 days). If fruits are kept gathered, the vines will continue to bear through the season. A fine variety for small pickles. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.00.**

463 West India Gherkin. (60 days). A very prolific small fruited variety, used exclusively for pickling. Flesh pure white, skin a bright light green and covered with small elastic spines. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 60c; 1b, \$1.70, postpaid.**



Chicago Pickling.

489 Ward's Lemon Cucum-ber. (70 days). Small fruits similar in shape and color to the lemon. Excellent for pickling or salads as it has a very delicate flavor which never becomes bitter. Also used for slicing just as the fruits are beginning to turn yellow. For pickling they can be used either green or ripe. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.50, postpaid.**

Would you like a better garden? Try Mountain Grown Seed.



Everbearing Cucumber.



Ward's Lemon Cucumbers.

Broccoli

Cultivated and used the same as cauliflower. Adapted to sections where the season is long and moist. Very hardy, standing great extremes of temperature. One ounce produces 2500 plants.

349 St. Valentine. Produces large, white heads which remain in good condition longer than cauliflower. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c; oz, 65c; ¼ lb, \$2.00; 1b, \$6.25, postpaid.

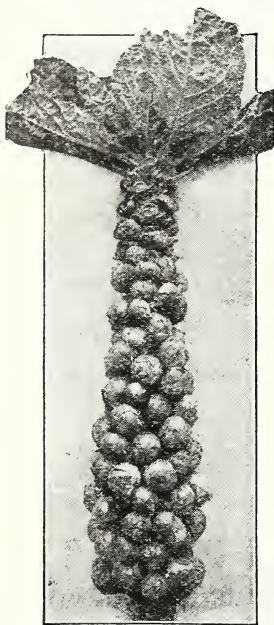
348 Green Christmas Calabrese. Though often confused with the Italian Green Sprouting, the growth of this variety is quite distinct, and the Green Christmas Calabrese is quite a superior variety. It is of branching growth with tender, loosely formed, delicious green heads. These loose heads are bunched for market and cooked like cauliflower. Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 65c; oz, \$1.00; ¼ lb, \$3.50; 1b, \$12.00, postpaid.

Asparagus

(Asparagus Roots are listed on page 46).

Asparagus is not only a delicious home garden vegetable, but a very profitable one to grow for market.

254 Mary Washington. The Mary Washington is the highest type of the rust-resistant Asparagus. Very early, producing extra large shoots even the second year from seed. The buds or tips are tight, do not sprangle prematurely, retaining the flavor and keeping well. Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.25.



Brussels Sprouts.

Brussels Sprouts

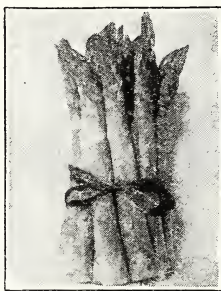
A quality vegetable for Fall and Winter use. Sprouts, like small cabbage, form on the long stalk of the plant. The quality and flavor of the sprouts are much improved by frost. Cultivate like hardy cabbage.

351 Long Island Improved. (110 days). Earlier, more dwarf and compact than other varieties, the plants produce a large crop of tightly folded sprouts of delicious, sweet flavor. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, 95c; 1b, \$2.75, postpaid.

Celeriac

Turnip-rooted Celery. Forms a large turnip-shaped root with the flavor of fine celery. Splendid for stews, soups, etc. Easily stored for Winter use.

436 Large Smooth Prague. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid.



Asparagus.

438 Chufas (Earth Almond)

Easily grown. Small ground nut, similar in sweetness and flavor to cocoanut or almond, greatly liked by children. Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 30c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.00.

Citron

Used extensively for making preserves.

435 Colorado Preserving. (100 days). Immensely productive. Makes beautiful clear, nearly transparent preserves. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 80c, postpaid.

Collards

440 True Georgia. Withstands heat and makes delicious greens. A vigorous variety, 3 feet tall, carrying a great quantity of large, succulent leaves. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.50.

Corn Salad

459 Broad-Leaved. Gives the first Spring greens if sown in the Fall. Can also be sown in July for Fall use. Beautifully blanched leaves for salads. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.00.



Green Christmas Calabrese Broccoli.

437 Witloof, French Endive. Forms long parsnip-shaped roots; the roots are forced in frames and the new lettuce-like leaves are served as a Winter salad. Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 60c; 1b, \$1.50, postpaid.



Citron.



Water Cress.

458 Large-Rooted, Madgeburg. Roots are roasted and ground as a coffee substitute or adulterant. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 50c; 1b, \$1.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.00.

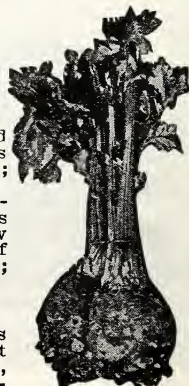
Cress

460 Extra Curled Garden. Pungent salad leaves. Grows quickly. Sow seed in drills at intervals during season. Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 80c, postpaid.

461 Water Cress. For salads and garnishing. Hardy plants, easily grown in ponds of fresh water or along edges of shallow running streams. Start seeds in pans of very moist earth. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.25; 1b, \$3.75, postpaid.

Dandelion

490 Improved Thick Leaf. An enormous crop of thick, fleshy leaves. Upright growth; blanches easily. Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 60c; oz, 85c; ¼ lb, \$2.60; 1b, \$3.25, postpaid.



Celeriac.



Black Beauty Eggplant.

ground, preventing rotting. Large, oval, dark purple fruits. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.50; 1b, \$4.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$22.50.

Endive

One ounce will sow 300 feet of drill; 2 lbs. per acre. Plant from April to July, thin to 1 foot apart.

494 Green Curled Winter. (75 days). A tasty salad, of more attractive appearance than lettuce and more highly flavored. When fully grown tie the tips of leaves together and center leaves will quickly blanch a creamy white. Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75.

495 Broad-Leaved Batavian or Escarolle. (90 days). Leaves are large and broad, forms a large head which can be readily blanched. Used as a flavoring for soups and stews, but is more generally cooked like spinach. Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75.

Eggplant

(Eggplant Plants listed on page 46).

A delicious vegetable that gives a decided change in the diet. To prepare for the table, slice and fry in butter.

Culture. One ounce to 1,500 plants, ¼ lb. per acre. Start the plants in boxes or hothed in March or April, set out plants first of June.

492 Black Beauty, (110 days). Ten days earlier than New York and almost as large. Fruits uniform, blocky, oval shape and dark purple color. Plants dwarf. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.50; 1b, \$4.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$22.50.

491 New York Improved. (120 days). Large fruits and entirely spineless. Oval shape, smooth and glossy, dark purple. Plants dwarf. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.50; 1b, \$4.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$22.50.

493 Florida High Bush. (125 days). Plants grow four feet high and usually bear their fruits clear of the



New York Improved.



Green Curled Endive.

Herbs

Sow in rich soil in shallow drills. When a few inches high thin out or transplant. Harvest on a dry day, just before they are in full blossom, dry and pack in dry, air-tight containers.

503 CARAWAY. Seeds used for flavoring, and in the making of cheese. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c, postpaid.

506 DILL. Leaves and seed heads are used for flavoring pickles. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c, postpaid.

509 LAVENDER. A perennial grown for its fragrance. The flowers are used for making perfume. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 45c, postpaid.

510 SWEET MARJORAM. Leaves and ends of the shoots are used for flavoring, both green and dried. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c, postpaid.

512 SAGE. One of the most useful herbs, lightly aromatic. The leaves and tops are used for seasoning and stuffing. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid.



Dill.



Sage.



Thyme.

514 THYME. Used for seasoning. A tea is also made for nervous headache. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c; oz, 60c, postpaid.

Germaco

Earlier, More Profitable Crops

Germaco HOTKAPS can make many extra dollars for you this season. They are patented wax paper cones—"individual hothouses for each plant"

that completely cover them, and fully protect them from frost, wind, rain, ground-crusting and insects. This is your assurance of earlier, bigger crops, and higher early-to-market prices. HOTKAPS are inexpensive and easy to use. One man "sets" over 3,000 per day.

Prices, not prepaid, 12 for 35c; 100 for \$1.75; 1000 for \$11.00; 5000 at \$10.50 per 1000; 10,000 or over at \$10.00 per 1000. Shipping weight 30 lbs. per 1000. Steel setter, \$2.50; garden setter, 50c. Trial offer, 100 Hotkaps with garden setter, \$2.00; 250 with garden setter, \$3.75, not prepaid.



Hotkaps

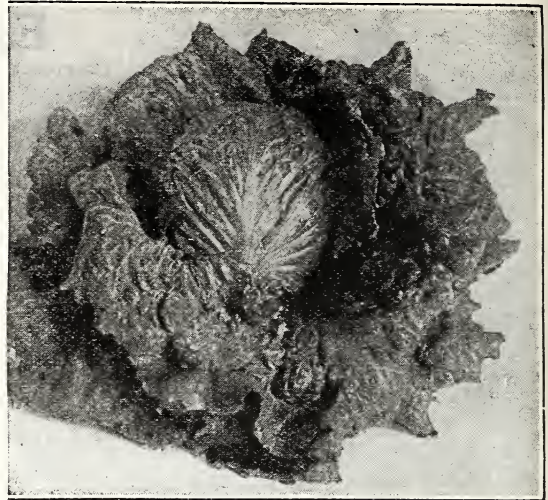
Lettuce

A valuable commercial crop when grown under proper conditions. Thousands of cars of Lettuce are shipped annually from the mountain states and California. A commercial acreage of Lettuce requires good, rich soil, no check in growth, careful weeding and thinning and cool weather during the heading season. These requirements must all be met to have a real success and to make big money from Lettuce. Soil can, of course, be fertilized to make it rich, but it is better to use a field which has been in alfalfa or some such soil-building crop, or the rich natural soils of the high mountain valleys. The growth must never be checked or the plants will quickly shoot to seed and the crop lost. Under irrigation the growth can be generally controlled by watering. Careful weeding and thinning give the plants the full advantage of the fertility of the soil and also plenty of room for the heads to form and develop. Cool weather is necessary at heading time; some varieties will stand hot weather, but the large heading varieties used by commercial shippers will not head in hot weather. In lower altitudes these varieties are only used as Spring and Fall crops and not used to head in the Summer.

MOUNTAIN GROWN LETTUCE SEED

Because of the importance of the Lettuce industry we are growing our Lettuce seed on our Mile High Farms. Here the crops are cared for through the season by our trained men, only perfect plants are allowed to go to seed, so that the crops from this seed will be as near perfect as our care can make them. This mountain growing of the seed also tends to make the varieties early in maturity and gives the seed strong vitality.

Culture. One oz. to 100 feet of drill; 2 to 4 lbs. per acre. Mountain Iceberg and New York or Wonderful require only $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 lb. per acre. Lettuce is quite hardy and may be sown before danger of frost is over. The seed should be sown thinly in rows 18



Special Strain New York Head Lettuce.

to 30 inches apart. When the plants have developed four leaves they should be thinned to 6 inches apart on the smaller varieties and 14 inches apart on New York or Wonderful and Mountain Iceberg. The quality of the crop depends to a large degree upon the moisture conditions and the plants should never be allowed to become checked in growth for want of water. Any such checking is apt to cause many plants to go to seed or produce unmarketable heads. Head Lettuce requires frequent, shallow cultivation and plenty of attention, so that one man should not attempt to handle more than 3 to 4 acres.

544 Special Strain New York. (80 days). Our strain of this popular variety was grown on our Mile High Seed Farms at 5000 feet elevation. We have never seen any finer, harder heads of Lettuce than those in our seed fields which we selected for seed last Summer. The field was thoroughly rogued so that you can bank on this seed being absolutely true to type. Pkt, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 75c; lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.50; 10 lbs, \$16.00.

537 Special Strain New York (2-year-old seed). Pkt, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 85c; lb, \$2.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$10.50; 10 lbs, \$20.00.

545 Special Strain New York (3-year-old seed). Pkt, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, \$1.00; lb, \$2.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$13.00.

543 Extra Early 5084 New York. (70 days). A brand new strain of New York Lettuce selected for extreme earliness. It produces well rounded, tight, solid heads about two weeks earlier than any other known strain, and the top of the head has a well grown leaf which protects greatly from sunscald. Pkt, 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 30c; oz, 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, \$1.10; lb, \$3.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$14.00; 10 lbs, \$27.00.

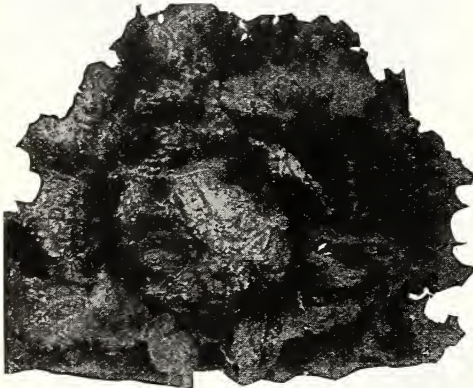
541 Mountain Iceberg. (80 days). Very similar to New York or Wonderful. Our mountain grown strain of Mountain Iceberg is unexcelled for high altitude Lettuce growing. A hardy, rapid grower, deep rooted and drought resistant. Will stand in cutting condition for several weeks. Produces closely folded, solid heads of immense size, often weighing 2 or 3 lbs. The inner portion is beautifully blanched to a creamy white. The heart is solid, sweet, tender and crisp. Pkt, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 75c; lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.50; 10 lbs, \$16.00.

542 Mountain Iceberg (2-year-old seed) Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 85c; lb, \$2.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$10.50; 10 lbs, \$20.00.

546 Mountain Iceberg (3-year-old seed). Pkt, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, \$1.10; lb, \$2.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$13.00.

539 Improved Hanson. (80 days). The most reliable variety for general planting; stands hot weather better than any other type. Sure heading even in midsummer. Good sized heads. Large, crumpled leaves. Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.00.

538 Iceberg. (80 days). Crisp and brittle, too brittle for shipping, but excellent for home gardens. Curly leaves and fine flavor. Will stand considerable hot weather. Quite distinct from the variety known to the produce markets as "Iceberg." That variety is "New York." Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 50c; lb, \$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.50.



Iceberg Lettuce.



Mountain Iceberg Lettuce.

LETTUCE—Continued

532 Mile High Wonder. (80 days). The wonderful new head Lettuce. For full description, see page 2. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.10; 1b, \$3.10, postpaid.**

534 Mammoth Big Boston. (75 days). Early and hardy, Big Boston grows to an enormous size, well grown heads measuring from 10 to 12 inches across. Grows well during hot weather, but during the cool weather it heads particularly well, forming a tightly folded heart which consists of beautifully blanched, tender, and juicy leaves. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50.**

540 May King. (60 days). Quickly forms fine hard heads, resembling small cabbages. It is hardy, will bear transplanting, and is unequalled for an early head Lettuce. Light green color, outer leaves tinged with brown. Tender, with a rich, buttery flavor. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 50c; 1b, \$1.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.25.**

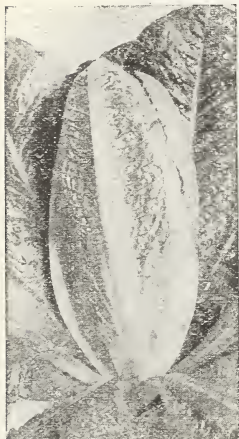
531 Paris White Cos. (80 days). Also called Trianon or Self Folding Cos. Forms a compact head, very dark green outside and well blanched inside. Much esteemed for its fresh crispness and mild flavor. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.30, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.75.**

535 California Cream Butter. (65 days). Valued for its heat resistance. A popular variety, especially for Autumn and Winter use. Forms a very large head, which is exceedingly buttery in texture. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 50c; 1b, \$1.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.25.**

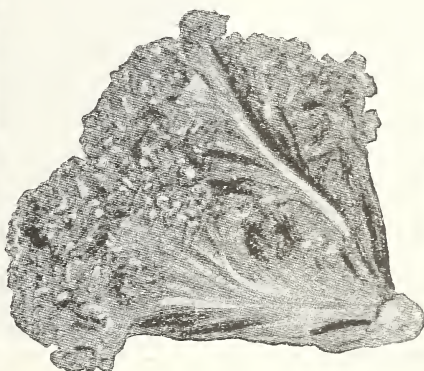


Mammoth Big Boston.

533 New York No. 12. (85 days). A new head Lettuce of special merit. Very much like other New York types, but more sure to head in warm climates. Although a new Lettuce is gaining in popularity very fast. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, 95c; 1b, \$2.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.00.**



Paris White Cos.



Black Seeded Simpson.



Ward's Improved Grand Rapids.

Leaf Lettuce

529 Early Curled Simpson. (60 days). The old-time curly Lettuce, and still very popular. A quick growing, hardy variety. It forms a tight bunch of leaves at the center of the plant which are of excellent quality. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50.**

530 Early Prize Head. (75 days). A home garden favorite. Not a head Lettuce, but makes a large and distinct bunch of leaves at the heart when mature. Grows quickly and remarkably good flavor. Color is bright green shaded with light brown. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.40.**

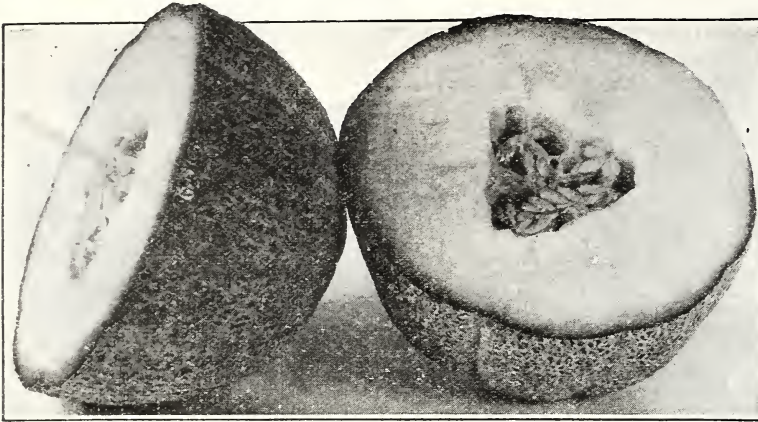
527 Ward's Improved Grand Rapids. (60 days). Well adapted for early spring planting or for greenhouse forcing. It does not form a head, but produces beautiful long, curly or wrinkled leaves. It is extremely early, very hardy, tender, crisp, and of a rich green color. Our improved strain has never been known to fail to produce a good crop. A favorite both for the market and home gardener. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.00; 10 lbs, \$15.25.**

526 Grand Rapids. (65 days). Leaves heavily curled, and of crisp texture and fine flavor. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50; 10 lbs, \$10.25.**

528 Black Seeded Simpson. (65 days). Very tender and excellent flavor. Forms a large, loose head of broad, crumpled, light green leaves. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid.**



Early Curled Simpson.

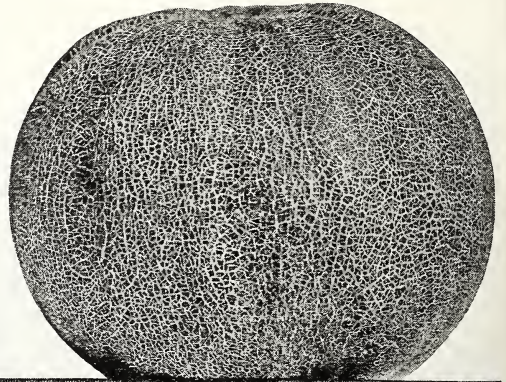


Hearts of Gold Cantaloupe.

Muskmelons have a fine flavor when they are just ripe, but the time for picking them in the best condition is very short. A Melon is just right for picking when it "slips" from the vine, that is, the stem does not break off when the Melon is pulled, but separates easily from it. Cantaloupes remain in good edible condition for a much longer time than other varieties of Muskmelons. Melons of all kinds are especially attractive to the gardener because they are practically the only vegetables of a long, long list that can be classed with fruit.

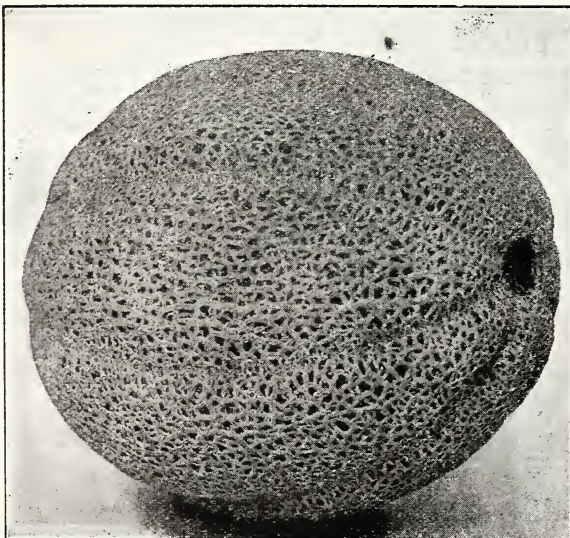
Culture. One ounce of seed for 40 hills; two to four pounds per acre. The most suitable soil is a warm, sandy loam, rich and well worked. Plant as soon as danger of frost is past. Many market gardeners start planting very early and continue to plant a few hills every five days. When you consider that an early crop will often bring thousands of dollars per acre, and that the seed costs less than five dollars per acre, you will see that the frost damaged hills can be readily re-seeded. Some home gardeners secure early Melons by starting the seeds in boxes in the house. Sow the seed in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way and cover to a depth of about one inch. When well up thin to two plants to a hill.

418 Ward's Ideal. (80 days). A careful selection of the perfectly round, heavily netted Rocky Ford type Cantaloupe. It has the very best flavor, being very sweet and delicious. It ripens clear to the skin. Ward's Ideal runs very uniform to standard size and with no pony melons. These Cantaloupes are perfectly round, have no ribs and have a very heavy netting, making them ideal for shippers. The Ideal has thick orange flesh, free from stringiness, and a small seed cavity. Like all Cantaloupes it remains in good condition for a much longer time than Muskmelons; you do not have to be an expert to know when to pick Cantaloupes. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1 lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.00; 10 lbs, \$14.75; 25 lbs, \$32.50.**



Mile High Seeds

Roadside Market Melon,



"H. B." Hale's Best Cantaloupe.

Mountain Grown Cantaloupe and Muskmelon Seed

It is now generally recognized that the finest Cantaloupe seed is raised in Colorado. The bulk of the seed used by shippers of Cantaloupes over the entire country is Colorado grown. We wish to draw your particular attention to the fact that our seed is hand cut from the choicest Melons in the field, no Melons are marketed from our seed fields.

On these pages we list not only Cantaloupes but also other varieties of Muskmelons. By the term "Cantaloupe" we designate varieties of Muskmelons that are suitable for shipping.

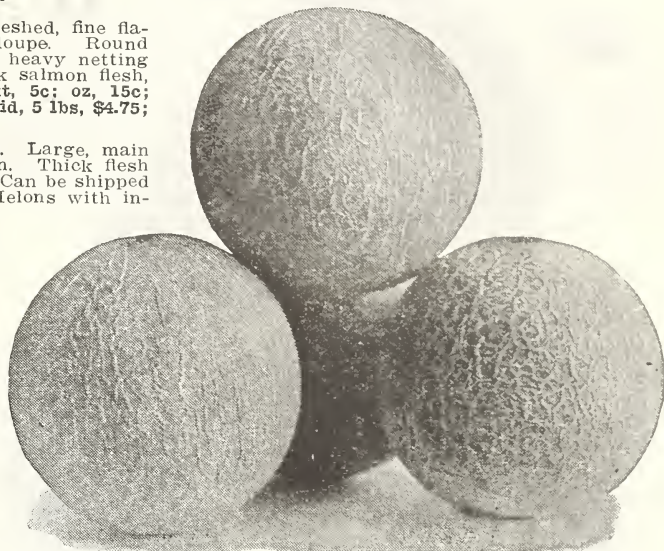
409 Hearts of Gold. (80 days). One of the newer Cantaloupes of real merit. Has very thick, sweet flesh of a beautiful golden salmon color. The triangular seed cavity is only about the size of a half dollar and the Melon can be eaten almost to the rind. Good size, oval shape, fairly distinct ribs and heavy netting. An improved Hoodoo, being larger and with heavier netting. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1 lb, \$1.30, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50; 25 lbs, \$24.00.**

398 "H. B."—Hale's Best. (70 days). A remarkably early shipping variety of excellent quality. Extensively used in the Imperial Valley, California. Melons are oval in shape, 8 inches long by 4½ inches in diameter with heavy netting and fairly distinct ribbing. Flesh very thick and of deep salmon color. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 50c; 1 lb, \$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.50; 25 lbs, \$26.00.**

402 Burrell's Gem. (85 days). Also called Ordway Pink Meat and Defender. A slightly smaller Melon, similar in many ways to Hearts of Gold. Popular in some sections for home gardens and shipping. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1 lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50.**

408 Perfected Perfecto. (85 days). A selection from Edward's Perfecto. It bears and ripens its fruit evenly and for a longer period than any other strain; for this reason is a favorite with many growers. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1 lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.75; 10 lbs, \$14.25; 30 lbs, \$30.00.**

MUSKMELONS—Continued.



Honeyball Melons.

410 Pollock 10-25. (85 days). Salmon-fleshed, fine flavored, standard Rocky Ford Cantaloupe. Round Melons, 5 inches in diameter, no ribs, heavy netting and excellent for shipping. Very thick salmon flesh, changing to green near the rind. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75; 25 lbs, \$19.00.**

400 Osage or Miller's Cream. (80 days). Large, main crop, orange-salmon fleshed Muskmelon. Thick flesh of luscious flavor. Small seed cavity. Can be shipped short distances. Large, oval-shaped Melons with indistinct ribs, green skin, and slight netting. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50.**

412 Delicious, Gold Lined. (85 days). Very attractive, Rocky Ford Cantaloupe. Deep green flesh with a gold lining next to the seed cavity. Round, heavily netted, no ribs, excellent flavor. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; lb, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25; 25 lbs, \$22.50.**

413 Rocky Ford. (85 days). Rust resistant and the finest green-fleshed selection from the Rocky Ford type. This Cantaloupe runs very uniform to standard size. The netting is very heavy and dense, which, with the thick flesh, makes it an ideal long-distance shipper. The flesh is usually green with an occasional light golden tint. Fine grained, good flavor and very solid. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.30, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50; 25 lbs, \$24.00.**

403 Extra Early Hackensack. (75 days). The earliest variety; a green-fleshed garden Muskmelon of good flavor. Widely used by home gardeners and market gardeners but not suitable for shipping. Flattened fruits have deep ribs and are coarsely netted. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 25 lbs, \$20.50.**

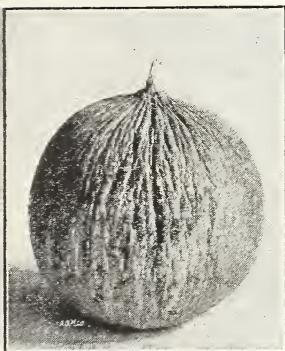
414 Honeyball. (100 days). This new Melon has a flavor enjoyed by everyone, and it is really difficult to please everyone with one flavor. The Honeyball is a cross between the Honey Dew and the Texas Cannon Ball. It has the appearance, shape and size of a Cantaloupe, very thick green flesh, of a delicious, aromatic flavor. The flavor is similar to the Honey Dew, but not as sweet and far more refreshing. The Honeyball is a good shipper, stays firm and keeps well in storage. Cannot be surpassed for the home garden. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 60c; lb, \$1.85, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.50; 25 lbs, \$29.00.**

405 Honey Dew. (110 days). Not a cantaloupe, but more a Fall or Winter Melon. The flesh is emerald-green, very thick, melting and fine grained. It can be eaten to the extreme rind, and the flavor is quite distinct and very sweet. It should be picked and stored before becoming fully ripe, when properly stored can be kept until Christmas. When ripe the skin is creamy yellow. Stands shipping excellently. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, \$1.35, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50; 25 lbs, \$21.50.**

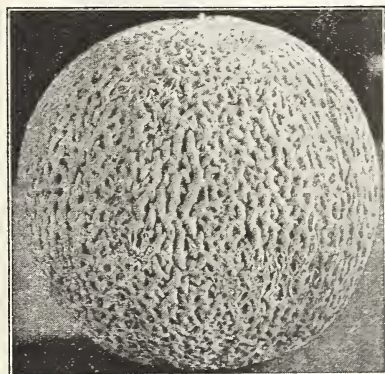
406 Golden Honey Dew. (105 days). Similar to the Honey Dew but slightly smaller and a little earlier. The flesh is salmon tinted and can be eaten clear to the rind. It has a rich, spicy flavor, which is considered to be much more tasty than the Honey Dew. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 55c; lb, \$1.60, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.50; 25 lbs, \$25.50.**

394 Golden Beauty Casaba. The Casaba is just coming into favor in the larger markets, where it often brings higher prices than the Honey Dew. While primarily a Winter Melon, it can be grown for the early market, where it will bring a premium. Melon grows 6 to 8 inches in diameter, and is nearly round. Flesh pure white, very thick, and of marvelous flavor. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.00.**

395 Roadside Market. (95 days). An exceptionally large Melon and also one of the finest flavored Melons we grow. Roadside Market has a particularly rich flavor which is quite distinctive. The Melons are almost round, frequently weigh over 10 pounds and have very thick, pink flesh. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; lb, \$2.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$11.00.**



Golden Beauty Casaba.



Delicious, Gold-Lined Cantaloupe.

I want more of that good Carrot Seed. I made the finest carrots from the seed you sent me that I ever made.

J. H. JONES, Brookshire, Texas.

Improved
California
Klondike.

Watermelons

Our Western Grown Watermelon seed is free from any citron. It is grown in fields that are strictly for seed. No melons are marketed from these fields, the very best melons are saved for seed. Continual re-selection, especially on the shipping types, keeps the varieties we list up to an even type standard.

Culture. One ounce plants 30 hills; three pounds to the acre. Plant in well drained hills, 8 to 10 feet apart each way. A light, sandy soil is the best, but Watermelons do well on any soil which is well drained. They are often planted between the rows in a cornfield. In growing they require plenty of water. Avoid lifting the vines and use only hand tools in cultivating.

752 Ward's Rio Grande. (75 days). An extremely early Melon and the finest, sweetest flavor of all the early Melons. You like Watermelons; you will like them better if you can get them real early in the season; you like Watermelons with rich bright red flesh and a solid heart; you like them crisp, tender and sweet—if that is what you want in a Watermelon we know you will like the Rio Grande. It is a long Melon with a thin dark green rind; it is too tender to stand shipping but it is ideal for home markets and for your garden. We have had several Rio Grande Melons weighing over 40 lbs. It is the best early Watermelon we have ever grown. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 65c; lb, \$1.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50; 10 lbs, \$12.50**

751 New Market Early. (70 days). The earliest Watermelon grown in this country. Cole's Early, which we have now discontinued, not only matures later but is not of equal quality. New Market Early will mature at much

higher altitudes and in more northern latitudes than Kleckley Sweet. Good sized melons, slightly oval in shape. The rind is dark green, mottled with darker green stripes and the flesh is bright red. Not suitable for shipping but excellent for home gardens and nearby markets. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 50c; lb, \$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.00.**

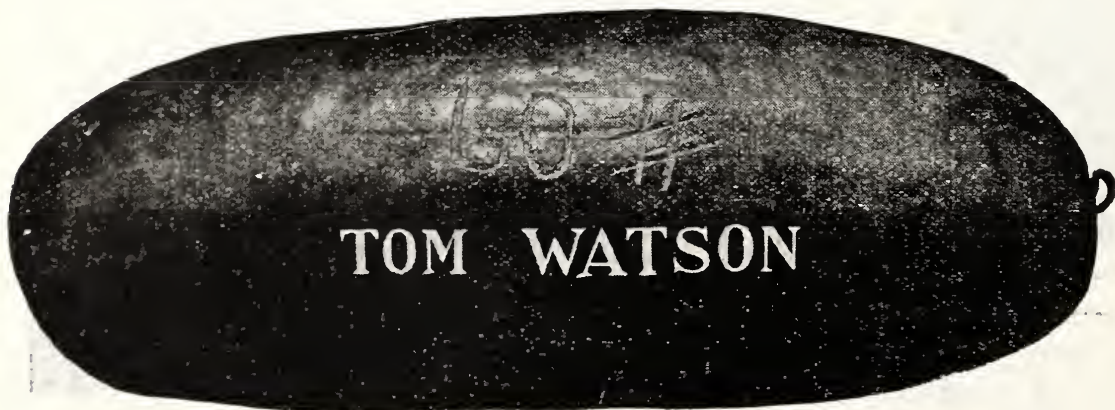
763 Improved California Klondike. (85 days). An early Melon for the home garden and one that can be shipped moderate distances. Our seed of the Improved California Klondike is grown from an excellent selection made by the University of California. The seed supply of the Improved California Klondike is very limited; when our stock is exhausted we will supply the regular Klondike on orders, unless otherwise specified. Improved California Klondike Melons are larger than Klondike, cylindrical shape, tapering toward the blossom end. The rind is dark green and fairly tough. The seeds are small and black and the flesh is an attractive bright red. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.00.**

757 Halbert Honey. (87 days). The sweetest of all Watermelons and a home garden favorite. Grows fully as long and as big as Kleckley Sweet. The Melons are dark green, slightly ridged and blunt at both ends. The flesh extends to within half an inch of the rind and is a beautiful bright crimson. It leaves no trace of pulp in the mouth. Rind too tender for shipping. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.50.**

762 Rocky Ford. (80 days). A Colorado selection of the Kleckley Sweet type. This excellent selection is one of the finest to plant for home use. The good sized Melons are very attractive, oblong in form, and have a dark green, glossy skin. The rind is unusually thin, with the flesh ripening close to it. The color of the flesh is a beautiful bright scarlet, and the heart is broad and solid. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.00; 10 lbs, \$9.00.**



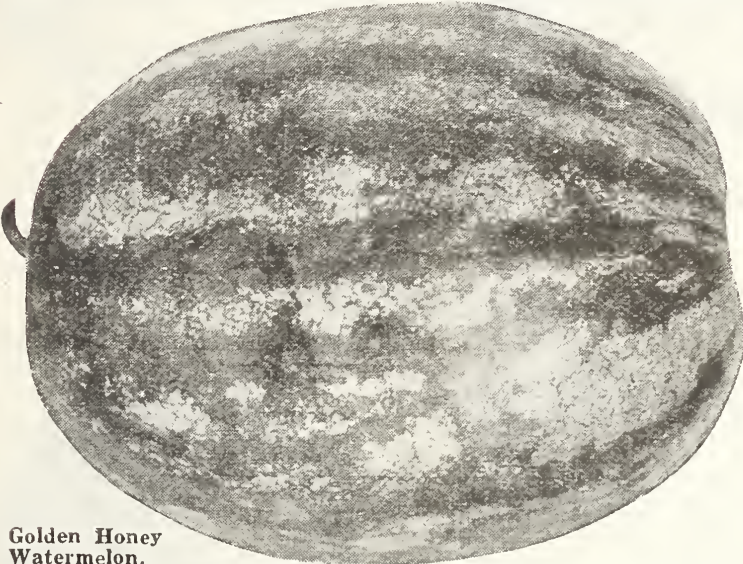
Rocky Ford Watermelon.



758 Kleckley's Sweet. (85 days). An immensely popular home garden Melon because of its earliness, superb flavor and surpassing crispness. Flesh very bright rich red and ripens nearly to the rind. The rind is too tender for shipping. Very dark green rind. Good size, oblong form, tapering towards the stem end. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 35c; lb, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50; 10 lbs, \$8.00.**

WATERMELONS—Continued.**767 Ward's Cannonball.** (90 days).

A large, round Melon, with solid meat, practically all heart. While not the earliest Melon, our trial grounds manager says that after he gets the first Cannonballs he will eat no other Melon, for the flavor is the very finest. This Watermelon is very well known in the Grand River Valley but we could not obtain enough of this seed to offer it to our customers until 1925. When better known, no farm garden will be complete without this Melon. The rind is only about half an inch thick but the flesh is so solid that it will stand a limited amount of shipping. This is the variety we recommend to you for your main crop. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25; 10 lbs, \$9.50.**

**Hippo Delight Watermelon.****Golden Honey Watermelon.**

765 Winter Queen. (95 days). Watermelons for Christmas. Nearly round, nearly white; ripen early but will remain solid and of good quality for two or three months. Every one should raise a few. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, \$1.40, postpaid.**

764 Tom Watson. (95 days). Still the most popular of all shipping Melons. The flesh is firm and always an intensely dark red color. The rind is deep green, indistinctly veined, thin but hard and tough, allowing long-distance shipping. Melons average 40 pounds and are cylindrical in shape. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; lb, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.40; 10 lbs, \$6.25.**

766 Irish Gray. (95 days). New shipping Melon. The tough rind withstands long shipping and helps the Melon to keep well. Attractive greenish grey skin but more attractive red, firm, sweet flesh notably free from hard centers and stringiness. Weight about 30 pounds. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 35c; lb, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 10 lbs, \$7.50.**

768 Hippo Delight. (95 days). A new Watermelon of excellent flavor and enormous size. Hippo Delight usually weighs 60 to 70 pounds. The rind is quite tough and will stand long-distance shipping. The solid flesh is dark red and a fine sweet flavor. On the market the size of Hippo Delight creates the sale. The Melons are long with a fairly thick, dark green rind with very faint stripes. **Pkt, 15c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.00; lb, \$3.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$11.75.**

756 Golden Honey. (90 days). One of the best eating Melons, has a fine sweet flavor. The golden colored flesh is very tender, entirely free from hard centers or stringiness. Oval melons, weight 25 pounds. Not a shipper but a quality home garden Melon. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, \$1.25, postpaid.**

Mustard for Greens

One ounce to 600 feet of drill.

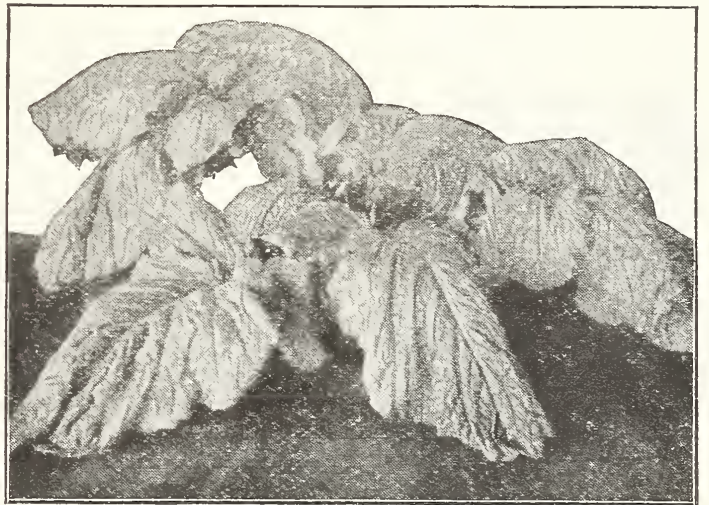
Sow the seed every ten days during cool weather. Water freely.

547 Giant Southern Curled. (50 days). Very hardy, true curled leaf variety, popular in the South for Fall planting. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; lb, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.70; 25 lbs, \$10.75.**

550 Chinese Broad Leaf. (55 days). Leaves twice the size of other varieties; stems more succulent, deep green; very pleasing, sweet, pungent flavor. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; lb, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs., \$3.60; 25 lbs., \$12.75.**

Okra or Gumbo

This vegetable does not take up much room in the garden and is really a highly prized seasoning for stews, meats and soups. Also used for pickles, or dried for Winter use. Cultivate the same as corn. In the higher altitudes the seed should be started indoors in paper pots. One ounce sows 75 feet of row.

**Giant Southern Curled Mustard.****Chinese Broad Leaf Mustard.**

552 White Velvet. (70 days). An early variety producing long, smooth, white pods of excellent flavor. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 25c; lb, 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.50.**

553 Perkins Long Pod. (75 days). Long, deep green pods of fine quality. Extensively grown in the South for market and home garden. Plants grow very tall and produce a great abundance of pods 5 to 10 inches in length. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs., \$2.20.**

**Okra.**



Planting Mountain Sweet Spanish Onions to Produce Seed. These Onions had been in storage since September. Notice how well they kept. Actual shrinkage in re-sorting only $2\frac{1}{2}\%$. Picture of field in full bloom on front cover.

All our bulbs are grown from our selected stock seed, the bulbs are sorted and stored over Winter. The bulbs are then re-sorted and set out in the Spring to grow to seed. This method assures all varieties being true to color and type and free from any thick necks or Onions that will not keep properly.

Continued mountain growing of all varieties gains earlier maturity, better keeping qualities, a deeper colored skin, an even thin-necked type and increased size and yield.

Culture. One ounce to 200 feet of drill; 3 to 6 pounds per acre. Soil for Onions should be well drained, very rich or fertilized, well pulverized at the surface and above all free from weeds. In weedy soil the work of weeding the Onions will be more than the crop is worth. Sow the seed thinly in drills one-half inch deep and rows 14 inches apart. Keep the ground open and free from weeds but do not ridge up to the growing bulbs.

FALL SOWING. We recommend sowing a part of your acreage the middle to latter part of August. Some of these Onions will go to seed in the Spring and a few will winter-kill, but the high price obtained for the early crop will offset the loss. Part of this loss can be overcome by sowing the seed slightly thicker than Spring planting.

554 Mountain Danvers. (95 days). The earliest and best keeping yellow globe onion. Popular in all northern onion sections. Yields an enormous crop,



Denia Onion.

growing 300 to 700 sacks to the acre in our irrigated mountain valleys. The Mountain Danvers is the result of 30 years growing in the mountains of Western Colorado. Originally the seed was grown, and some seed still is grown, by Western Colorado farmers for their own use. Each farmer had a different idea of the type he required with the result that there has been a wide variation in the type of this variety. All types have been very early and excellent keepers. During the past few years we have selected the Mountain Danvers on our "Mile High" farms and have bred it to an even type. Our Mountain Danvers is apple shaped, that is, a very slightly flattened globe. The Onions are thin-necked and solid. The skin is a darker color than the Yellow Globe Danvers and the Mountain Danvers matures a month earlier. The Mountain Danvers is a good size, the crop ripens evenly and will keep with less shrinkage or loss than any other Onion, with the possible exception of the Australian Brown. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, \$1.20; 1b, \$3.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$16.25; 10 lbs, \$30.50.**

574 Mountain Yellow Globe. (110 days). A companion type to the Mountain Danvers, not quite as early, but a deeper bulb, being a true ball-shaped globe. Originally from the Southport Yellow Globe type, continued mountain growing has made this Onion earlier, a better keeper and a somewhat darker skin. Like the Mountain Danvers this Onion is an immense cropper and an excellent market variety. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, \$1.20; 1b, \$3.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$16.25; 10 lbs, \$30.50.**

573 Yellow Globe Danvers. (125 days). Similar in color to the Mountain Danvers, true globe-shaped but a little later maturing and smaller. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 65c; 1b, \$1.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.75; 10 lbs, \$16.00.**

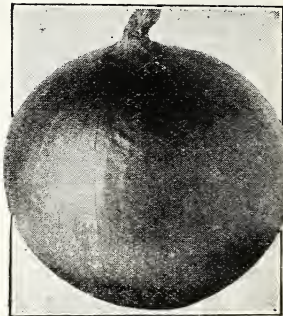
NOTICE

If interested in future field seed prices, or garden seeds in large quantities, please fill out post card enclosed with this catalog.

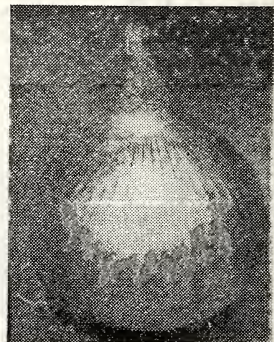
Mountain Grown Onion Seed

Early maturity is indeed a feature of Mountain Grown Onion Seed. Most of the Onion Seed used by the seed trade is grown at a low altitude in California, and some seed is imported from Europe. European seed of the globe varieties is not adapted to this country. It will not ripen down properly, but forms scallions or thick necks as many planters have found out.

California grown seed is very good, but does not ripen as early as Mountain grown seed. For instance, our Mountain Danvers originally selected from the Yellow Globe Danvers is now fully a month earlier than that variety, and in addition, a much better keeper. Other varieties which have been grown in this section long enough to gain exceptionally early maturity and long keeping qualities are the Mountain Red Globe, Mountain Sweet Spanish and Mountain Yellow Globe.



Prizetaker Onion.



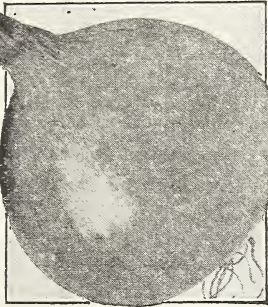
Yellow Globe Danvers.

ONIONS—Continued.

559 Mountain Sweet Spanish. (120 days). The finest, largest and best keeping of the Sweet Spanish types. Mountain Sweet Spanish is the result of continued mountain growing of the Riverside Sweet Spanish. An excellent variety for shipping or storing for Winter use. The Onions are large globes, averaging 6 inches in diameter, and yield an enormous crop per acre. The flavor is sweet and mild. **Pkt, 15c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.60; 1b, \$5.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$25.50; 10 lbs, \$49.00.** (See front cover).

560 Southport Yellow Globe. (130 days). A handsome market variety. Medium to large size, true globe shape, with a deep yellow skin. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.75; 10 lbs, \$16.00.**

557 Prizetaker. (135 days). The original Sweet Spanish type. A large, globe-shaped Onion with a straw colored skin. Good for Fall use but not a good keeper. Very similar to Gigantic Gibraltar. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.50; 10 lbs, \$15.75.**



Southport Yellow Globe.

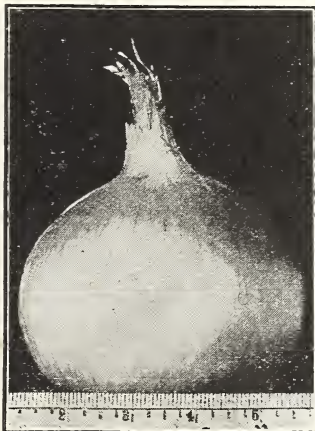
571 Mountain Red Globe. (100 days). A worthy companion to the Mountain Danvers. By most careful selection from the Southport Red Globe we produced the Mountain Red Globe. The many compliments we have received on this Onion prove it to be a real success. Mountain Red Globe is true globe shaped, thin-necked, solid flesh, early maturing and enormously productive. By all standards the finest Red Onion grown. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$11.00; 10 lbs, \$19.70.**

569 White Lisbon. For green Onions; early, yet slow to form a bulb. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.50.**

565 Mammoth Silver King. (115 days). Large, flat, white variety, used only for Fall market. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$9.50.**

563 Extra Early White Pearl. (90 days). The earliest and finest of the pickling Onions. Small, round, hard, crisp and tender. Pearly white flesh, mild and sweet flavor. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.00; 1b, \$3.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.00.**

568 Early White Queen. (95 days). The little round, white Onion used for pickling or in chow-chow. Extremely early, firm flesh and mild in flavor. Pickled Onions are enjoyed by all the family. To grow for pickling, sow seed thickly (1 oz. to 50 ft. of drill), cover well and do not allow the Onions to appear above ground. This variety is also well adapted for early bunch Onions. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$11.00.**



Mountain Sweet Spanish.

570 Denia. (140 days). An improved Prizetaker, somewhat larger and a considerably better keeper. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c; 1b, \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$9.00; 10 lbs, \$17.25.**

572 Riverside Sweet Spanish. (130 days). A very large sweet Onion. Not as early or as good a keeper in stores as Mountain Sweet Spanish. **Pkt, 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.45, 1b, \$4.60, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$20.50; 10 lbs, \$39.00.**

556 Australian Brown. (110 days). Excellent keeper, medium size, flattened globe with a dark brown skin, good set variety. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 55c; 1b, \$1.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.25.**



White Portugal.

562 Large Red Wethersfield. (125 days). The largest red Onion, and very solid. Rather flat with a dark purplish red skin. A good set variety. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; 1b, \$1.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$8.00.**

561 Southport White Globe. (120 days). A medium sized, perfect globe with a thin paper-white skin. Usually commands a premium on the market as a Fall Onion. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 85c; 1b, \$2.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$10.50; 10 lbs, \$19.25.**

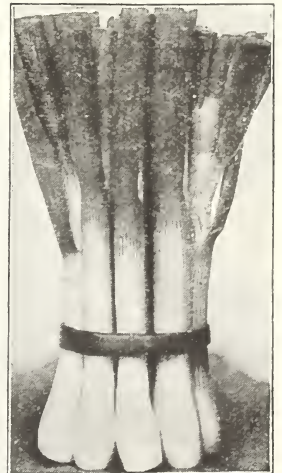
567 White Portugal or Silverskin. (125 days). Our seed of White Portugal is all grown on our own farms, we do not handle imported White Portugal. This domestic White Portugal is medium size, flat, pure white and an excellent keeper. Excellent set or pickle variety. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c; 1b, \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$10.25; 10 lbs, \$19.00.**

566 Crystal White Wax. (120 days). Pure white, early, extremely mild and sweet. Crystal Wax is usually grown from plants and then matures for a Summer salad Onion when it commands a good market price. Good sized, very flat bulbs. Crystal Wax must be cured in the shade or they will sunburn and spoil very quickly. Can be grown for Summer use from seed planted in the early Fall. Tenerife grown seed. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.15; 1b, \$3.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$15.00.**

564 Yellow or White Bermuda. (120 days). Similar to Crystal Wax, but with a straw colored skin. Yellow Bermuda is a deeper Onion, a better yielder and not so liable to sunburn. Tenerife grown seed. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.05; 1b, \$3.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.50.**



Australian Brown Onion.



White Lisbon Onions.



Crystal Wax Onion Plants.

Yellow or White Bermuda. Fine sweet flavor and a heavy yielder. 30c per 100; 95c per 500; \$1.70 per 1000; \$6.50 per crate of 6000; order of 18,000 plants or over, \$1.00 per 1000, by prepaid express or parcel post.

Onion Sets

Our Onion Sets are all Colorado grown and a fine solid quality which is far superior to the sets grown in many sections. Mountain growing produces the solid quality and mountain sunshine cures them into excellent keeping Onion sets. They are stored during the Winter on ventilated trays to be in finest condition for Spring shipment.

While many of our customers will use Onion plants for growing their large Onions, Onion sets will be still found in all gardens for early green Onions.

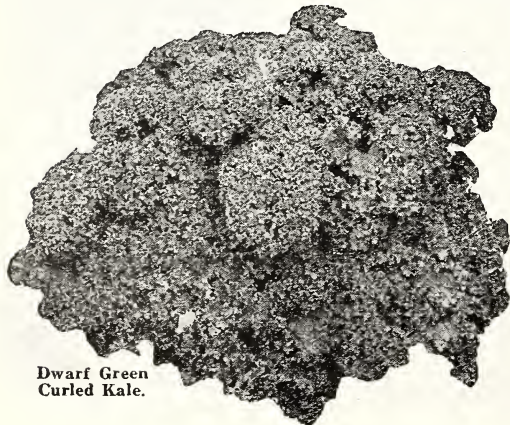
Mountain Danvers. Qt. 25c; 4 lbs, 85c, postpaid.

Yellow Onion Sets. Qt. 25c; 4 lbs, 75c, postpaid.

White Onion Sets. Qt. 25c; 4 lbs, 85c, postpaid.

Red Onion Sets. Qt. 25c; 4 lbs, 75c, postpaid.

See colored price sheet for prices on larger quantities.



Dwarf Green Curled Kale.

Onion Plants

Onion plants produce the fine, sweet salad Onions for Summer use. These Onions are grown from plants much earlier than they could be grown from seed.

The Onion plant is a small green Onion with the root on, well started, and grown from the finest varieties of Onion seed.

The live, green, well rooted, vigorous Onion plants are ready to go to work as soon as they are set in the field or garden.

Mountain Grown Onion Plants. These exceptionally hardy plants are grown outdoors in the mountains without any protection. The seed is sown in the early Fall and while some winter kill, the plants which survive are really hardy and will grow in spite of adverse weather. These plants are pulled at our farms and shipped to you fresh from the field. Some of our customers in the southern states require their Onion plants before our ground thaws, on these early orders we ship Texas grown plants. They are grown for us from our selected seed.

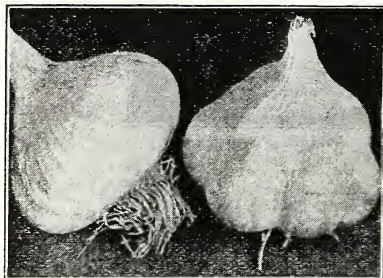
About 90,000 plants are required to set an acre. A good yield is 7 to 10 bushels of Onions per 1000 plants. Onion plants are very hardy and can be set out as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring. This will give you fine quality Onions for the early market or table. Onion plants are not easily perishable if kept dry and not allowed to heat.

Crystal Wax. The most popular variety of Onions grown from plants. Skin pure white and very thin. Flesh very mild and sweet. Brings a premium on the market. 30c per 100; \$1.00 per 500; \$1.80 per 1000; \$7.00 per crate of 6000; quantities of 18,000 plants or over, \$1.10 per 1000, prepaid.

Mountain Sweet Spanish. Large, sweet globe Onions, early and good keepers. 40c per 100; \$1.10 per 500; \$2.00 per 1000; \$3.00 per crate of 6000 plants; order of 18,000 plants or over, \$1.25 per 1000, by prepaid express or parcel post.



Kohl-rabi.



Garlic Bulbs.

Garlic

Grown from bulbs only, divide bulbs in planting. Used for flavoring. ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.25.

Kohlrabi

Sometimes called the Lazy Man's Cauliflower, being cooked and served in the same manner as cauliflower. The bulbs should be gathered to be tender as soon as they are 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Successive plantings should be made to insure a steady supply. One ounce will sow 300 feet of drill.

522 Early White Vienna. (50 days). Extremely early, with distinctly small tops; bulbs medium size, very light green or nearly white and of the best quality. Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 60c; 1b, \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.50.

Kale or Borecole

Culture. One ounce produces 2500 plants. Kale furnishes excellent greens for Winter and early Spring use, with a flavor entirely different. Sow late, frost improves the quality. Transplant to 2½ feet apart. Excellent for cooking with meat and soups. Also used for green feed for chickens.

520 Dwarf Green Curled. (55 days). The leaves resemble handsome, thick plumes. 12 to 14 inches long. Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, 95c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.50.

Leek

A delicately flavored member of the onion family, equally useful for flavoring soups or as a salad.

Culture. One ounce to 150 feet of drill. Sow as early as possible in Spring, or can be started in hotbeds. In cultivating hill up to the plants. Plants are hardy and may be left outdoors all Winter.

524 Large American Flag. (90 days). An early, hardy variety. Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 45c; 1b, \$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.50.



Peanuts.

Peanuts

Grown both for the nuts and for the hay.

Culture. 40 pounds per acre. Plant in a light, sandy soil. Plant in rows 3 feet apart and about 10 inches apart in the rows.

217 Small Spanish. Very early. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 35c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.25.

218 Large Virginia. Large pods. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 35c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.25.

Salsify or Oyster Plant

Oyster flavor, used in soups or may be boiled or sliced and fried.

Culture. One ounce to 50 feet of drill. Sow early and quite deep in a light, rich soil. Very hardy, can be stored or left in ground all Winter.

675 Mammoth Sandwich Island. Largest and best quality. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 60c, 1b, \$1.80, postpaid.



THE NOC-OUT FERTILIZER SPREADER
A little swing back and forth spreads all dust fertilizers nicely.
Price, \$1.35, postpaid.



Salsify.

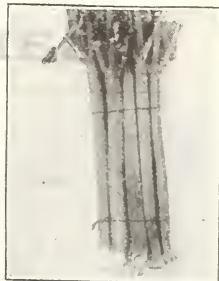
Rhubarb or Pie Plant

For Rhubarb Roots see page 46.

An early Spring vegetable and a real Spring tonic. Rhubarb leaves should not be used for greens or fed to stock, they are poisonous.

Culture. One ounce to 150 feet of row. Sow seed in a shallow drill. The stalks should not be used until the plants have had a full season's growth. When a blossom stalk appears it should be cut back well into the ground to prevent the plant from running to seed.

673 Mammoth. Vigorous and productive stalks fully $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide and bears for a long season. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1b, \$2.30, postpaid.



Rhubarb.

Rutabagas or Swede Turnips

Large Winter Turnips with a fine sweet flavor.

Culture. The same as Turnips except that Rutabagas require a longer season for maturing and should be sown the latter half of June.

743 Improved American Purple Top. (95 days). A hardy, productive variety; roots are large, with a very small tap root. Color bright yellow with a purple top. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 25c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.50.

749 Bangholm. (100 days). One of the best and heaviest cropping sorts. The quality is fine; very tender, and without the stringy nature common in some sorts. A valuable table variety, and is also used for stock feeding. An excellent keeper. Globe shape, with a rich purple top and light yellow below ground. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb, 30c; 1b, 85c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.50; 10 lbs, \$6.25.

Protect Your Grain Profits Increase Your Crop Yields with CERESAN

Why lose part of your grain crops through smuts and other seed-borne diseases? Prevent these diseases and protect your profits by treating all seed grains with Ceresan before sowing. Effective in controlling stinking smut and seed-borne flag smut of wheat; seedling blight of cereals caused by seed-borne scab; smuts of oats; covered smut and stripe of barley; kernel smuts of sorghums and millets; and seed-borne stem smut of rye. Seed may be treated in spare time. Ceresan is harmless to seed and does not injure grain drills. Use 2 oz. per bushel of seed wheat, rye, sorghums or millets; 3 oz. for oats and barley.

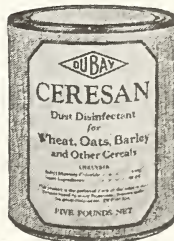
The only seed treatment you need for

Wheat
Oats
Barley
Rye
Sorghums
Millet

1 lb. \$.75
5 lb. 3.00
25 lb. 12.50



Ceresan increased this oats yield 19.1 bushels per acre and gave perfect smut control.



Semesan Jr.

A dust treatment for seed corn diseases; is very effective for smut, root rot, and a great many other diseases that are carried on the seed; also will help to prevent seed from rotting in cold, wet weather. Use 2 ozs. per bushel applied as a dust. 4-oz. tin, 50c; 1-lb. tin, \$1.75; 5-lb. tin, \$8.00, not prepaid.



Increase Your Potato Yield With Semesan Bel

At least 50% of all seed potatoes have disease in some form. Mix Semesan Bel with cold water and dip, but do not soak, the potatoes, and thus save a great deal of time and grow a bigger, better quality crop. One pound treats 16 to 22 bushels of seed. 4-oz. tin, 50c; 1-lb. tin, \$1.75; 5-lb. tin, \$8.00; 25 lbs, \$31.25, not prepaid.



Treat all Vegetable and Flower Seed and Bulbs with

Semesan

Increase germination, prevent damping-off and other diseases, produce more beautiful flowers and better quality vegetables by treating with Semesan. Full directions with every can. 2-oz. tin, 50c; 1-lb. tin, \$2.75; 5-lb. tin, \$13.00.



GARDEN PEAS—Continued.

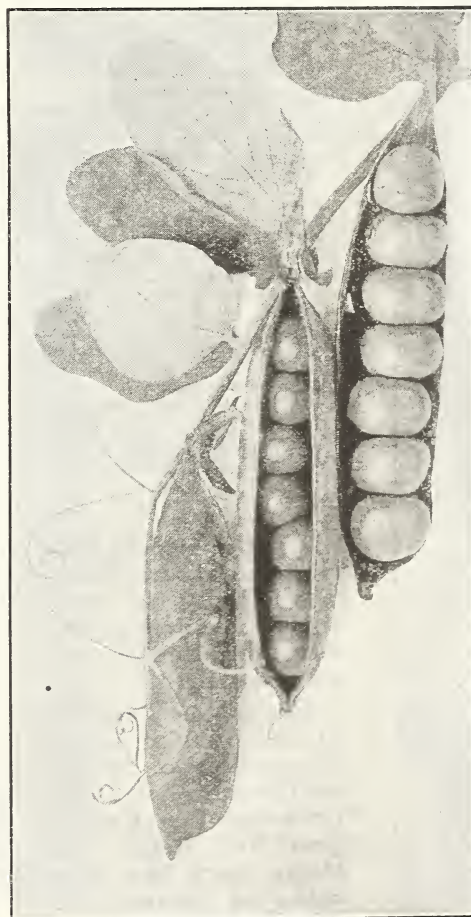


Hundred-fold Peas.

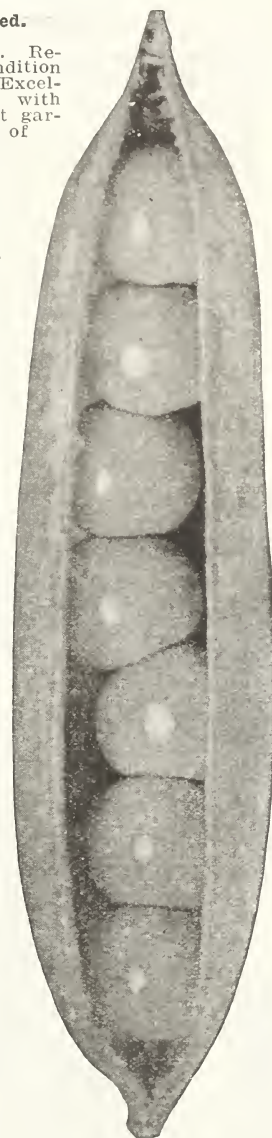
589 Little Marvel. (68 days). Remains in prime picking condition a week longer than Nott's Excelsior, making it a favorite with home gardeners and market gardeners. Considered the best of its class. An early, productive, wrinkled variety. Foliage and pods dark green. Pods 3 inches long, round with square end, and often contain 7 rich, dark green peas. Height 14 inches. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 20c; 1b, 30c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, 90c; 25 lbs, \$4.25; 100 lbs, \$16.00.**

594 Premium Gem. (75 days). Very productive, being an improved and more dwarf strain of McLean's Little Gem. Light green pods 3 inches long, round and square-ended, and crowded with 6 to 9 peas of delicious flavor. Not so upright as American Wonder, but the vines which grow 18 inches high, require no staking. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.30; 25 lbs, \$4.50; 100 lbs, \$16.00.**

597 Laxton's Progress. (70 days). The earliest and heaviest yielder of the new large-podded types of dwarf Peas. An improved Laxtonian, being earlier and averaging one more pea to the pod. Pods like the Telephone varieties, 4 inches long, broad and pointed, deep green in color. Pods contain 8 large, dark green peas of high quality. Height 18 inches. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50; 25 lbs, \$5.25; 100 lbs, \$17.50.**



Little Marvel Peas.



Laxtonian Peas.

588 Hundredfold. (75 days). One of the best of the Laxtonian type, slightly larger pods than Peter Pan and with very much of the Peter Pan flavor. Bunchy vines are well loaded with pods. Vines 16 inches high, sturdy and resist heat well. Dark green pods 4 inches long, fairly broad and pointed. Pods contain 8 large, dark green peas. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.60; 25 lbs, \$5.50; 100 lbs, \$17.50.**

98 Ward's Bestever. (70 days). The best variety of the Gradus type and has been very popular ever since we introduced it in 1924. It is so hardy that it can be planted much earlier than Gradus and can be picked several days before that variety is ready. The large pods are more even in size, very attractive in appearance, and usually contain 9 dark green peas of extra fine quality. Bestever is more dwarf than Gradus, the sturdy vines growing 2 feet high. Bestever has such a fine flavor that many of our customers plant it in succession for early, second early, and main crop Peas. Pods 4 inches long, very broad, pointed and well filled. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 30c; 1b, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.75; 25 lbs, \$6.00; 100 lbs, \$21.25.**

592 Laxtonian or Blue Bantam. (75 days). The original variety of this productive new class. Somewhat similar to Gradus, but more dwarf, earlier and large pods like the Telephone. Deep green pods 3¾ inches long, straight and pointed. Pods contain 6 to 8 large, dark green peas. Deep green, bunchy vine grows 1½ feet high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.40; 25 lbs, \$5.00; 100 lbs, \$17.25.**

Peas are one important crop that should always be raised from Mountain Grown Seed.

GARDEN PEAS—Continued.

593 Thomas Laxton. (78 days). A selection from Gradus, being a more abundant yielder, and possibly better flavor. Pods slightly smaller but round and square-ended, containing 7 medium dark green peas of excellent quality. Medium green pods $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. Vine moderately stout, grows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. **Pkt, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 25c; lb, 35c, postpaid.** **Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.40; 25 lbs, \$5.00; 100 lbs, \$18.00.**

591 Gradus or Prosperity. (78 days). This fine variety combines earliness with large size. The pods are similar to the late Telephone types, medium green, $3\frac{3}{4}$ inches long, semi-round, straight, slightly curved at the tip and pointed. The pods contain 6 to 8 large, very sweet, medium green peas. The high quality of the peas has made this one of the most widely cultivated types. Height 3 feet, moderately heavy vines. **Pkt, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 25c; lb, 35c, postpaid.** **Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.40; 25 lbs, \$5.00; 100 lbs, \$18.00.**

611 Melting Sugar Pod, Dwarf. (80 days). Edible pods are cooked when young and eaten the same as string beans; they are very sweet, brittle and stringless. Light green pods are $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch broad and square-ended. Pods contain 7 light green peas. Vines are medium heavy, grow 3 feet high and have very pretty purple blossoms. **Pkt, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 20c; lb, 35c, postpaid.** **Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.25; 25 lbs, \$5.00.**

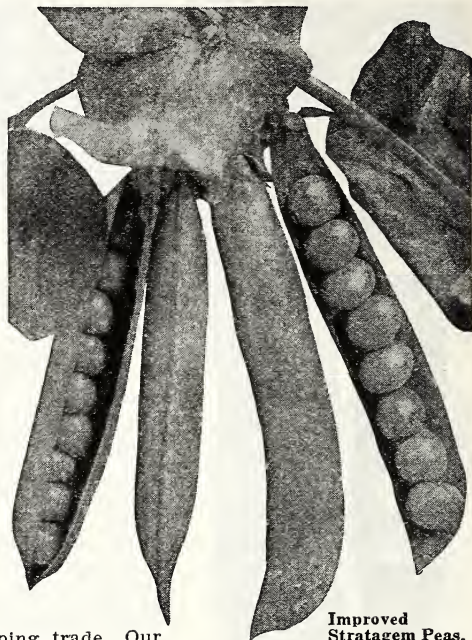
608 Dwarf Telephone. (88 days). A dwarf strain of the popular Telephone, being bred from Carter's Daisy and improved over that variety in the larger and darker green pods. Dwarf Telephone has long been the favorite with the mountain shipping trade. Our strain of this variety is bred especially for the needs of this trade, making it well suited to all particular planters. **Pkt, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 25c; lb, 35c, postpaid.** **Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.45; 25 lbs, \$4.40; 100 lbs, \$16.75.**

607 Improved Stratagem. (85 days). A fine old favorite dwarf main crop Pea. Pods $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, slightly curved, pointed and dark green. Pods contain 8 to 9 medium green peas of fine quality. Height 2 feet, does not require staking. **Pkt, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 25c; lb, 35c, postpaid.** **Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.45; 25 lbs, \$4.40; 100 lbs, \$16.75.**

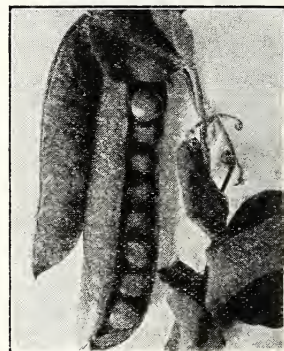
609 Tall Telephone. (90 days). For main crop, the heaviest yields and the finest Peas in the largest pods are found in the Telephone types. Pods are $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, straight, broad and pointed, pods contain 8 large, light green peas of fine quality. Strong, heavy vine grows 4 feet high. **Pkt, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 25c; lb, 35c, postpaid.** **Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.40; 25 lbs, \$4.35; 100 lbs, \$16.00.**

Don't overlook Mile High Supreme Peas. Very large, very early. Delicious flavor. Full description on page three.

For a fresh supply of delicious Peas all through the Spring and Summer, we recommend Pea Collection No. 1510. All these varieties in a class by themselves. (See next page).



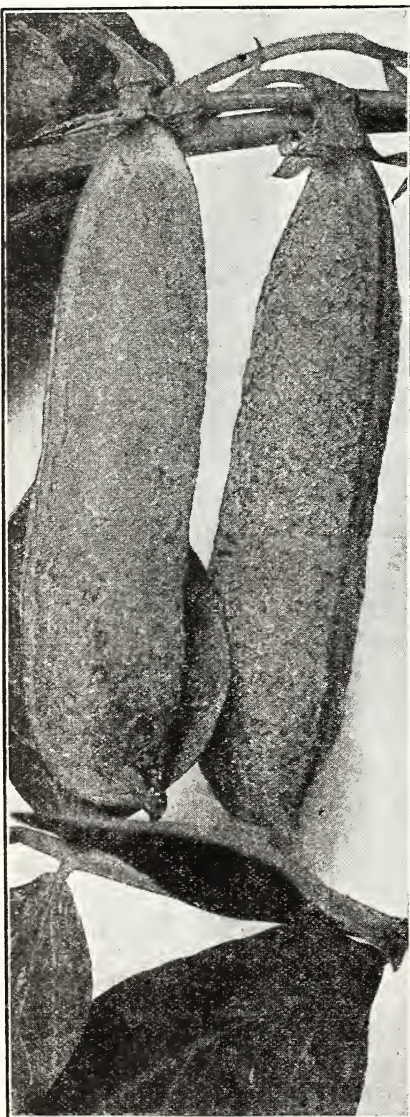
Improved Stratagem Peas.



Gradus Peas.



Dwarf Telephone Peas.



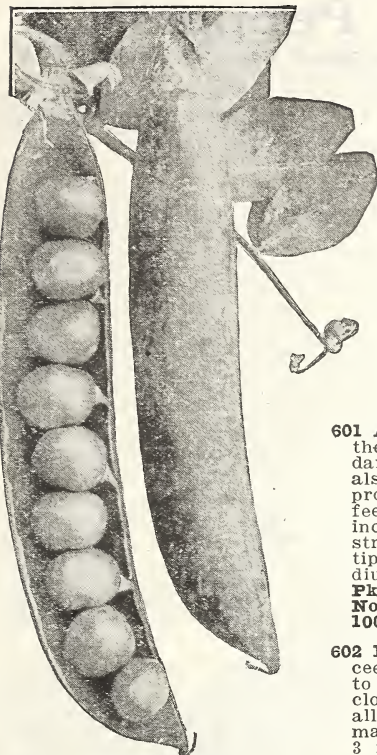
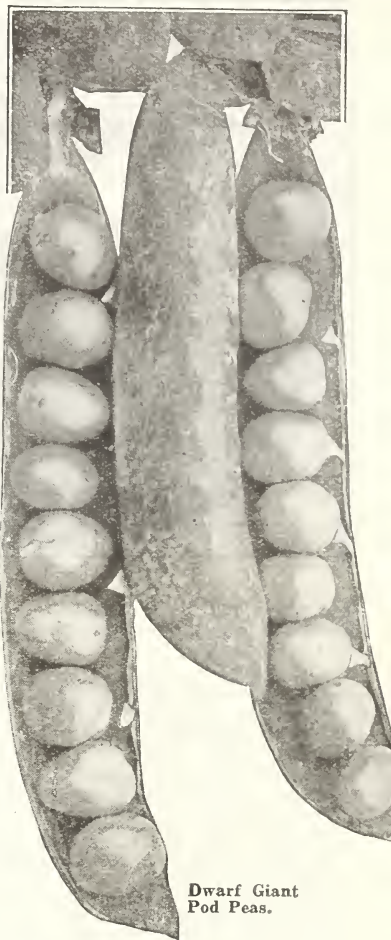
Thomas Laxton Peas.

GARDEN PEAS—Continued.**600 Dwarf Giant Pod. (82 days).**

The best main crop Pea for the home garden. Not only an enormous yielder of large pods, but also peas of the finest flavor. The dark green vines are exceptionally stout, grow 2½ feet high and do not require staking. Pods are a very dark green, straight, pointed and 4½ to 5 inches long. Pods usually contain 9 very large, dark green peas of tempting appearance and excellent quality. The seed of this variety has been scarce and some customers ordering late have been disappointed. This year we hope to have enough Dwarf Giant Pod seed to take care of all our customers. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 35c; 1 lb, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.75; 25 lbs, \$6.00; 100 lbs, \$22.00.**

601 Alderman. (95 days). Differs from the Tall Telephone in that it has darker pods and peas. Alderman is also more vigorous and immensely prolific. Strong, stout vines grow 4 feet high. Loaded with pods 4¾ inches long, very broad, pointed, straight with a slight curve at the tip. Pods contain 9 extra large medium green peas of finest quality. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1 lb, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50; 25 lbs, \$5.25; 100 lbs, \$17.00.**

602 Bliss Everbearing. (90 days). Exceedingly productive and continues to bear for a long season. Vine is closely jointed and the pods are usually in pairs. Plant frequently forms many stalks from a single root. Pod 3 inches long, straight, pointed and contains 4 to 5 light green peas of good quality. Sturdy vines, 3 feet high. **Pkt, 5c; ½ lb, 20c; 1 lb, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.40; 25 lbs, \$4.75; 100 lbs, \$16.00.**

**Alderman Peas.****Dwarf Giant Pod Peas.****Bliss Everbearing Peas.**

Pea Collections

Please Order Collections by Number

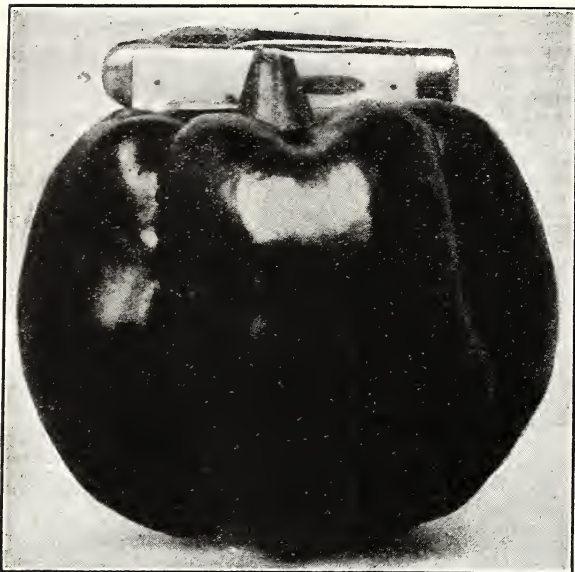
We are listing two collections of Peas, three varieties in each. Either collection will give a continued yield of Peas through the season. Collection 1505 to 1508 are made up of the old, standard varieties. Nos. 1510 to 1513 have our Mile High Supreme as first early, Ward's Bestever as second early, and Dwarf Giant Pod as a canning crop—Collection 1510 to 1513 would be my choice. Any of them shows a nice saving in price.

Alaska, Ward's Bestever, Bliss' Everbearing.

Collection:	Our Special	
	Catalog Price	Collection Price
No. 1505—1 pkt. each of above varieties	\$0.20	\$0.15
No. 1506—½ lb. each of above varieties .....	.70	.50
No. 1507—1 lb. each of above varieties	1.15	.90
No. 1508—5 lbs. each of above varieties	4.40	3.45

Mile High Supreme, Ward's Bestever, Dwarf Giant Pod

Collection:		
No. 1510—1 pkt. each of above varieties .....	.30	.20
No. 1511—½ lb. each of above varieties .....	.95	.60
No. 1512—1 lb. each of above varieties	1.45	1.05
No. 1513—5 lbs. each of above varieties	5.15	3.75



Chinese Giant Pepper.

618 Large Bell or Bull Nose. (100 days). Extremely early and popular for pickling. The pendent scarlet fruits are two inches in diameter, three inches long and blunt ended. Occasionally a plant will produce hot fruits, but usually they are sweet. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.20; lb, \$3.55, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$13.50.**

619 Early Mountain. (100 days). One of the very earliest Peppers and the fruits are always sweet. Plants about 15 inches high and quite compact in growth. Will yield more early Peppers than any other variety. Tomato-shaped fruits with a true Sweet Pepper flavor. Wonderful for Summer salads. A variety well recommended for the home garden. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.40; lb, \$4.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$17.00.**

617 California Wonder. (130 days). Similar to the Chinese Giant in large size and blocky form, but has an extremely thick flesh. A new variety of real merit. Crimson fruits 4½ inches long and 4 inches in diameter. Flesh mild and sweet. **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 65c; oz, 95c; ¼ lb, \$2.75; lb, \$7.85, postpaid.**

627 Ruby Giant. (130 days). Similar to Ruby King but the fruits are larger and a little broader at the blossom end. Fruits 4-lobed, 5 inches long by 3½ inches in diameter. Flesh very thick, firm and mild. Very productive and an excellent shipper. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.35; lb, \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$18.00.**

622 Chinese Giant. (135 days). The very largest of all the sweet, mild Peppers. Fruits 4 to 5 inches broad and of equal height, turn a beautiful rich glossy, bright red. Plants short and stocky in growth. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.75; lb, \$5.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$21.00.**

625 Mile High Sweet Giant (125 days). A wonderful new Pepper. Illustrated on page 3 of this catalog. A very large, thick-meated Pepper, very sweet. A fine Pepper to stuff and bake. Our supply of seed is limited on this variety, so cannot offer in larger quantities than ounces. **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 60c; oz, 90c, postpaid.**



Long Red Cayenne.

Market gardeners and large growers. Please write for special prices on seeds in large quantities.

Peppers

(For Pepper Plants, see page 46).

Peppers add a zest to even the most common dishes and will put in that flavor to rouse the lagging appetite of a hot Summer day. Peppers can be prepared for the table in so many ways that they are always a novelty. A few plants will furnish a big yield in the home garden.

Peppers are one of the best paying market crops. The large varieties always command an excellent price on the market, although the earlier varieties can often be put on a nearby market at very attractive prices. Most varieties are eaten when green before they ripen and turn red, but the Sunnybrook is equally good red or green.

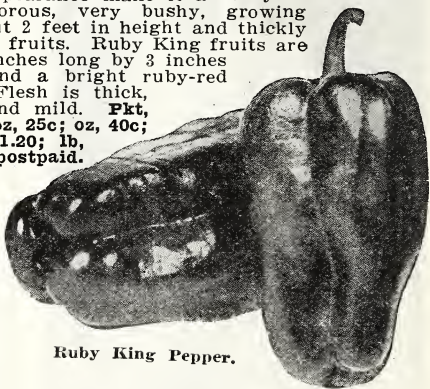
Culture. One ounce produces 1,500 plants, 4 to 6 ounces are required for an acre. The seed requires plenty of moisture and warmth to germinate. Peppers should be started in a hotbed, cold frame or box and transplanted about the end of May in most localities. A light, rich, warm soil is best, although they will do well in a sunny corner of the garden. Plant in rows about 2 feet apart and about 2 feet apart in the rows. Sweet Peppers should not be grown near Hot Peppers or they will take on some of the hot flavor.

624 Sunnybrook. (110 days). An improved Pimento. As sweet as an apple, and the flesh is unusually thick. Medium size, 3 inches thick by 2¼ inches deep, just right size for stuffing. The very best Pepper for canning. Small, bushy plants are just loaded with deep green fruits which turn a bright glossy scarlet. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 55c; ¼ lb, \$1.00; lb, \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$18.60.**

629 Worldbeater. (125 days). A cross between Ruby King and Chinese Giant. Produces uniformly large Peppers almost as large as Chinese Giant but with a slimmer form and with the brilliant appearance of the Ruby King. A vigorous grower, sure cropper and quite prolific. Worldbeater is popular with home gardeners and the shipping trade. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.35; lb, \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$18.00.**

626 Ruby King. (120 days). The earliest large shipping type of Pepper. Splendid size and handsome appearance make it a ready seller. Plants are vigorous, very bushy, growing about 2 feet in height and thickly set with fruits. Ruby King fruits are 5 to 6 inches long by 3 inches thick, and a bright ruby-red color. Flesh is thick, sweet and mild. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.20; lb, \$3.40, postpaid.**

Not prepaid,
5 lbs,
\$14.75.



Ruby King Pepper.

Try a few
Peppers
this year.
They are
very easy
to grow.

Hot Peppers

Small-fruited varieties used for spicing and pickling.

621 Long Red Cayenne. (120 days). Fruits 4 inches long, often curved and twisted, are borne in profusion. Bright red, hot and pungent. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.15; lb, \$3.50, postpaid.**

623 Large Mexican Chili. (125 days). The large dark red pods are dried and used in making chili and in flavoring other dishes. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 55c; ¼ lb, \$1.65; lb, \$5.00, postpaid.**

620 Red Chili. (125 days). Yields an enormous crop of fruits 2 to 3 inches long and narrow. The fruits are fiery hot and are much used in pepper sauce, and in pickling. Plants 18 inches tall and of spreading growth. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.35; lb, \$4.50, postpaid.**

Pumpkins

Easily grown and excellent for pies. Also one of the cheapest and best feeds for dairy cows, sheep and other stock.

Our Mountain Grown Pumpkin seed is all saved here in the mountain valleys from Pumpkins selected for quality of the flesh, color and size.

Culture. Three pounds per acre alone, or one pound sown with corn. Plant in good soil when the ground has become warm in hills 6 to 8 feet apart each way. Plant 3 inches deep. Thin to two plants to a hill. Cultivate thoroughly until the vines cover the ground. To get largest for exhibition Pumpkins allow only one or two to set on a vine. For Winter storage gather, with the stems on, before frost and store in a warm, dry place.

633 New Yellow Sweet Potato Pie. (80 days). A great producer of small, oval pie Pumpkins and one which will store well for Winter use. Medium size, with deep golden color. Flesh is sweet in taste and cooks quickly. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25.**

636 Green Striped Cushaw. (80 days). Excellent flavor; flesh very thick, solid and fine grained. A large Pumpkin that makes excellent pies. Fruits will weigh from 10 to 15 pounds. Mottled green and white striped Pumpkins with a long, crooked neck, large at the blossom end. Flesh yellow. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs., \$4.75.**

634 Small Sugar or Boston Pie. (70 days). One of the best Pumpkins for home use, and an excellent quality to can. Ripens quite early and is very prolific. Cooks very quickly and is of excellent quality. Fine grained flesh of sweet, delicious flavor. Round Pumpkins average 10 inches in diameter, slightly ribbed, color of skin and flesh a deep orange-yellow. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.10.**

640 Connecticut Field or Big Tom. (85 days). The common variety raised for stock feed. Also used for canning. Very prolific and fruits average 15 inches in diameter. Has more distinct ribs but otherwise similar in shape and color to Small Sugar but not as sweet. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 20c; 1b, 55c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.75.**

637 King of the Mammoths. (100 days). Of immense size, often 2 feet in diameter, and sometimes weighs 150 lbs. A variety that wins prizes at the fairs. A heavy yielding variety for stock feed. Pumpkins round and flattened, slightly ribbed. Skin salmon-orange; flesh bright yellow and very thick. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25.**

641 Mixed Pumpkins. Some for pies, some for stock feed and a real variety of big ones to show at the fair. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.80; 25 lbs, \$11.25.**



Small Sugar Pumpkin.



Champion Moss Curled Parsley.

Parsley

Always required for garnishing, also used for flavoring soups and stews and in salads.

Culture. One ounce sows 150 feet of row. Sow early, seed is slow to germinate; early radishes can be sown in same row and will be used before Parsley is up. A rich soil is best, but Parsley will thrive in any soil.

579 Champion Moss Curled. (65 days). Best for garnishing, also good for flavoring. Very finely cut and closely curled. Compact growing. Dark green color. If leaves are cut off when about 3 inches high, new growth will be brighter and better curled. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.40.**

582 Plain or Italian. (70 days). Best for flavoring, leaves are not curled. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25.**

580 Hamburg, Turnip-Rooted. (90 days). The parsnip-shaped root is excellent for flavoring soups, stews, etc. The leaves are like Plain Parsley. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25.**

Parsnips

A vegetable for all Winter use, with a rich, sweet flavor that most people like. Easily and cheaply grown. **Culture.** One ounce sows 200 feet of drill; 5 lbs. per acre. Sow early in the Spring, seed is slow to germinate. Sow one-half inch deep in rows 2 feet apart. Thin to 5 inches apart in rows. Frost sweetens the roots. Dig late in the Fall or Parsnips can be left in the ground all Winter.

584 Ward's Marrowfat. (100 days). Rich flavor and fine grained. Uniform good size, fine, long tapering shape, clean, smooth skin. The best variety for table use. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 60c; 1b, \$1.70, postpaid.**

583 Hollow Crown. (110 days). A good cropper, roots 15 inches long, 3 inches in diameter at the top. An old standard variety. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.60.**



Ward's Marrowfat Parsnips.

Radishes

Radishes give interest to the diet and stimulate the duller appetites. Radishes are healthy, they contain some vitamin B, mineral salts, calcium, sodium, iron and phosphorus. They can be enjoyed from early Spring until late Fall by sowing succession crops, first the Spring varieties, then the Summer and Winter sorts.

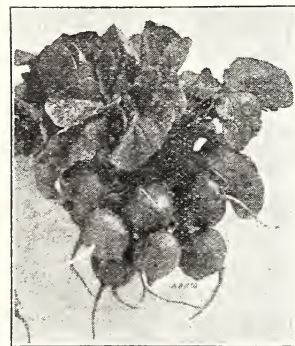
Our Radish seed is first selected for true, even types, then we have selected strains that do not run to seed quickly. You want crisp, solid Radishes and can get these from "Mile High Seeds."

Culture. One ounce to 100 feet of drill, 10 lbs. per acre. To grow good Radishes they must be grown quickly with no check in any stage of the growth. All varieties thrive best in light, sandy loam. For early use, Radishes can be grown in the hotbed with plenty of ventilation. In the open garden choose a light, rich soil and water them frequently. Sow the spring varieties every two weeks until hot weather.

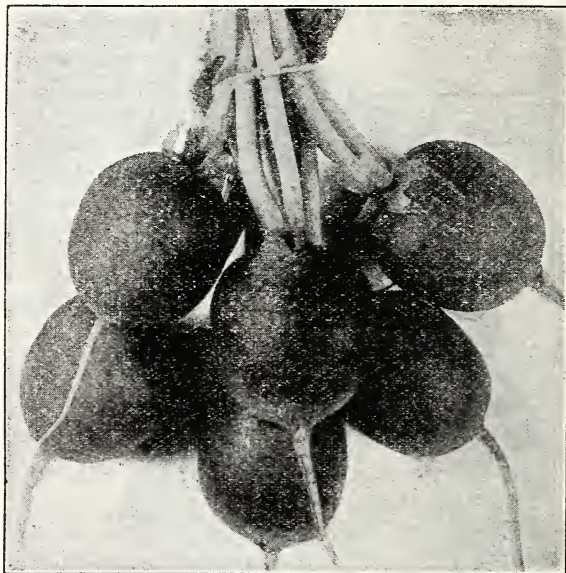
647 Earliest Scarlet Button. (18 days). The earliest of all Radishes and the slowest of its class in shooting to seed. As the quickest growing Radishes are always the most tender and brittle you will really enjoy this one. This small, round Radish has a bright scarlet skin which contrasts beautifully with the pure white flesh. Very small top and tap root, an excellent forcing variety. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 40c; lb, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.25.**

Sparkler
White Tip
Radishes.

652 Vick's Scarlet Globe. (22 days). An excellent, real early, fair sized, long, globe variety. Color brilliant scarlet. Surprisingly uniform in shape and size, making it excellent for a market variety, for greenhouse growing or for the home garden. Small top allows of close growing. Very early, crisp mild and tender. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 30c; lb, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**



Earliest Scarlet Button Radishes.

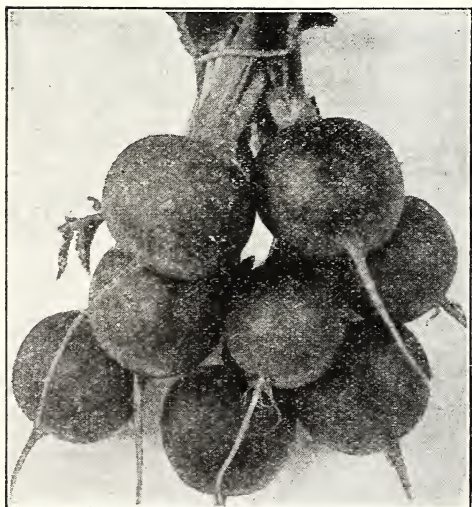


Vick's Scarlet Globe Radishes.

648 Early Scarlet Turnip. (21 days). A good variety for outdoor planting. Small, round variety of a deep, rich scarlet color. Crisp, tender flesh. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 30c; lb, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**

650 Early Scarlet Turnip White Tip. (21 days). Similar to Early Scarlet Turnip but has an attractive white tip. A carefully selected strain. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; 1/4 lb, 30c; lb, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**

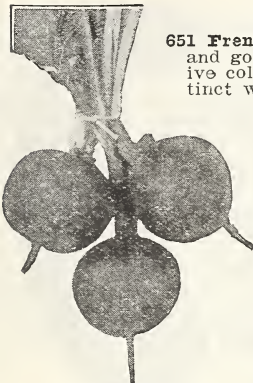
649 Sparkler White Tip. (21 days). The most brilliant in appearance of all Radishes. The upper half of the root is a brilliant scarlet, almost the entire lower half a pure white. This strain runs remarkably uniform in color, size and true ball shape. The best selling variety on practically all markets. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb, 35c; lb, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**



Early Scarlet Turnip Radishes.

Do not waste time and money planting poor quality seeds.

RADISHES—Continued.



Crimson Giant.

651 French Breakfast. (22 days). Quick growth and good size, combined with a very attractive color. Color a bright scarlet with a distinct white tip. Oblong in shape. A splendid variety on account of its earliness and attractive color. In best condition for use when small. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**

657 Long Scarlet Short Top. (32 days). The short top of this variety allows of very close planting. A long, straight, smooth, scarlet Radish that is tender, crisp and sweet. Grows 6 inches in length but can be used long before fully grown. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**

659 Cincinnati Market. (32 days). Bred originally for greenhouse trade, now a favorite in many sections. Small tops allow close growing. Slightly larger than Long Scarlet Short Top and has a white tip. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.05, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50.**

658 Improved White Icicle. (28 days). An extra early, long, white Radish. Roots grow long and slender and remain mild and crisp until they are quite large. Long after other varieties have become pithy and gone to seed, the Improved White Icicle is still solid and has that agreeable snappy flavor usually only found in young Radishes. Grows 4 to 5 inches long and of a transparent whiteness. Free from any side shoots, when washed and bunched for market they are very attractive. Short leaves. Most excellent flavor. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25; 25 lbs, \$15.00.**

653 Crimson Giant. (32 days). Double the size of any other early variety. Not only quick growing for such a large variety but remains firm and crisp for a long season. Crimson Giant is similar to Scarlet Globe but larger and remains in edible condition for a much longer season. An excellent outdoor garden sort. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25.**



French Breakfast.



Improved White Icicle.

Summer and Winter Radishes

These can be grown in the warmer weather and will not shoot to seed in hot weather as quickly as the Spring varieties. Summer Radishes should be eaten as soon as large enough. Winter Radishes can be stored for Winter use in a frost-proof cellar. A delightful way to prepare these varieties is to slice and soak in salt water for 15 minutes before serving.

660 Chartier or Shepherd. (35 days). The finest appearance of the Summer Radishes. A clear rose colored, long Radish, shading into a pure waxy white at the tips. Grows quickly and attains large size. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25.**

662 White Strassburg. (40 days). Larger and thicker than Icicle. Withstands heat and retains its crispness even when the roots are quite large. An oblong tapering Radish with pure white skin and flesh; firm, brittle and tender. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid.**

671 Round Black Spanish. (72 days). Keeps best and longest of the Winter Radishes. Round roots 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Skin black; flesh white, crisp and pungent. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid.**

668 China Rose. (60 days). Can be used either as a Summer or Winter Radish. Not only withstands heat but also keeps splendidly. Cylindrical roots grow 4 to 5 inches long by 2 inches thick. Smooth, bright rose skin. Flesh white, crisp and rose pungent. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 30c; 1b, 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.50.**

669 White Chinese or Celestial. (65 days). May be used in all stages of growth or stored for Winter. Cylindrical roots grow 6 to 8 inches long, smooth, white skin. The mildest of the Winter Radishes. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75.**



Chartier Radishes.

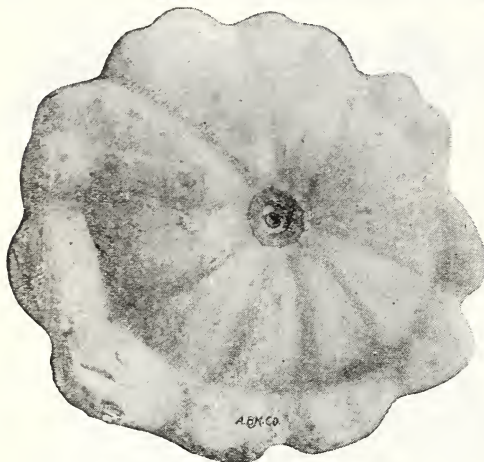


White Chinese.

MILE HIGH SEEDS

Are carefully bred and selected to produce vegetables of the highest quality.

Why Not a Mile High Garden This Year?



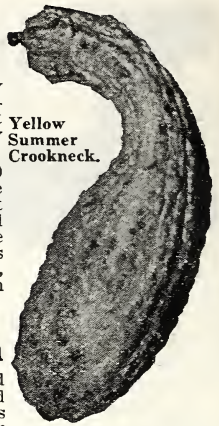
White Bush Scallop Squash.

Squash

Baked Squash is always a tasty vegetable and Squashes are very easily raised. Also one of the cheapest and best feeds to raise for dairy cows and other stock.

Culture. One ounce to 15 to 40 hills, depending on the size of the seeds; 3 to 4 pounds per acre. Select a well fertilized or rich and well drained soil. Seed should only be planted after all danger of frost is past. Plant in hills 6 to 10 feet apart, planting seeds 3 inches deep. Thin to two plants to a hill.

Yellow Summer Crookneck.



Summer Squash

Prized for their distinct flavor and their health giving qualities. Good in vitamin A, contains phosphorus and a high calory rating. Summer Squash can be fried and is similar to Eggplant, or the young, tender fruits are excellent steamed with rind on, then sliced and seasoned.

686 White Bush Scallop, Patty Pan. (45 days). The earliest of all Squashes. Fruits, while quite thick, are flat with scalloped edges. Fruits grow 8 inches in diameter, but should be eaten while quite young. Squashes comparatively smooth and creamy white in color. Plants of bush form and very productive. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.00.**

688 Yellow Summer Crookneck. (50 days). Very early and prolific, small type about 12 inches in length. Fruits moderately warted and a golden yellow color. Should be used while young and before the shell turns hard. Vine is bush type. An attractive market variety. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50.**

694 Giant Summer Crookneck. (58 days). Larger and more heavily warted than Yellow Summer Crookneck. Also has a superior flavor, being close to the Winter Squashes in flavor. Fruits often reach 2 feet in length. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.00.**

703 Cocozelle Bush. (60 days). Italian Vegetable. Very delicious eaten green, or when mature. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c.**

704 Straightneck. (50 days). Very similar to Crookneck in size and flavor, but has the great advantage of cutting without waste and also of packing and crating better. Should be a great favorite with the shipper. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 45c; 1b, \$1.30.**

Small Table Squash

Small enough to be baked in the shell and retain their full flavor. Large enough that a half Squash makes a nice serving, avoiding the waste that often occurs when a large Squash is cooked.

698 Ward's Individual Squash. Very finest sweet flavor and for this reason we only offer the one variety of small table Squash. This flavor entitles the Individual Squash to a place among Squashes such as so long held by Golden Bantam among sweet corn. The author of a recent book on Squashes wrote us that he had left Individual out because it appeared to be similar to Delicata, he later discovered his mistake in finding the very superior flavor of the Individual. To prepare for the table, cut in half, place a lump of butter in one half, top with the other half and bake whole. Serve the halves in the shell. The shell is thin and cooks quickly. Individual grows about 7 inches long by 3 inches in diameter. Skin alternately striped green and yellow. Can be used Summer and Winter as it ripens early and keeps well. Seed supply is very limited. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; 1b, \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.00.**

705 Table Queen. (70 days). A very fine table Squash, about 4 to 5 inches in diameter, just the right size to slice in half and bake. Seasoned with salt, pepper and butter, it is a very delicious dish. It will keep very nicely in storage. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; 1b, \$1.20; 5 lbs, \$5.25.**



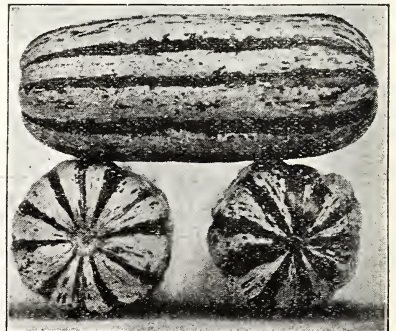
Table Queen Squash.

Winter Squash

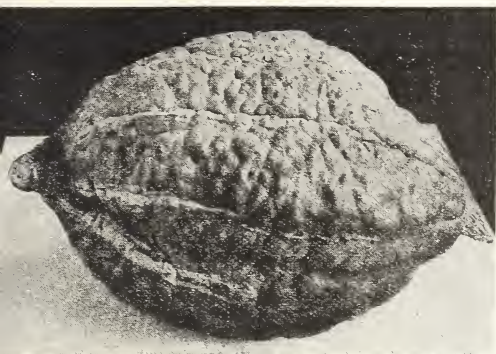
The Hubbards and similar varieties that keep all Winter. Excellent for baking and for Squash pies. A cheaply raised and excellent feed for dairy cows and other stock, many farmers raise 10 acres or more for stock feed. For Winter storage gather Squashes, with the stems on, before frost and store in a warm, dry place.

To Bake Winter Squash. Cut into pieces about 2 inches square, season with salt, pepper and butter. Bake in a moderate oven about 50 minutes. Serve in the shell with butter, or scooped from the shell and mashed.

696 Sibley or Pike's Peak. (85 days). Extra thick meated, fine grained, dry and of excellent flavor. An early desirable variety and very prolific. Size and shape like the Improved Hubbard. Slate gray color makes appearance similar to the Blue Hubbard but the Sibley is more prolific, thicker meat and finer quality. A good keeper. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.50.**



Ward's Individual Squash.



Delicious Squash.

687 Banana. (90 days). Large, long table Squash. Thick, rich flavored meat is excellent for baking. A heavy yielder and excellent keeper. Size 2 feet long by 6 inches in diameter. Color greenish gray. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 50c; lb, \$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.75.**

695 Alligator or Green River. Length up to four feet. Good table quality. Color gray. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 65c; lb, \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$7.75.**

689 Mammoth Chili. (90 days). The largest of all Squashes. Size 20 by 16 inches and up, often weighing over 150 pounds. Excellent for stock feed or exhibitions. Skin bright orange and yellow. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 50c; lb, \$1.45, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$6.00.**

700 Mixed Squash Seed. A mixture of all the above types and not a poor Squash in the bunch. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 20c; lb, 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.50; 25 lbs, \$11.00.**

SQUASH—Continued.

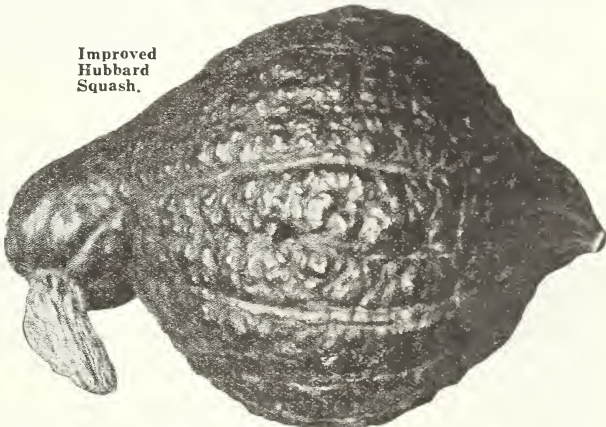
690 Delicious. (85 days). Exceptionally fine table quality and an excellent keeper. Somewhat smaller than the Hubbard types, large at stem end, color of skin dark green. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.50.**

691 Improved Hubbard. (90 days). Popular general purpose Winter Squash. Excellent quality and fine grained thick flesh. Fruits pointed at both ends and moderately warted. Color very deep green. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; lb, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75.**

692 Golden Hubbard. (80 days). The earliest Hubbard and quite prolific. Slightly smaller than Improved Hubbard. Rich golden color and somewhat warted. An excellent keeper. Very good quality and a favorite canning variety. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75.**

693 Chicago Warted Hubbard. (90 days). The best keeper of all Winter Squashes, being quite heavily warted. Larger than Improved Hubbard, averaging two pounds heavier, and equal quality. Hard shell; color dark bronze-green. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.15, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$5.00.**

Improved Hubbard Squash.



M.G.K. QUALITY
EVER GREEN
NON-POISONOUS INSECTICIDE

Protects Your Profits

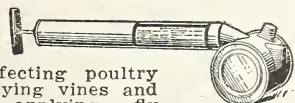
By Killing Insects that Attack Vegetable Garden and Fruit Crops

Kills both chewing and sucking types of insects — Mexican Bean Beetles, Squash Bugs, Cabbage Worms and other destructive pests. **Ever Green** is easy to get, easy to use and absolutely non-poisonous to plants and people. Leaves no poisonous residue on vegetables or fruits. Used by leading commercial growers everywhere.

Postpaid Prices:

1-oz. bottles	.....	\$0.35
6-oz. bottles	.....	1.00
6-oz. bottles	.....	2.00
2-oz. cans	.....	3.50
1-gal. cans	.....	13.00
5-gal. cans	.....	50.00

Ideal Sprayer



For disinfecting poultry houses, spraying vines and shrubbery, applying fly chasers to animals, etc. Length 20 inches, capacity one quart. **Price, 55c, postpaid.**

Sprayers

FIG. 1669 BUCKET SPRAYER

Double acting, made entirely of brass except malleable iron handle and pressed steel foot rest. Will develop a pressure up to 90 pounds. May be used with bucket or shallow container.

This pump can be used to spray fruit trees with very good satisfaction, as a uniform spray can be forced to a height of 20 feet. Other uses: washing cars, whitewashing, disinfecting stables and chicken houses, or

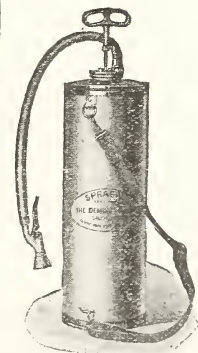


Fig. 1663.

any spraying that requires a great deal of force. Shipping weight about 6 pounds. **Price, \$4.00, not prepaid.**



Fig. 1669.

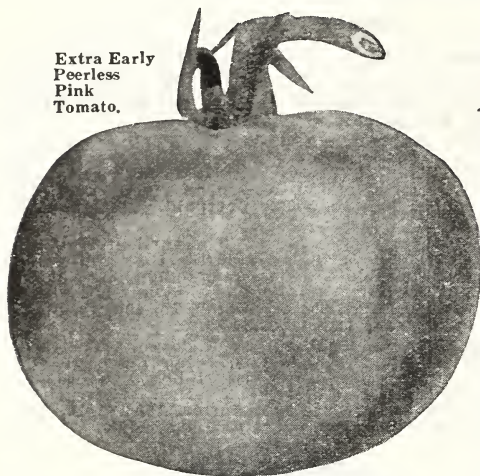
FIG. 1663. COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER

Brass pump and equipment; capacity, four gallons. Very satisfactory for spraying beans and other vegetables in tracts up to 3 or 4 acres. May also be used for whitewashing and disinfecting. A few strokes of the pump will bring up pressure to force a very fine spray. Shipping weight about 11 pounds. **Price with galvanized tank, \$6.70, not prepaid.**

NO. 1664. COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER

Very similar to Fig. 1663, with very much the same equipment. Probably not of quite such sturdy construction; can be used for same purposes as No. 1663. Tank capacity, 3½ gal., shipping weight about 10 pounds. **Price with galvanized tank, \$5.40, not prepaid.**

Extra Early
Peerless
Pink
Tomato.



Tomatoes

Tomatoes make an excellent home garden crop. They thrive in any kind of soil. They take up very little room, especially if the plants are staked or grown near a sunny wall. Tomatoes give a very abundant harvest for a considerable season, for the space needed to grow them.

Tomatoes are exceedingly wholesome, rich in vitamins A, B and C, mineral salts, calcium and chlorine. It is a real asset to have them continually at hand in the garden, fresh for salads, slicing or preparing in numerous ways. And when they are yielding heaviest a few bushels should be canned for Winter use.

Tomatoes are a valuable crop for the commercial gardeners and shippers. A nice even pack of Tomatoes often brings a fancy price on the market. Our Mountain Grown Tomato Seed is selected for the shipping trade, our work in growing Tomatoes is practically entirely devoted to the important shipping varieties. Continual plant selection on these varieties keeps them in very true form and even type. We will quote special prices for large quantities on request. We can usually supply quantities of several sacks of all the leading shipping varieties, but we would urge large shippers to let us know their requirements well in advance so that we can reserve or even grow the seed specially for them.

Mountain Grown Tomato Seed has always been entirely free from disease and blights. The seed from these Tomatoes is naturally disease free and you can plant it with confidence.

For Tomato Plants see page 46.

Culture. One ounce of seed for 2000 plants; 3000 to 4000 plants to set an acre. If seed is planted direct in the field allow 8 ounces of seed per acre. Under ordinary conditions it is far better to set plants than to sow the seed directly in the field. Sow the seed in hotbeds or shallow window boxes, covering the seed one-half inch. In northern localities plant the seed in March and April. When the plants are 3 to 4 inches high transplant in hotbeds, cold frames or individual pots, allowing more space and air to harden the plants. After the weather has moderated, set the plants in the open ground. Water freely when transplanted and shelter from the sun for a few days. Cultivate thoroughly as long as the vine growth will allow. The last cultivations should be very shallow. Training the plants on stakes allows of closer planting, improves the quality and is an advantage in many ways.

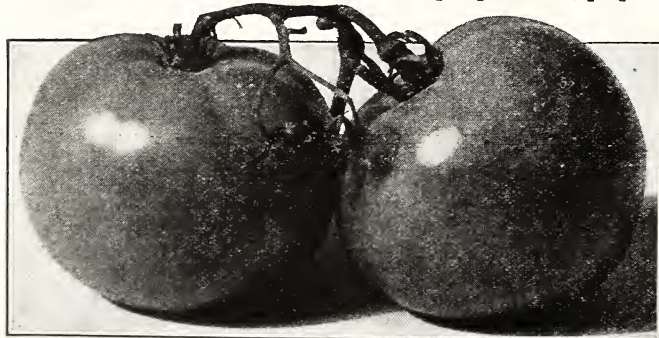


Earliana Tomatoes.

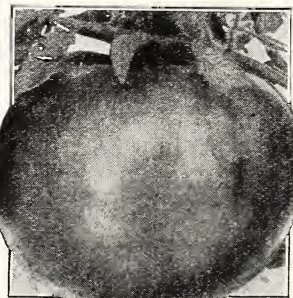
excellent variety for the home garden, not only giving early fruits when they are really appreciated, but the Moneymaker continues to bear for a long season, in many localities until the vines are killed by frost. Moneymaker is not solid enough for a shipping sort. Fruits are medium size and a little inclined to angularity. Fruits set in heavy clusters on a small, open or flat vine. Cell structure is irregular. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 65c; oz, \$1.00; ¼ lb, \$2.75; lb, \$8.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$31.50.**

716 Extra Early Peerless Pink. (80 days). The earliest pink Tomato in cultivation. In addition to its extreme earliness, it is much superior to Earliana in table quality, in handsome shape and attractive appearance. Ripens more real early fruit than Moneymaker, but may sun-scaud when the real hot weather comes. An excellent first early shipping variety and a great seller on any market wanting an early pink Tomato. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c; oz, 65c; ¼ lb, \$1.95; lb, \$6.00, postpaid.**

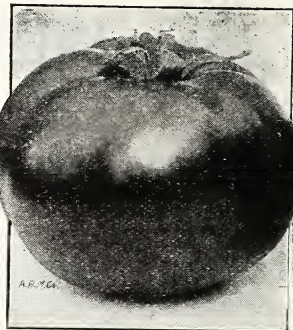
713 Earliana. (90 days). A very popular, early, smooth, bright red Tomato of good size. Fruits are fleshy, solid and excellent for early markets. Fruits set in large clusters, are medium sized and our "Mile High" strain is remarkably smooth for this variety. Vine is flat and not large. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.00; lb, \$3.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.50.**



Bonny Best Tomatoes.



Chalk's Early Jewel Tomatoes.



John Baer Tomatoes.

715 June Pink. (90 days). A pink Earliana, being very similar to the Earliana in many ways. A very popular shipper, fruits are of medium size and ship well. Solid fruits set in clusters of five or more. Vine open and not large. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.25; lb, \$3.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$17.00.**

710 Bonny Best. (95 days). A splendid second early, even, round fruits. Vine vigorous and very productive. An excellent variety for the home garden. Scarlet fruits set in clusters of three to five. Fruits are round, high crowned and of medium size. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, 95c; lb, \$2.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.25.**

TOMATOES—Continued.

714 John Baer. (100 days). Early solid fruits, an excellent variety for early canning. Deep glossy red, similar to Earliana, but more solid flesh and fewer seeds. Fruits medium size, round and high crowned. Vine makes good growth. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 80c; lb, \$2.60, postpaid.** Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$12.25.

711 Chalk's Early Jewel. (100 days). A good early canner. Ripens up to the stem, a bright scarlet. Heavy cropper. Fruit good, medium size, excellent flavor. Vine open and medium size. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.10; lb, \$3.25, postpaid.** Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$14.50.

720 Cooper's Special Globe. (110 days). Known as a self-pruner. Similar to Livingston's Globe, but the vine is shorter. While the vine is still small it sends out side branches. The fruits set in clusters every 5 to 6 inches along the stalk. Fruits similar to Livingston's Globe but slightly smaller. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.20; lb, \$4.00, postpaid.** Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$19.00.

712 Ward's Jumbo. (115 days). Smooth, extra large, solid and meaty. Jumbo is an excellent main crop variety for the home garden. A slice of this enormous Tomato looks like a piece of beefsteak. Solid construction, no trace of core and very few seed cells. Delicious flavor makes the Jumbo extra fine for slicing or canning. The acid content is small so that everyone can enjoy them. The vine is of vigorous growth and the fruits set in many clusters of 3 to 5. Fruits often weigh over a pound each. Deep pink color and much smoother than Ponderosa. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 65c; oz, \$1.00; ¼ lb, \$3.00; lb, \$9.00, postpaid.**

721 Livingston's Globe. (110 days). One of the greatest shipping Tomatoes. Attractive fruits are large size, smooth, firm and ripen evenly. Color a glossy rose, tinged with purple. Mild, pleasant and delicious flavor. Smooth Tomatoes are globe-shaped and high crowned. Vine makes good growth and has heavy cut foliage, shading the fruits from sunburn. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.40; lb, \$4.00, postpaid.** Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$18.00.

726 Marglobe. (110 days). Developed by the United States Department of Agriculture for resistance to rust and wilt. The Marglobe has proven to be the finest all purpose Tomato. A very heavy yielder, bearing many clusters of 5 to 7 fruits. Bright red color and ripens well up to the stem. A vigorous grower and found to be adapted to all sections. An excellent canning type and a very good shipper. A cross between the Marvel and Livingston's Globe it has retained the good features of each. Smooth, solid fruits are quite deep from stem to blossom end and practically round. Our seed is directly descended from Professor Pritchard's original Marglobe. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 40c; ¼ lb, \$1.20; lb, \$4.00, postpaid.** Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$19.00.

717 Ponderosa. (125 days). Extra large purple-pink fruits for main crop. Fruits are solid and meaty with few seed cells. Vine is of open and vigorous growth, quite productive, bears until frost.

Yellow Pear Tomatoes.

Splendid slicer. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 60c; ¼ lb, \$1.75; lb, \$5.25, postpaid.** Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$24.00.

718 Golden Ponderosa. (125 days). Similar to Ponderosa but yellow in color. The two sliced together make an attractive dish. **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 65c; oz, \$1.00; ¼ lb, \$2.75, postpaid.**

730 Yellow Pear. (100 days). Largely used for making fancy pickles, preserves, marmalades, etc. Small, pear-shaped fruits are produced in enormous quantities on the vines. Vines make a very rank growth. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 60c; ¼ lb, \$1.70, postpaid.**

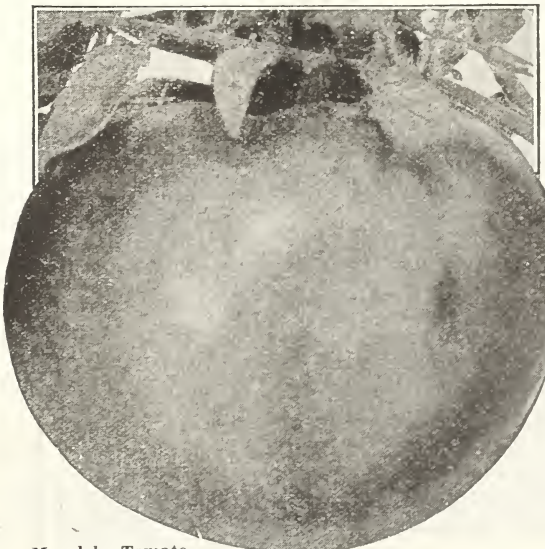
Would you like some nice luscious, red, ripe tomatoes like the one pictured to the right? There is only one way to get them at their best: gather them from your own garden.



Ward's Jumbo Tomatoes.



Cooper's Special Globe Tomato.



Marglobe Tomato.



Mountain Evergreen Spinach.

680 Large Viroflay. (55 days). Desirable for canning as the leaves grow clean and upright. Light green leaves are very large, broad and edges pointed at bottom. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 15c; lb, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.35; 25 lbs, \$5.25.**

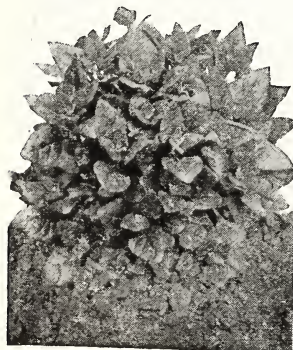
679 Mountain Evergreen. (50 days). An improved type of Long Season Spinach. The bisexual plant selection has been developed in the Mountain Evergreen so that it remains tender and in excellent market condition long after all other early varieties have gone to seed. The medium sized leaves are rosette-shaped, and nicely crumpled in the center. The color is an intense dark green. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 25c; lb, 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.00; 25 lbs, \$8.00.**



Flanders Broad Leaf Spinach.

631 Flanders Broad Leaf. (55 days). Another fine canning variety, washing perfectly clean. Similar to Viroflay but with rounded bottom edges. Very large, broad leaves. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 15c; lb, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.25; 25 lbs, \$5.00.**

676 Princess Juliana. (55 days). One of the finest late types, a long standing Spinach of very attractive appearance. Dark green leaves are blistered and crumpled and hold up well in shipping. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 15c; lb, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50; 25 lbs, \$6.00.**



New Zealand Spinach.

678 New Zealand. (60 days). A distinct everbearing type. Taller plants of branching type can be cut again and again all Summer, bearing a fine crop in the hottest weather. Plant after ground has warmed, in hills 18 inches apart, thin to one plant to the hill. Soak seed in lukewarm water for 12 hours before planting. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; lb, 55c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.50; 25 lbs, \$11.75.**

Spinach

Well established as a valuable item in the diet. Makes palatable and nutritious greens and can be had both Spring and Fall.

Culture. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 10 to 12 pounds per acre. Seed should be sown very early in the Spring and every two weeks until June. A fine Fall crop can be raised by planting August 1st to 15th. New Zealand Spinach can be used in the Summer and Fall months. For early Spring use sow the regular varieties in the Fall, and where the Winters are severe protect the plants with leaves or straw. Plant in rows a foot apart and thin out when leaves are an inch wide. Spinach likes cool, moist weather and will become tough and go to seed in hot weather.

684 King of Denmark. (45 days). A long standing type with exceptionally large leaves. Leaves are slightly crumpled and have round edges. Color dark green; short leaf stalk. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 15c; lb, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50; 25 lbs, \$6.00.**



Long Standing Bloomsdale Spinach.

683 Bloomsdale. (40 days). Savoy or crumpled leaf type and the earliest of all Spinaches. Plant is hardy and excellent for late Fall planting for Spring use. Goes to seed quickly in hot weather. Leaves have a dark green color, are heavily crumpled and have a short leaf stalk. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 15c; lb, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.15; 25 lbs, \$4.50.**

677 Long Standing Bloomsdale. (40 days). Stands two weeks longer than Bloomsdale before going to seed. Developed by selecting the bi-sexual plants. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 20c; lb, 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$1.50; 25 lbs, \$6.00.**

Colorado Basket Co.

Manufacturers of

**Raised Bottom Tub Bushel Baskets
Fruit Packages
Turkey and Poultry Crates**

Let us figure with you on your requirements for special sizes in vegetable crates. We use nothing but the very best material. Our plant is equipped with new and up-to-date machinery, operated by skilled workmen.

COLORADO BASKET COMPANY

**Jobbers of Crate and Basket
Material and Packers' Supplies**

**721 South Seventh Street,
Telephone 257**

GRAND JUNCTION, COLORADO

Turnips

Turnips are a delicious and non-fattening fibrous food. Turnips are easily and cheaply grown, they make an excellent feed to keep stock in good shape.

Culture. One ounce sows 125 feet of drill. In drills 12 to 15 inches apart use two pounds per acre, broadcast three to four pounds per acre.

A loose, light, rich soil is best to mature Turnips rapidly and to avoid any check in growth. The bitterness in some Turnips is caused by checking the growth. Turnips thrive best in the cool months of the Spring and Fall. Sowings should be made in the early Spring or in July and August. Spring crop should be planted as early as the ground can be worked, the young Turnips can be used in thinning the crop. Thin to 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows. Cultivate often and thoroughly.

734 Early White Flat Dutch. (55 days). Grows quickly. Has clear white skin, juicy flesh, and mild flavor. Best for table use when about three inches in diameter. Medium sized, flat variety. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.25.

738 Extra Early Purple Top Milan. (50 days). The earliest Turnip in cultivation and an excellent variety for your early crop. The quality is fine, very smooth skin and more transparent than any other sort. Best in quality when about 2 inches in diameter. Very flat, small tops, roots of medium size, with a bright purple top. Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, 18.75.



Purple Top White Globe.

744 Pomeranian White Globe. (85 days). A very productive variety, if grown in good, rich soil roots will often grow to weigh 10 to 12 pounds. Used for stock feeding, and is also good for table use if pulled when young. Roots are a slightly flattened globe shape; skin very white and smooth. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 20c; 1b, 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.50; 25 lbs, \$11.00.

743 Long White Cowhorn. A great field Turnip and very desirable for stock feed. This variety is also widely used as a green manure crop and turned under to improve the soil. The roots are carrot-like in form, 12 inches long by 2½ inches in diameter. They grow about 3 inches out of the ground, are clear white except a small green top. When young, the flesh is fine grained and good flavor. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.00; 25 lbs, \$12.00.

747 Seven Top. Grown extensively for the leaves which are cooked like spinach. Also used for canning. Seven Top is also used like Rape for a pasture crop. Does not form an edible root. Very hardy and grows through the Winter in mild climates. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 20c; 1b, 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.30; 25 lbs, \$10.25.



Ward's Gem Turnips.

739 Extra Early White Milan. (52 days). Similar to Purple Top Milan but roots are solid clear white. Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.25; 25 lbs, \$17.00.

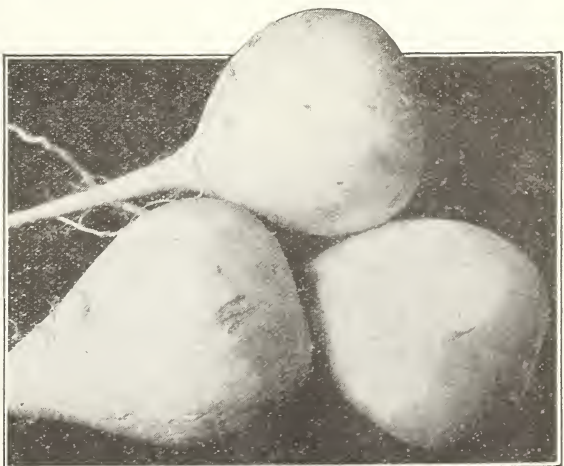
740 Purple Top Strap Leaf. (65 days). An early variety, very extensively used as a table Turnip. A quick grower with very fine grained and sweet flavored flesh. Best for table use when 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Of uniform growth, very flat, quite smooth and with a bright purple top. An excellent keeper, and used both for table and stock. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 70c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.75; 25 lbs, \$11.25.

735 Purple Top White Globe. (70 days). The handsomest and most popular market variety. An excellent main crop variety, keeps well in storage. Large, rapid growing sort, with globe-shaped roots, lower portion white and top bright purple. Flesh pure white, fine grained and fine flavor. Best for table use when three inches in diameter, but can be grown much larger. Our strain of this variety has been carefully selected and is very uniform. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 20c; 1b, 55c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$2.25; 25 lbs, \$10.75.

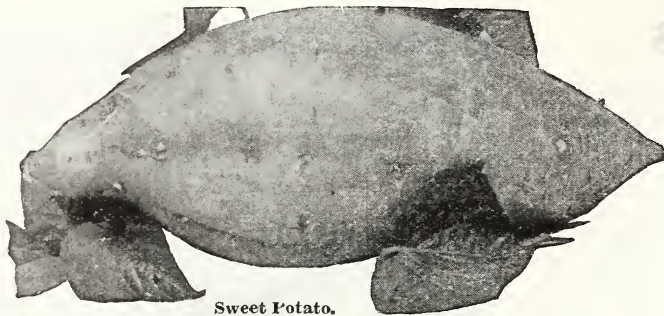
733 Ward's Gem. (55 days). Very fine flavor and one of the best to sow very early in the Spring. The round roots are pure white and have an attractive appearance. The flesh is fine grained and of excellent flavor. The Turnips have a smooth, white skin and are excellent for early market. Does not grow large. Pkt, 10c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; 1b, \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$4.75.

742 Improved White Egg. (65 days). Egg-shaped, pure white Turnips, good for either Spring or Fall sowing. Flesh is firm, sweet and mild, in best table condition when about 1½ inches in diameter. Grows to a large size, yields well and keeps a long time in storage. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.00; 25 lbs, \$12.50.

737 Golden Ball. (75 days). A yellow Turnip grown extensively in home gardens because of its fine quality. Medium size, round roots of very fine texture. Sow either Spring or Fall. Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ¼ lb, 25c; 1b, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs, \$3.00.



Improved White Egg Turnips.



Sweet Potato.



Eggplant.

Vegetable Plants

Mountain Grown, Transplanted Vegetable Plants, With a Real Root Growth. Sturdy plants that will grow. These plants are all grown from the finest varieties of seeds.

We Guarantee Delivery of Plants to the Second Zone Only, and do not recommend the shipping of plants beyond the third zone, excepting onion plants. Onion plants are listed on page 30.

Send your plant order with your seed order and we will be more certain of having the varieties you want ready for you.

Specify Date You Want Plants Shipped and weather permitting, we will ship on that date.

Order Large Quantities Shipped by Express. Shipping weight per 1000 plants about 40 pounds.

We Do Not Ship Plants C. O. D.

	Postpaid			Not Prepaid 1000
	Doz.	50	100	
CABBAGE. Early. Ready April 1st to May 19th. Copenhagen Market, Earliest of All, Early Jersey Wakefield, Golden Acre, Stein's Early Flat Dutch	\$0.30	\$0.75	\$1.20	\$ 9.00
CABBAGE. Late. Ready May 20th to July 15th. Copenhagen Market, Danish Ballhead, Hollander, Mountain Ballhead .....	.20	.45	.70	4.50
CAULIFLOWER. Early. Ready April 1st to May 19th. Special Strain Danish Snowball, Dry Weather .....	.35	.85	1.30	10.00
CAULIFLOWER. Late. Ready May 20th to July 15th. Special Strain Danish Snowball, Dry Weather ...	.20	.60	.85	5.50
CELERY. Early. Ready April 15th to June 14th. Extra Early Tall Golden Self Blanching, Golden Plume, Golden Self Blanching .....	.25	.75	1.15	8.50

	Postpaid			Not Prepaid 1000
	Doz.	50	100	
CELERY. Late. Ready June 15th to July 15th. Giant Colorado Pascal, Utah	\$0.20	\$0.45	\$0.70	\$4.50
EGGPLANT. Ready May 1st to June 15th. Black Beauty, New York ...	.35	.85	1.30	10.00
PEPPER. Ready May 1st to June 15th. California Wonder, Chinese Giant, Early Mountain, Ruby Giant, Sunnybrook, Worldbeater, Cayenne .....	.35	.85	1.30	10.00
TOMATO. Ready April 15th to July 1st. Bonny Best, Ealilana, John Baer, June Pink, Marglobe, Peerless Pink, Money-maker, Ward's Jumbo, Ponderosa, Yellow Pear .....	.30	.75	1.20	9.00
SWEET POTATO. Ready May 1st to July 1st. Yellow Jersey, Nancy Hall, Yellow Nansemond .....	.25	.60	1.00	7.50

Vegetable Roots

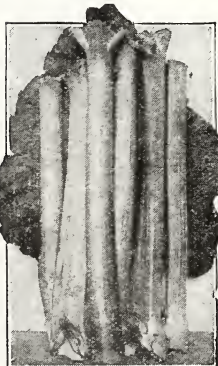
Every garden should have some Asparagus. It is very easily started from the roots and grows with very little care. A great treat in Spring before other vegetables are ready.

PALMETTO ASPARAGUS. A prolific type for the Mountain territory, where Asparagus is not bothered with rust. Plants, 35c per doz; 50 for 80c; 100 for \$1.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$7.00 per 1000.

MARY WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS. The best of the rust-resistant types developed by the United States Department of Agriculture. Grows large, with closely folded tips. Plants, 40c per doz; 50 for 90c; 100 for \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$8.00 per 1000.

RHUBARB, Myatt's Victoria. Roots, 3 for 30c; 12 for 90c; 50 for \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$4.50 per 100.

RHUBARB, Mammoth. Roots, 3 for 45c; 12 for \$1.25; 50 for \$3.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$5.50 per 100.



Mammoth Rhubarb.



Asparagus.

Strawberry Plants

Strawberries are one fruit that everyone should raise. Soil previously grown to root crops is well adapted to strawberries.

The best time to plant strawberries is from the first of April to the middle of May.

Our plants are fresh, Spring dug—dug as shipped. Shipped from the mountain nursery. Shipping weight, 35 lbs. per 1000.

PROGRESSIVE EVERBEARING. Good yielding and one of the first successful everbearing strawberries introduced. Plants, 25 for \$1.10; 100 for \$3.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$15.00 per 1000.

PROGRESSIVE EVERBEARING STRAWBERRY SEED. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c, postpaid.

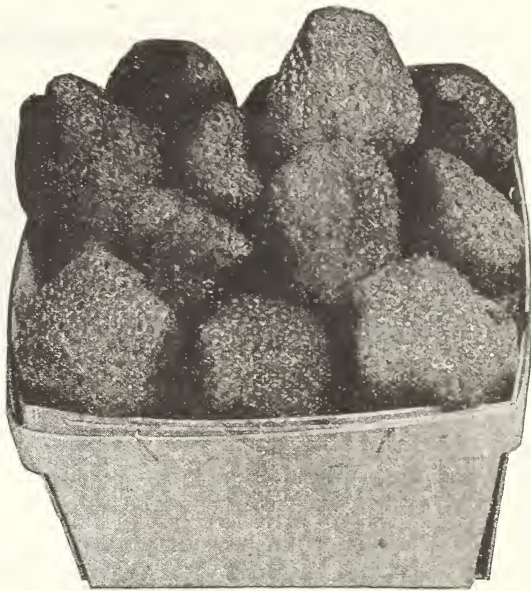
SUPERB EVERBEARING. Fruit red and of excellent quality. Fruits heaviest in late Summer and Fall. Plants, 25 for \$1.10; 100 for \$3.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$15.00 per 1000.

SUPREME EVERBEARING. Shortage of plants, can not offer this season.

MASTODON EVERBEARING. Heavy yielding, big berries that top the market; read what a customer says: "Enclosed find check for Mastodon Strawberries. I am very well pleased with those I got last Spring. They beat any kind I have had. About one-half of the two dozen I got are full of runners and berries. The first strawberries I ever had that had to be sliced up. I've been used to strawberries for over 68 years. The Mastodon is my strawberry." —W. H. Vela, Jackson, California.

Order a few now and be convinced of the true worth of Mastodon. Plants, 12 for \$1.10; 25 for \$1.60; 100 for \$4.20, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$20.00 per 1000.

MARSHALL. Large, dark rich crimson of very good quality. The leading commercial variety. Plants, 25 for 75c; 100 for \$1.90, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$10.00 per 1000.



Mastodon Strawberries.

BIG LATE. Yields twice as heavily as Marshall, the berries are much larger, the flavor is far better, and the color is a luscious glistening red. Big Late Strawberries are excellent for shipping. Plants, 25 for \$1.60; 100 for \$3.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$17.50 per 1000.

Small Fruits

These are thrifty, hardy, vigorous plants. Shipped direct from the mountain nursery. Shipping weights, 1 lb. for 1 plant, 5 lbs. for 10, 35 lbs. per 100.

CURRENTS, Fay's Prolific. A leading market currant. Extra large berries. Uniform in size and easily picked. 2-yr. No. 1 plants, 30c each; 10 for \$2.50, not prepaid.

DEWBERRIES, Lucretia. Large jet black, highly flavored and hardy. A profitable market sort. Strong No. 1 plants, 15c each; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$8.00, not prepaid.

DEWBERRIES, Thornless. Enormous, big, luscious berries, almost seedless and of very distinctive flavor. Strong No. 1 plants, 30c each; 10 for \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00, not prepaid.

GOOSEBERRIES, Downing. A large, handsome, pale green berry of splendid quality. Good for both cooking and table use. Strong 2-year plants, 30c each; 10 for \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00, not prepaid.

GRAPES, Concord. A black grape; the leading market, vineyard and home garden variety with which all others are compared. 30c each; 10 for \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00, not prepaid.

GRAPES, Muscat. The renowned raisin and table grape. 40c each; 10 for \$3.30, not prepaid.

GRAPES, Zinfandel. Widely used as a wine grape. Borne in compact clusters; flesh abundant, juicy, and of a good flavor. 40c each; 10 for \$3.30; 100 for \$20.00, not prepaid.

RASPBERRIES, Cuthbert. Large conical, rich crimson, excellent quality. Strong No. 1 plants, 15c each; 10 for \$1.25, not prepaid.



Concord Grapes.

RASPBERRIES, St. Regis. The everbearing red, very prolific. Strong No. 1 plants, 20c each; 10 for \$1.65, not prepaid.

BLACK RASPBERRIES, Cumberland. One of the earliest to ripen, excellent quality. Strong No. 1 plants, 20c each; 10 for \$1.65, not prepaid.

Peerless Dust Guns

Perfectly balanced and easy to operate. Develops strong air pressure. It will dust underneath or on top of foliage. Cut shows gun fitted with beetle attachments.

PEERLESS DUST GUN. Complete. \$25.00, not prepaid.

BLUEBIRD DUST GUN. Built on the same principle, but of smaller capacity. \$15.00, not prepaid.



Cuthbert Raspberries.

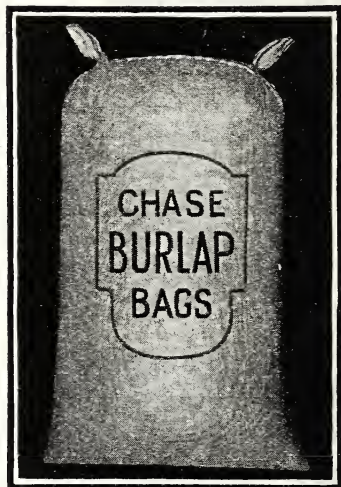
CHASE BAGS

FOR EVERY PURPOSE

Marketing your produce in new, clean fresh looking Chase Bags, printed in clear cut design, gives them a decided sales advantage.



BURLAP COTTON PAPER BAGS



SAXOLIN THE ORIGINAL OPEN MESH BAG

Ventilation preserves the quality of the contents.

Visibility attracts the buyer and creates prompt sales.

POTATOES shipped in 15 pound consumer branded SAXOLIN or Heavy Cotton Bags find ready sales in all markets.

Ask Your Nearest Chase Agency for Samples and Quotations

FACTORIES—Philadelphia - Buffalo - Toledo - Goshen - Milwaukee - Minneapolis - St. Louis
Kansas City - Memphis - Dallas - New Orleans - Chagrin Falls.

SALES OFFICES—Chicago - New York - Cleveland - Detroit - Denver - Los Angeles
Hutchinson - Louisville - Charleston - Norfolk

CHASE BAG CO.



Three and Four Crops Like This Every Year.



U. S. Verified Origin Alfalfa Seed

The United States Government Representative verifies the county and state of origin of all Alfalfa Seed we sell. The bags carry the U. S. Verified Origin tags and you get a certificate of origin with your seed. This is another regulation that protects the farmer from non-hardy seed.

FALSE ECONOMY. Where Alfalfa is cut for hay only, and where there are cultivated crops to follow, or, in other words, where diversified farming is carried on, it is false economy of the worst nature to leave fields in Alfalfa for more than three or four years, as crops following Alfalfa will average at least a 30 per cent better yield than on other ground. By reseeding you are not only increasing your yield greatly on other crops, but are insuring a better average yield of Alfalfa which will repay many times the small cost per acre of reseeding. **It is also false economy to sow seed that has not been recleaned and had the foul and light seeds removed.** This applies not only to Alfalfa, but to wheat, oats, and all farm seeds. The cost of production is just as much when the yield is small as when it is large; the increased yield obtained by crop rotation and good seed is net profit.

Hardy Mountain Grown Seed that will Live and Thrive in Spite of Climatic Conditions.

Grand Junction is located in the heart of the Alfalfa seed producing section of Colorado. All of our Alfalfa seed, with the exception of the Turkestan, is strong, hardy, Mountain Grown Seed. We ship many carloads of Alfalfa seed each year from Grand Junction to seed houses in the east and north. In going over the growing fields we are able to select the crops which can be cleaned up for our Mile High grade. These lots are carefully set aside and held for our customers in the Spring. **We know the quality of Mile High Seed, for we know the fields it came from.** Many of these fields have been successful in enduring our severe mountain weather for twenty years or more.

Colorado Mountain Alfalfa. This seed belongs to the type known as Common Alfalfa. By nearly half a century of breeding in the mountains of this section of the country, where the climate is as severe in Winter as Montana or North Dakota, and extremely hot in Summer, this variety has become exceptionally hardy. It rarely winter-kills, but grows tall and luxuriantly, thriving equally well on dry land as on irrigated soil, and yielding the heaviest crop per acre of any strain of Common Alfalfa. Mountain Grown Seed is exceptionally plump and well filled. The demand always exceeds the supply of this seed. Seedsmen clear to the Atlantic seaboard are buying carloads of it; paying high freight rates on it; although they could buy Argentine seed at a much lower price. If you intend to grow your Alfalfa for the seed crops, we would rather recommend that you sow one of the improved varieties as the seed from it will always bring a higher price on the market. Or if your soil is very shallow, a spreading root type of Alfalfa will give you better satisfaction. But in the other cases, where the crop is wanted for hay, Colorado Mountain Alfalfa will give you every satisfaction.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Grimm Alfalfa

Certified or Registered.

Grimm Alfalfa was developed primarily for sections where there is a great deal of winter-killing. While Common Alfalfa has only one root, Grimm has a spreading root system. When the ground cracks with the freezing and thawing of Winter it is hardly likely to break all the roots of a Grimm plant. The crown of the plant also sets lower on the ground, so that it is less likely to be injured by stock.

Grimm is also valuable for sections where the water lies near the surface. The spreading roots of Grimm do not go down as deep as the Common, and standing water will kill Alfalfa.

Grimm makes a little finer stemmed hay than Common. Grimm does not require as much seed to the acre in planting, as the plants stool more.

Grimm Alfalfa is distinguished by the variegated colors of the blossoms, mostly blue shades. Yellow blossoms occasionally appear, but not on all plants, especially during the first year.

Certified Grimm Alfalfa seed is a seed on which we hold the grower's sworn affidavit that only Grimm seed was sown in the field from which this seed was harvested. We furnish a certificate to this effect with each sale, on request. These fields are practically always inspected by our men to be sure that they are true Grimm.

Registered Seed is registered by the State College, and from fields inspected by their representatives. If you intend growing your field for seed you should plant Registered Seed so that you can get your field registered. If you are growing your crop for hay, the Certified Seed will give you every satisfaction.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Cossack Alfalfa

Very similar to Grimm. Cossack is claimed by some to be more hardy than Grimm. The original seed of this variety was brought from Siberia, but it has now been grown in this country for 15 or 20 years. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Turkestan Alfalfa

Imported seed. The root system is short like Grimm. Turkestan is a light yielder of hay, but can be grown on shallow soils. It is used on these soils in preference to Grimm only because of its cheaper price. This imported Alfalfa has been blamed for introducing many noxious foreign weeds into the country. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Seed Staining Law

This law applies to Alfalfa and Red Clover and the law was passed to protect the American farmer. The Bureau of Plant Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture has recommended that where severe Winter conditions prevail only American grown clover seed should be used. Our Alfalfas, Red Clovers and Sweet Clovers are not only American grown but also Mountain Grown.

To protect you against seed which is not hardy this imported seed must be stained. Seed where country of origin is not known is stained red. Seed grown in Africa, Turkestan or Italy is stained red. Seed grown in Canada is stained violet. Seed grown in other foreign countries is stained green.

If you are in doubt follow the advice of the United States Department of Agriculture and plant American grown seed, which is not stained.

Clover Seed

Sweet Clover

Sweet Clover has proven to be one of the most economical and successful soil builders. The roots decay rapidly, adding much nitrogen and humus to the soil. The roots are soft, and give no trouble in plowing.

Sweet Clover will produce a crop in all parts of the United States. It will grow on soils where alfalfa fails, on land too wet, too poor or too hard for alfalfa, and will frequently put these soils into shape for growing alfalfa.

Sweet Clover is frequently planted with Spring or Fall grains, to be plowed under after the grain is harvested. It may be sown at any time, either with or without a nurse crop.

Sweet Clover produces a heavy tonnage of hay to the acre. The hay is not readily relished by stock, but has a high feeding value, second only to alfalfa.

White Blossom Sweet Clover (Biennial)

White Blossom gives the heaviest tonnage of green manure to the acre. The foliage is sparser and the stems heavier, but it is a very rank grower and a heavy nitrogen yielder.

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover (Biennial)

The Yellow Blossom has finer stems and hay, making it the better hay crop. A little Yellow Blossom Clover is a valuable addition to a pasture mixture. Yellow Blossom is preferred for bee pasturage, as it blooms earlier than the White Blossom.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Hubam Sweet Clover (Annual)

Two years growth in one. Hubam Clover will produce a heavy hay crop with three months of seeding. It is an annual plant, and produces seed the same year it is sown. Widely used as a green manure crop, especially in orchards.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



Alsike Clover.

Mountain Grown Clover Seed

Medium Red Clover

This is a good year to plant Red Clover. There is a plentiful supply of good domestic Mountain Grown Red Clover seed and the price is cheaper than it has been for years. This Mountain Grown seed is excellent quality, nice, clean seed, and a good, hardy strain.

In the past the bulk of the Red Clover seed used in this country has been imported from France and Italy. The United States Department of Agriculture advises the American farmer that this seed is not adapted to his needs. All this imported Red Clover must now be stained, so that the farmer will know what he is buying. The result is an enormous increase in the demand for domestic Red Clover.

Medium Red Clover is a valued hay crop and soil builder in the central states. Medium Red Clover does best on a well drained soil.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Mammoth Red Clover

Used in orchards as a soil builder, the Mammoth producing a longer stem and coarser foliage. Also used in pastures and as a soil builder. Matures two weeks later than Medium Red, gives a heavier yield of hay. Mammoth Red gives good results on poor, sandy land.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Alsike or Swedish Clover

It will stand poorly drained, cold, wet soils very well. Where the soil is slightly sour or acid be sure to sow Alsike. It is especially good in pasture mixtures for wet land. Alsike is frequently sown with timothy to make a richer hay.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



Mammoth Red Clover.

White Dutch Clover

Used principally for lawns because of its small, compact growth. White Dutch Clover is often used in pastures, making a palatable feed and can be cropped close. Very hardy under all conditions.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



What NOD-O-GEN Will Do For You

1—Insures better stands. 2—Insures bigger crops. 3—Increases value of crop for feeding. 4—Adds fertility to the soil. NOD-O-GEN is a culture of living nitrogen-gathering soil bacteria which, when inoculated on the seed of legume crops, such as Alfalfa, Clovers, Vetches, Beans, Peas, etc., enables the roots of those plants to gather nitrogen from the air, and thus promotes vigorous growth and enriches the soil. Different crops require different bacteria, specify crop to be used on when ordering.

NOD-O-GEN
The Right Kind of Inoculation

NOD-O-GEN for Alfalfa, Sweet Clover and Clovers. 1-bu. size, 85c; ½-bu. size, 60c, postpaid.

NOD-O-GEN for Soy Beans, Peas and Vetches. 5-bu. size, \$1.50; 1-bu. size, 50c, postpaid.

NOD-O-GEN garden size, combination for Peas, Beans and Sweet Peas. 25c, postpaid.



Meadows Grown From Our Superior Seed are Very Free From Weeds and a Good Stand is Assured

Meadow Fescue (English Blue Grass)

Extremely hardy and the best drought resister of all. While used extensively in all sections, in the mountains, in the Middle West and on the Southern Plains, it is particularly adapted to clay and other heavy soils. It is a valuable grass on wet lands as it grows very rapidly and tends to keep down the coarser grasses which naturally grow in such places. Will thrive when trampled by stock, when Timothy and other grasses fail. Inclined to bunch unless sown thickly.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Timothy

Timothy is the old standard hay, and has been the most widely used for years. Timothy is the best hay for horses on heavy work, and there is no danger of giving the horse the scours. Timothy is cheap to plant, easily grown and of excellent quality. Thrives on clay and moist soils but not on poor or light land. Timothy flowers in July and should be cut when in full bloom, later the hay becomes hard and coarse. Cut Timothy 4 inches from the ground, as most Timothy is killed by mowing too close. Timothy should not be sown alone for pasture, but together with other grasses such as Meadow Fescue and Red Top.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Alsike and Timothy Mixture

A preferred mixture, especially where there is plenty of rainfall. Does well on most any land, but gives best results on moist lands. Alsike and Timothy make an excellent combination for hay and pasture; they are adapted to the same kind of soil and mature together. They are readily eaten by all stock. Both are very hardy, do not winter-kill, and when once established will live for years. Alsike and Timothy is the cheapest Clover and Grass Seed Mixture. The seed has been grown mixed and sells for less money than the two varieties separate.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Pasture Mixtures

There are many advantages in planting a mixture of grasses for a pasture. These grasses can be combined to give early, mid-season and late Fall pasturage. Some grasses are shallow rooted and some are deep rooted. Some grasses are suited to irrigated soils, some to dry lands, and some to the very high altitudes. Various combinations are used under these different conditions, in each case to furnish the longest period of abundant pasture growth.

If you are at all in doubt as to the best mixture to sow, write us, giving full particulars:

Your altitude?
Irrigated or not?
Time of usual rains?
Kind of soil?
Drainage, good or poor?
For Hay, Meadow or Pasture?
If for pasture, what kind of stock?
Is pasture wanted all Summer, or at a particular time of year?

Our Field Seed expert will be glad to write you fully on grasses suited to your needs.

Permanent Pasture, Dry Light Soil. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Permanent Pasture, High Altitude. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Morton's Special Mixture

Morton's Special Mixture. For irrigated lands there is no better mixture of grasses. Prof. Morton of the Colorado Agricultural College spent 10 years experimenting to formulate this mixture. This mixture will carry more head of stock per acre than any grass or other mixture of grasses. Morton's Special Mixture will pasture 15 to 20 cows per acre, $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours per day. Four to five days a month are required for watering.

100 lbs. of Morton's Mixture contains:

- 30 lbs. of Orchard Grass.
- 30 lbs. of Brome Grass.
- 20 lbs. of Meadow Fescue.
- 12 lbs. of Timothy.
- 8 lbs. of Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover.

We recommend this mixture in these exact proportions. Some of our customers object to the Sweet Clover in the mixture. The Sweet Clover adds protein to the mixture and there is not enough to harm any kind of stock, but for those who do not want the Sweet Clover we also make up the mixture without Sweet Clover.

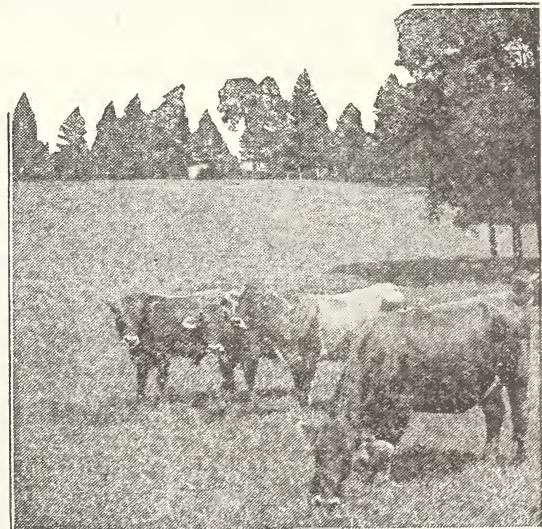
Morton's Mixture should be sown 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Orchard Grass

A very heavy hay yielder, richer than Timothy and outlives it. Often sown with Alfalfa to give a stronger and better hay. It will stand drought or will do well in the shade. Orchard Grass gives a heavy tonnage in permanent pasture, furnishes the first green bite in the Spring and the last in the Fall, is quick to recover from close cropping, and even thrives better the more it is cropped. Not suitable to extreme high altitudes.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



Grown From Our Pasture Mixture.



A Fine Lawn From Our "Mile High" Lawn Grass Seed.

"Mile High" Lawn Grass Seed

Contains the most beautiful grasses, a percentage of White Dutch Clover, and hardy grasses to protect the more tender grasses while they are becoming established.

"Mile High" Lawn Grass Seed is a carefully blended mixture, made from an exact formula, and backed by years of experimenting with both domestic and foreign grasses. It will form a thick, velvety turf with only a fair amount of care.

A mixture of 90 per cent Kentucky Blue Grass and 10 per cent White Dutch Clover makes a very beautiful lawn, but requires a great deal of care to establish.

For golf courses, public parks, school grounds, cemeteries, or difficult soil conditions, we will gladly make up special mixtures. Just tell us where you wish to plant and we will send the proper mixture of grasses. Or write us and our field seed specialist, Mr. Dessert, will be glad to write you fully.

TO MAKE A LAWN: If the soil is naturally rich merely spade and rake it as fine as possible. If the soil is poor a good dressing of manure or fertilizer should be spaded in first. For all ordinary conditions use "Mile High" Mixture Lawn Seed. Sow the seed at least one pound to every 300 square feet (10x30 feet). Thicker sowing will give a thick, velvet-like turf much quicker. If the weather is hot, or the soil liable to cake, cover with straw or branches until the grass is well established.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Market Prices on "Mile High" Mixed Lawn Grass.

Kentucky Blue Grass. The most desirable grass for lawns, and included in all good lawn grass mixtures. Our "Mile High" Lawn Grass contains a heavy percentage of Kentucky Blue Grass. Kentucky Blue Grass forms a thick sod of a beautiful dark green color. Very few people sow Blue Grass thick enough; for lawns it should be sown one pound for every 150 square feet, or for every plot 10 by 15 feet. A good pasture grass, starting to grow early in the Spring and continuing until the ground freezes. Does best on moist, rich land. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Rhode Island Bent Grass. Makes a fine turf of excellent color and adapts itself readily to any soils, particularly acid soils. Makes a beautiful lawn or a good putting green for golf courses. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



Cyclone Seed Sower

The finest hand seeder known. Built on up-to-date and correct principles. Will not throw seed upward or against the operator, but direct and evenly on the land. Can be set to sow any amount desired. Sows alfalfa, clover, grass, or small grains very satisfactorily. Price, each, \$2.25, postpaid.

"Mile High" Brand and "Mountaineer" Brand Field Seed

Field Seeds carrying our "Mile High" Brand are not only grown from selected seed in selected fields and the seed saved only from selected crops, but in addition they are cleaned and re-cleaned and re-cleaned until only plump, well-developed seeds, free from chaff and foreign seeds, are left, then and only then can they wear our "Mile High" Brand. It will always pay you to plant "Mile High" Brand for the slight additional cost per pound of seed is made up many times over in your crop.

"Mountaineer" Brand is an excellent second grade at a price that will meet all competitive prices. While many would call it first grade seed it does not quite measure up to our "Mile High" standard. Some years on certain crops, through adverse weather conditions, it is impossible to produce seed which will grade "Mile High." We will be glad to send you samples of any or all grades on any field seeds in which you are interested.

Quantity of Seed Required per Acre and Customary Weights per Bushel.

	Lbs. per Acre	Lbs. per Bu.		Lbs. per Acre	Lbs. per Bu.
Alfalfa, Common	10-12	60	Millet, Japanese, for hay	15	35
Alfalfa, Grimm	8-10	60	Millet, Japanese, for seed	12	35
Australian Salt Bush	1		Millet, Siberian, for hay	35	50
Barley	95-110	48	Millet, Siberian, for seed	20	50
Beans, in Hills	20-35	60	Millet, other varieties, for hay	20	50
Beans, Drilled	40-50	60	Millet, other varieties, for seed	20	50
Blue Grass, for pasture	35-40	14	Oats	90-100	32
Brome Grass, alone for hay	18-20	14	Orchard Grass	15-25	14
Brome Grass, for pasture	20-25	14	Pasture Mixtures	30-40	
Broom Corn		25	Peas, Field, broadcast	150-160	60
Broom Corn, for seed	5-8	48	Peas, Field, with oats	80-90	60
Buckwheat	25-30	52	Potatoes	600	60
Cane, for fodder	50-75	50	Rape, in drills	2-4	50
Cane, drilled	5-8	50	Rape, broadcast	4-6	50
Clover, Alsike	8-10	60	Red Top, solid seed	10-15	
Clover, Mammoth Red	8-12	60	Rye	55-65	56
Clover, Medium Red	8-12	60	Rye, for forage	150-200	56
Clover, Sweet Biennial, Hulled	12-15	60	Speltz	60-100	42
Clover, Hubam, Hulled	8-10	60	Sudan Grass, for seed	4-6	
Clover, White Dutch	8-10	60	Sudan Grass, broadcast	15-20	
Corn	10-12	56	Sweet Corn, in drills for fodder	25-50	56
Corn, for silage	30-35	56	Timothy	6-10	45
Peterita, drilled	5-8	56	Timothy and Clover—		
Peterita, for fodder	50-75	56	Timothy	6	
Kaffir, drilled	5-8	56	Clover	4	
Kaffir, for fodder	50-75	56	Western Ryegrass	20	
Meadow, Fescue	15-20	24	Wheat	90-120	60

Brome Grass

A heavy tonnage hay crop. Yields 1 to 4½ tons per acre of hay, about the same quality as Timothy. Hay should be cut at the time of full bloom. Stands drought among the best of the cultivated grasses and will also stand excessive moisture for a considerable period, or cold. Forms a leafy, compact turf that will stand severe pasturing. A wonderful grass for sheepmen for high ranges. Plant only where wanted permanently, as Brome is difficult to kill out.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Western Rye Grass

Also called Slender Wheat Grass. Highly desirable for soils that contain some alkali. The Colorado Agricultural College finds Western Rye Grass most successful on these soils. Affords early pasture and first-class hay, being very nutritious. A drought resister and hardy under all conditions. Western Rye Grass will hold its place for years, if left alone, but one plowing will destroy it.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Zawadke Alkali Grass

We are discontinuing this grass as so many of our customers have found it difficult to establish.

Australian Salt Bush

A valuable forage plant for reclaiming alkali soils. It seems to take the salty substance from the soil, and after 3 or 4 years make the land fit for other crops. It becomes parched by the heat in the late Summer, but stock will thrive on it, if forced by hunger to eat it. It requires no preparation of the soil for seeding on level land, but sloping land should have the surface broken. Sow in Spring or Summer when the soil is moist, after a rain. Do not cover the seed.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Red Top

Produces best results on moist, rich soils, and mainly used in river bottoms and such lands as may be flooded for some time in the Spring. Adapts itself to a wide variety of soils. Used both as a permanent pasture grass and as a meadow grass for hay. Forms a dense, firm sod, able to withstand freezing and trampling of livestock.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Millet

Used mainly as a catch crop to be used where an early crop has failed. In this section Millet can be sown as late as the middle of July and still make an excellent hay crop. Often sown after Winter Wheat has been harvested.

While drought-resistant, Millet does best on moist soil. Because of its rank growth it is extensively used for smothering weeds. The best hay is obtained if cut just as the Millet starts to head; when sown in the Spring it gives two good cuttings of hay.

White Wonder Millet. An early variety with enormous seed heads. The foliage is extra heavy and the leaves broad, yielding a very large hay crop. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Japanese Millet or Billion Dollar Grass. Requires only about 6 weeks to produce a crop and can be sown quite late in the season. This crop stools considerably and grows 6 to 8 feet high, producing an enormous crop of hay. Does best on a moist soil. Seed supply is very limited; please give a second choice when ordering.

Golden or German Millet. A good drought resister. Grows very rank and makes a very palatable hay.

Siberian or Russian Millet. Similar to Golden but two weeks earlier.

Common Millet. One of the earliest varieties.

Hog or Broom Corn Millet. Seed makes excellent feed for poultry and hogs. The seed ripens while the hay is still green, so both can be used. An early variety with a branching head. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Sudan Grass

One of the best catch crops to plant when late seeding is necessary. Matures a crop of hay almost as quickly as Millet and much quicker than the Sorghum crops. Can be cut every six weeks until frost. Frost kills it entirely. A real drought resister, renewing its growth immediately when rain comes. Plants stool freely and make a leafy hay. An enormous hay yielder and the hay can be fed in unlimited quantities without any danger to stock.

Minnesota Amber Sugar Cane

Used mainly as a catch crop, Minnesota Black Amber is the earliest Sugar Cane. It can be grown profitably wherever corn is grown; will withstand conditions of drought that will ruin corn. It will thrive on your poorest land as well as your best, and is one of the greatest destroyers of noxious weeds.

Buckwheat

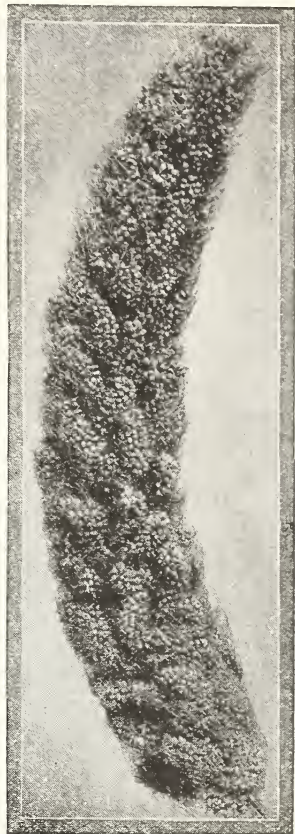
A grain crop often used to smother weeds and clean up weedy soils. Also a catch crop that can be sown late. Good for bees.

Japanese. Larger grain crop than Silverhull, and earlier.

Silverhull. Longer season in bloom, best for bees.

Spring Speltz

A hardy grain that can be grown on poor, arid soils, making a crop under conditions where wheat will fail. A very rich feed, and excellent to grind with other grains. Does best when planted very early in the Spring; will withstand cold weather.



White Wonder Millet.



Sudan Grass.

Mountain Grown Seed Corn

Matures two weeks earlier, will often make you a safe corn crop when Seed Corn from the "Corn Belt" would fail. All our Seed Corn is high altitude grown.

Corn is a big paying crop for the mountain rancher. There never has been enough corn raised on the western slope to feed the poultry. You can usually get the Eastern price **plus freight** for your crop. Under irrigation, corn sometimes yields as high as 100 bushels to the acre.

Hand Picked Seed

The superlative in Seed Corn Stocks is reached in the Hand Picked Seed we are offering to our customers this season. While all our Seed Corn is carefully selected, butted and tipped, and thoroughly machine cleaned, in our constant desire to give our customers the very best, we have carefully picked over each kernel of these stocks and taken out any kernels which were not perfect.

It costs over \$20.00 to raise an acre of corn, of which about 50c is the cost of the seed. Figure it out; will you try to save a few cents on the seed and risk losing the \$20.00?

The extra work we have put on this seed will be amply repaid in the perfectly even stand in your corn field.

Squaw Corn (65 days). The earliest corn is this old Indian corn, dwarf growth and small ears. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Fourteen Row White Flint (105 days). The new heavy yielding corn in the Flint class. Our seed field of this variety yielded 111 bushels of shelled corn per acre. Very hardy variety. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Australian White Flint (80 days). Survives drought or cold. Ears 8 to 12 inches long, 8 to 10 rowed. Excellent for grain or silage. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Sweet Fodder Corn. A sugar variety grown for its luxuriant fodder. Plant thickly, 25 to 50 lbs. per acre. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Minnesota No. 13 Yellow Dent (85 days). One of the earliest Dent Corns grown, and a fine yellow corn that always brings a premium on the market. A favorite since 1897, when it was introduced by the Minnesota Experiment Station. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Feterita

The earliest of the drought-resisting Sorghums. In a dry year it will outyield all other Sorghums. Resembles Milo excepting that the stems are uniformly erect and the seed is larger and softer.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Kaffir

Dwarf Black Hull White. A stocky, non-saccharine sorghum, bearing many leaves and a very heavy seed head. The most valuable variety for hot, dry climates. Yields from three to five tons of fodder and 30 to 50 bushels of grain to the acre. The stalk and leaves remain green until the seed is matured, making the best feed, as well as grain crop. It is a high alkali resistant. Matures in 110 to 125 days. Kaffir Corn has no superior as a chicken feed.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Red Kaffir. Very similar to White. Stalk grows taller, and crop matures a little earlier. An immense yielder. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



Dwarf Essex Rape.

Northwestern Dent (85 days). An early Dent corn. A heavy yielder adapted to varied soil conditions. Kernels are cherry red with yellowish cap. Yields well in grain and tons of fodder. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Swadley Dent (80 days). Gives big yields on poor, upland soils where other varieties fail. An old Colorado variety with ears 8 inches long, 12 to 16-rowed, with broad, soft, pale yellow dented kernels. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Colorado White Elephant (95 days). The largest early White Dent Corn. Height up to 12 feet, ears 12 inches long with deep kernels. Heavy fodder growth. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Iowa Gold Mine (95 days). Heavy yielder, ears 9 inches long with 16 to 18 rows of deep kernels. Early maturing Mountain Grown Seed. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Reid's Yellow Dent (100 days). The standard yellow Corn of America. An immense yielder on good soil; large ears shell 88 per cent or better of grain. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

NOTICE

As field seed prices are subject to market change, we put out a monthly price list on field seeds. If you will be interested in any of these seeds at some future date, we shall be very glad to put your name on our mailing list. If interested, please write us, giving full name and address and stating the kind of seed you are interested in.

We should be very glad to receive your name for this list.

Yellow Milo Maize

A variety of Sorghum, non-saccharine, stalks 8 to 10 feet high. It stands dry weather and makes its crop where Corn would fail. It ripens seed in 90 to 110 days, making it suitable for high altitudes. The culture for Milo Maize is the same as for Kaffir Corn.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Dwarf Essex Rape

Ready for pasture in six weeks. Rape is often planted in Corn after the last cultivation to make a late pasture for sheep or hogs. This makes it a valuable and cheap combination pasture. Experiments show that sheep and hogs make an excellent gain of firm flesh on Rape pasture. Rape belongs to the Cabbage family but is easily grown and very cheap to plant.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Heavy Mountain Seed Oats

Plump Mountain Grown Seed filled with vitality. While the Government standard for Oats is 32 pounds to the bushel, our Mountain Grown Seed frequently weighs 45 pounds to the measured bushel. Oats make a heavy yielding crop for high altitudes.

Colorado Side Oats. Exceptionally heavy yielder. Oat kernels produced on side of head.
See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Colorado No. 37 Oats. A selection made from Swedish Select by Prof. Olin. Early maturity, rust resistant and heavy yielder.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Victory Oats. Short heads, densely branched, bearing heavy yield of large, plump berries. Originated by Swedish Plant Breeding Society.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Abundance Oats. A very large oat and one of the best yielders on good soils. A standard variety, sometimes known as Newmarket.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Swedish Select Oats. Drought resistant, a good variety for light soils because of its heavy root development.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

New Hullless Oats. Very early and a heavy yielder. Thresholds practically clean of all hull; solid grain as heavy as wheat. In great demand for rabbit feed by the many rabbit breeders. Also excellent for calves and poultry. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Plant Winter RYE in Spring for Pasture

Winter Rye, besides its use as a grain crop, is often seeded in the Spring, either alone or with winter vetch, as a pasture crop. When sown in the Spring and kept pastured, Winter Rye will last for three or four years with one sowing. Our Seed Rye is all Mountain Grown, assuring the strong vitality necessary on this crop.

Rosen Rye. The well filled heads and high yield of grain are the main features of this New Winter Rye. Rosen Rye was originated by the Michigan Experiment Station; our seed was grown from certified seed obtained from the Michigan Agricultural College.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Winter Rye. Valuable for pasture or grain crops. Does well on poor soils or lands that are subject to blow.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Spring Rye. Not as large straw as Winter Rye but yields a good grain crop of fine quality. Also used for early pasture or hay.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Mountain Grown Seed Wheat

Marquis Wheat. In line with the work being carried on by the Colorado Agricultural College, we imported some second generation Registered Marquis Spring Wheat, grown in Canada, and registered by the Canadian Seed Growers' Association. This wheat has now been grown here for several years, and while the yield has been greatly increased, it still retains the wonderful milling qualities that make this the premium milling wheat of the continent.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Dicklow Wheat. A new soft wheat yielding over 60 bushels to the acre. Not a milling wheat but the finest feed wheat. Outyields all other varieties.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Field Beans

The best paying crop of any in many mountain sections. The average yield under irrigation is 1800 pounds per acre, some crops have yielded over 3000 pounds per acre. There has been a good market price on this crop for a number of years, but even at a low price it will bring big returns per acre. We can sell carlot crops for you.

Mexican Pinto. The standard variety in Colorado and New Mexico. Easiest raised, heaviest yielder and seldom any dockage for discolored Beans. Hardy, and the only variety for dry lands. Our true type seed will give a heavy yield.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Great Northern or Large White Navy. Matures a crop in 80 days; earlier than Pintos; usually a better price, but not quite as heavy yield.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Small Michigan Pez Navy. A very heavy yielding, small white bean, 1200 to 1 type. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



A Clean Crop From Clean Seed.

Field Peas

San Luis Valley Field Peas can be grown in any altitude up to 9,000 feet with success. This is the Pea that made the San Luis Valley, Colorado, famous. They make exceptionally fine feed for lambs and hogs and the straw is relished by all stock. For a hay crop peas are usually sown with oats, and the crop cut before fully matured. If threshed the dry peas should be ground for cattle, but are usually fed whole to sheep and sows. A field pea crop is a wonderful soil builder, putting nitrogen into the soil for following crops. Our field pea seed is all high altitude grown.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

High Altitude Seed Potatoes Dry Land Grown

Market prices are quoted on our Colored Price lists sent at any time on request. It is well to order early, before some varieties are sold out. We will, of course, make shipment on the date you specify, and when the weather appears favorable. As potatoes are perishable we cannot assume any responsibility for freezing in transit.

The varieties listed below are both early, good yielders, and well suited to the Western territory.

Irish Cobbler. Excellent for light soils. White, and of medium size, roundish in shape. The quality is excellent, especially for baking.

Early Ohio. A week to ten days earlier than the Early Rose, and a better yielder. Pink skin, white flesh, fine grained, excellent keeper. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Why not buy your Alfalfa and Clover Seed direct from a producing center. Please fill out postcard inclosed with this catalog.

Barley

One of the earliest grain crops. Barley can be sown late with good results. It makes as good hog feed as corn. Ground Barley is an excellent dairy feed. Our Seed Barley is all high altitude grown, plump, well filled grains.

Colsess Barley. A beardless variety developed by the Colorado Agricultural Experiment Station. Gives a heavy yield on a good strong straw. Average yield 74.7 bushels per acre.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Improved White Hulless or Bald Barley. It is hulless, beardless, very early; it weighs over 60 pounds to measured bushel; it yields well on poor land; it yields enormously on good land. It makes better pork than corn does; the straw makes a good hay; it is of inestimable value to stock feeders.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Success Beardless Barley. Hardy, six-rowed and beardless; fine for stock feed.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Trehi Barley. The heaviest yielding Barley that has ever been introduced. Good stiff straw; big, plump grains; an exceptional yielder; replacing all other bearded varieties. See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



Field Beans.

**IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN FIELD SEEDS,
WE SHOULD BE GLAD TO SEND YOU OUR
MONTHLY PRICE LIST ON REQUEST.**

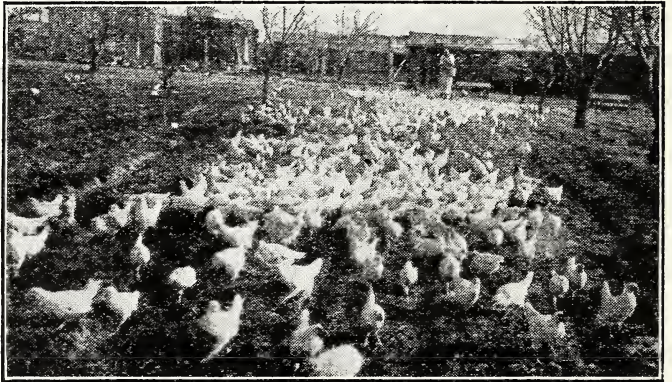
Fairlawn Hatchery and Poultry Farm

Choice Baby Chicks With Pep and Vigor

Incubator capacity of 32,000 eggs.

Pure Hollywood, S. C. White Leghorn chicks.

We buy no eggs for hatching; all eggs are from our own stock; we use only Pedigreed Roosters, from hens with records of 290 to 330 eggs.



We also hatch pure bred S. C. R. I. Red Chicks, and Barred Plymouth Rocks.

Write for circular and price list of our chicks, hatching eggs, and breeding stock.

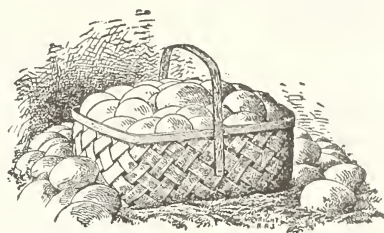
We can also supply you with chicks one week old or two weeks old, or with pullets five weeks or older. Address all inquiries direct to

EDWARD W. WECKEL

Fruita, Colorado

Patterick's Proven Quality Baby Chicks

Successful
Poultry Raising
Must Start With
First Quality
Stock to Reap a
Profitable
Harvest



Our BABY CHICKS have the health and vigor that only Colorado's Mountain climate and abundance of sunshine can furnish. If you have never raised chicks from this MILE HIGH ALTITUDE you will be surprised at how much stronger and peppier our chicks are.

We are very careful in selecting our breeding stock and use only breeders that are true to color, have high egg production body type, and have been selected under strict supervision, all of which assures you of chicks with the breeding to grow into profitable producers.

Because of our disease-free stock, high production, and the good hatchability results we obtain in this climate, we are able to offer the following reasonable prices on our chicks for delivery during the 1931 hatching season, postpaid.

Order Early

To give our customers who order early the advantage, we will allow the following discount for early orders. From all orders placed 30 days in advance of shipment and accompanied by full remittance, deduct \$1.00 per hundred.

Otherwise include 2c per chick deposit with order, and send the balance 10 days before shipment. For shipments after May first prices will be 2c per chick less than the regular prices quoted above.

	1000	100	50	25
Leghorns, S. C. White or R. C. Brown	\$110.00	\$11.85	\$6.50	\$3.50
S. C. Reds	130.00	13.85	7.50	4.00
R. C. R. I. Whites	130.00	13.85	7.50	4.00
Rocks, White or Barred	130.00	13.85	7.50	4.00
Buff Orpingtons	130.00	13.85	7.50	4.00
Jersey Black Giants		18.25	9.50	5.00

For Brooder or Started Chicks, add to the above prices:

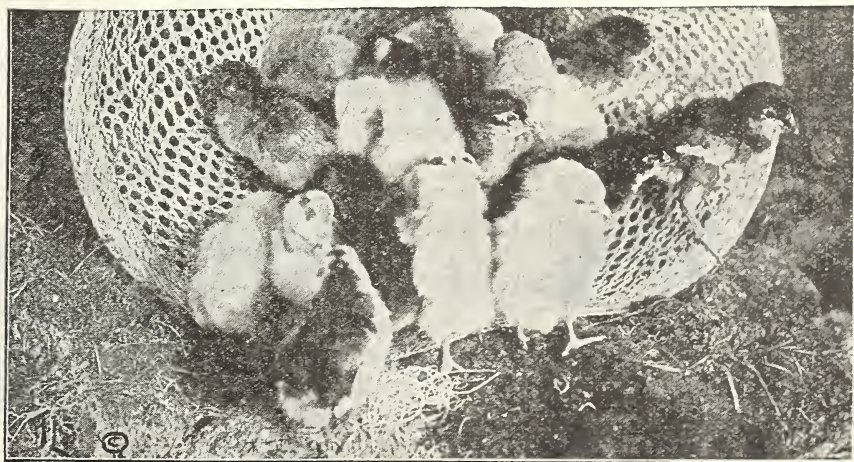
Heavy breeds, two weeks old, add 10c each; three weeks old, add 16c each.

Leghorns, two weeks old, add 10c each; three weeks old, add 15c each.

	1000	100	50	25
Pullets—White Leghorn, four weeks old	\$490.00	\$50.00	\$25.00	\$12.75

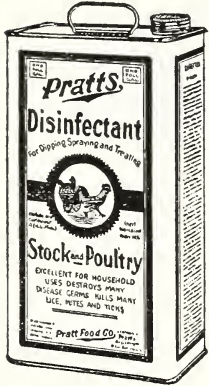
PATTERICK'S HATCHERY, Grand Junction, Colorado

Mail all correspondence direct to us.





Pratts



PRATT'S POULTRY REGULATOR makes any mash better. Medium size package, shipping weight 5 lbs., not prepaid\$0.65
12-lb. package, shipping weight 15 lbs., not prepaid 1.75
100-lb. bag, shipping weight 102 lbs., not prepaid10.50

PRATT'S POULTRY WORM POWDER. Cheap—safe—sure. Medium size package, shipping weight 3 lbs., not prepaid. .60
Large size package, shipping weight 6 lbs., not prepaid ... 1.20
100-lb. bag, shipping weight 102 lbs., not prepaid13.50

PRATT'S ANIMAL REGULATOR. Medium size package, shipping weight 4 lbs., not prepaid. .70
Large size package, shipping weight 11 lbs., not prepaid.. 1.40

PRATT'S DIP AND DISINFECTANT. Over four times as strong as carbolic acid. For spraying around buildings and dipping stock and poultry.

1 pint, shipping weight 1½ lbs., not prepaid\$0.45
1 quart, shipping weight 3 lbs., not prepaid..... .70
2 quarts, shipping weight 6 lbs., not prepaid..... 1.20
1 gallon, shipping weight 12 lbs., not prepaid..... 2.00

PRATT'S RED MITE SPECIAL. Spray or paint this special powerful preparation on roosts. 1 quart, not prepaid..... .70

PRATT'S POWDERED LICE KILLER. A powerful and economical lice killer. Frees poultry, horses, sheep, dogs, cats, etc., from lice, fleas and other vermin.

Medium size package, shipping weight 1½ lbs., not prepaid30
Large size package, shipping weight 3½ lbs., not prepaid60

PRATT'S CHICK TABLETS. No excuse for chick troubles when one Pratt's tablet in each quart of drinking water will prevent it and cure chicks not too far gone. Packages 30c; 60c; and \$1.20, postpaid.

PRATT'S R-P POWDER. Packages, 30c and 60c, postpaid.

PRATT'S R-P TABLETS. Formerly Pratt's Roup Tablets. Packages, 30c and 60c, postpaid.

PRATT'S LICE SALVE. Tubes, 30c, postpaid.

PRATT'S SPECIAL COMPOUND. Packages, 30c, postpaid.



PRATT'S FLY CHASER.

2 quarts, shipping weight 6 lbs., not prepaid..\$1.00
1 gallon, shipping weight 11 lbs., not prepaid. 1.65

Pratt's Valuable Poultry Book Sent Free, When Requested With an Order.

Pratt's N. K. Tablets

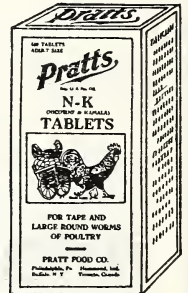
Here's the newest, cleverest, most effective and surest way to quickly rid a fowl of worms. Just one Pratt's N-K Tablet does the trick. These tablets contain full doses of nicotine and Kamala, recognized by all authorities as the two best poultry vermifuges. They are covered with a tough, insoluble coating which is broken by the grit in the gizzard, releasing the fresh potent drugs right in the worm-infested intestines.

For Adult Fowls

Pkg. 50 tablets\$1.00
Pkg. 100 tablets 1.75
Pkg. 500 tablets 7.00

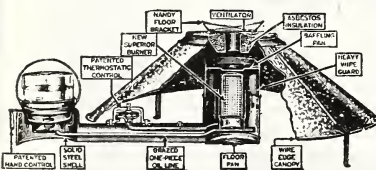
For Chicks

Pkg. 50 tablets\$0.65
Pkg. 100 tablets 1.00
Pkg. 500 tablets 4.50



"Makomb" Brooders for Baby Chicks

"Kerostat" Blue Flame Oil Brooder



1930 Kerostat, including new pilot light feature. Only thermostatic control can insure satisfaction. Only Kerostat has it. Blue flame, wickless, odorless, safe and economical, yet low in price.

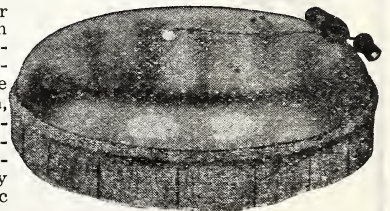
Kerostat—first practical Thermostatic Blue Flame Oil Brooder with automatic control of the flame. Every desirable feature is found in the

light feature. Shipping Weight Not Prepaid
35-inch Kerostat 36 lbs. \$13.00
45-inch Kerostat 47 lbs. 14.50
55-inch Kerostat 53 lbs. 16.00

"Makomb, Jr." Electric Brooder

30 Chick Capacity; Weight 8 lbs, \$3.50, not prepaid.

Finest small electric ever offered. Drawn steel shell, attractively enameled, double flannel curtain, and fully insulated with Celotex. Will outperform any small electric brooder because so well insulated. Uses 25 or 40 watt bulb, and has circulating drum over bulb which shuts off the light and gives greater efficiency.



Canopy
35-inch Kerostat
45-inch Kerostat
55-inch Kerostat



PROVED BY THIRTY
YEARS' EXPERIENCE

For Cow Health in Calving

KOW-KARE daily with the feed, two weeks before and two weeks after, works wonders, costs little, and earns big profits in the health and strength of cow and calf and full milk production. Many dairymen feed it for a week every month to prevent disease and insure top-notch milk yield.

BAG BALM, made by KOW-KARE people is wonderful for Caked Bag, Sore Teats, Cuts, etc. Try this healing ointment.

KOW-KARE. Small size, 65c; large size, \$1.25; 6 large cans for \$6.25, prepaid.

BAG BALM. 60c, postpaid.

POKE ROOT COMPOUND FOR GARGET. 65c, postpaid.



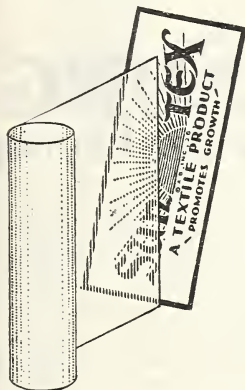
Economy Brand Calf Meal

The excellent quality of our Economy Brand Calf Meal has made it a favorite in the Rocky Mountain section. Those who have used it always keep a supply on hand and repeat orders on this item are the general thing.

Economy Brand Calf Meal carries our full guarantee—you must be satisfied or your money back.

Can be used for feeding both calves and lambs. Fully equal in feeding value to whole milk. Complete feeding directions enclosed in every sack.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.



SUN*TEX

Better Than Glass

Makes the Sun Work for You

SUN*TEX increases production, because it transmits the Ultra Violet Rays. Used for poultry houses, hotbeds, porches, storm doors and windows.

Weather-Proof and
Sun-Proof

Better, earlier plants, that bring the highest market prices.

More eggs, healthier and larger chicks.

Postpaid Prices:

	36-in. Width
1 yard	\$ 0.36
5 yards	1.75
10 yards	3.40
15 yards	5.00
25 yards	8.25
50 yards	16.25
100 yards	32.00

The Little Putnam Stove

\$1.95 Postpaid.

Used under poultry drinking fountains to keep water at a tonic temperature, also used as the heater element in making an oat sprouter. Stove 4 inches high. Oil tank holds three pints of oil, and burns three to four weeks without refilling or any other attention. Fireproof and non-explosive.

Putnam Brooder Heater

\$4.75 Postpaid.

Used to make an inexpensive brooder for 25 to 60 chicks. Full directions for making brooder accompany each Brooder Heater. Consumes less than a gallon of oil per month. Requires filling but once a week and no other attention.

Special Bird Foods

Postpaid

Special Mixed Bird Seed. 1-lb. pkg.	\$0.20
Magnesia Bird Grit	.35
Canary Seed. Not mixed. Per lb.	.20
Cuttle Fish Bone. Large piece	.05
Parrot Seed Mixture. Per lb.	.25
Sunflower Seed. Per lb.	.25
Spratt's Sing Song. Bird tonic cake	.15
Spratt's Cod Liver Oil Cage Bird and Nestling Food. Small size	.20
Large size	.35
Spratt's Moulting Food	.35

DON SUNG Chinese for Egg-Laying



Guaranteed to give more eggs—to please you in every way—or we will promptly refund your money.

Trial Offer—No Risk

Send the coupon with 50c for the trial size Don Sung. Try Don Sung for a few hens. The Don Sung treatment for one week costs less than one cent per hen.

If you do not believe it has paid you to use Don Sung, write us, and we will refund your money by return mail. You are the sole judge of whether it has paid you on your flock. Send the coupon now with 50c.

Name

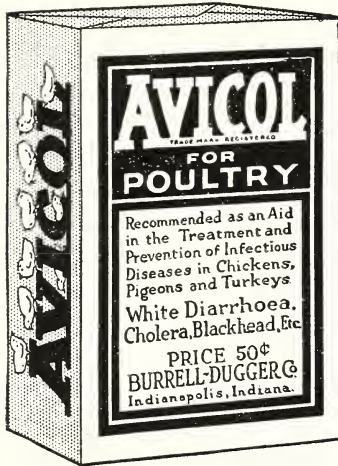
Street or R. F. D.

Town State

Fuller information about Don Sung on the next page.



Chick Tablets



Every year, over half the chicks hatched die from bowel disorders. Yet this loss is preventable. Avicol, easily used in the drinking water, is positively guaranteed for both prevention and treatment.

Avicol should be in the very first water the little chicks drink, as prevention. But, even after the trouble starts, it is amazing how quickly Avicol revives the sick, droopy chicks and stops the losses. It costs so little that it pays to keep Avicol in the drinking water for the whole flock, all the time.

It's Wonderful.

"I received the Avicol, and oh, it is a wonderful discovery. I have lost but three chicks since I have been using it, and I had been losing them by the hundreds. I am sending an order for some more. Please hurry it back."—Mrs. G. A. Baugh, Greensboro, Ga.

No matter what you have tried, don't judge Avicol by anything else. Try the genuine original Avicol. There's nothing else on the market like it. Money promptly refunded if you're not more than pleased with results.

Avicol is sold in two sizes: **Trial size, 50c; large size (2½ times the 50c size), \$1.00; extra large size, \$5.00, postpaid.**

Watch for Colds in Your Flock



Birds sneeze, wheeze and choke; nose runs, eyes swell. Disease spreads rapidly. Act at once!

It may be highly contagious, and, unless correct treatment is begun at once, can soon kill an entire flock.

At the very first symptom of trouble, give the whole flock

Group-Over

(Formerly Called Roup-Over)

GROUP-OVER clears the air passages with magic quickness. Gets rid of the mucous and catarrhal discharge. Promptly controls the disease, and exerts an antiseptic, soothing healing action on the membranes.

Regular Size (bottle)\$0.50

(The 50c size is the Trial Guaranteed size)

Large Size (bottle). Three times 50c size 1.00

WORMOIDS, FOR WORMS IN POULTRY

Most flocks are infested with worms. These parasites sap the health and vitality of the fowl, interfere with laying and stunt development. Symptoms are drooping plumage, general weakness, oftentimes paralysis and death. Wormoids comes in capsule form and is easily administered to every bird—usually at the same time the flock is culled, banded or treated for lice.

50 capsules\$1.00, postpaid
150 capsules 2.00, postpaid
500 capsules 5.00, postpaid

U. S. Government Recommends Sodium Fluoride

KILLS ALL LICE



"I Need T. S. F."

emerge from the eggs present at the time of treatment." This Sodium Fluoride method is also now being endorsed by the leading agricultural colleges of the country.

Heretofore, poultry raisers have had trouble in getting this unusual chemical in the proper strength for poultry use. Plain Sodium Fluoride was too irritating. It would cake, harden and lose its strength after being exposed. To meet this situation, there has been developed an improved, less irritating form called "Talcimized Sodium Fluoride." For short, called "T. S. F."

This T. S. F. is a specially blended and processed mixture of talc and Sodium Fluoride. Being fluffy and finely powdered, it penetrates the plumage more thoroughly than the ordinary Sodium Fluoride—and does the work better and with less irritation. It is packed in moisture-proof, shaker-top packages bearing the U. S. Government's directions for use.

Price: 35c size (treats 50 fowls); 60c size (twice 35c size); Special size, \$2.50 (five times 60c size), postpaid.

DON SUNG

Chinese for Egg-Laying



Makes hens healthy—keeps hens healthy and gets the eggs when eggs are scarce. Guarantees you more eggs or your money refunded.

From distant China, comes the secret of Don Sung—a mysterious plant extract new to the American hen, but an old, old story in China. To this has been added certain general tonics, conditioners and minerals, designed to keep the whole hen—not merely her egg-laying organs—in the very pink of vigorous health. The result has amazed the poultry raisers of America.

YOU'VE NEVER TRIED ANYTHING LIKE IT

Don Sung is all medicine. There is no needless bulk or filler in it. It acts directly on the egg-laying organs, and is beneficial in every way. It makes hens healthy and happy. They scratch and sing. Pullets develop earlier. The whole flock lays regularly in any season, in any weather, when eggs are scarce and high.

GUARANTEED TO MAKE HENS LAY

We promise you—if you don't get more eggs—if you're not absolutely satisfied that Don Sung has more than paid you, we'll promptly refund every penny of your money.

Tablet Form
50c size (this is the Trial guaranteed size).

\$1.00 size (3 times 50c size).

\$5.00 size (6 times \$1.00 size).

Postpaid.

Powdered Form

3 lbs.\$ 5.00

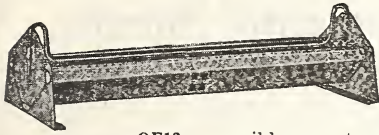
10 lbs. 10.00

25 lbs. 20.00

50 lbs. 35.00

Postpaid.



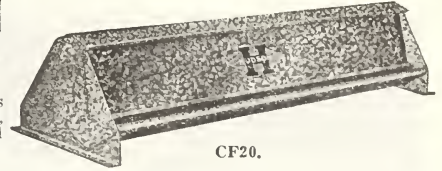


OF12. sensible construction in these feeders and fountains.

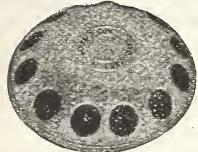
HUDSON

Poultry Equipment

Well made, die-cut feeders with turned edges. Good.



CF20.



BMR12.

Chick Feed Troughs

V-shaped bottom and flanged edge prevents waste of feed. Wire top guard adjustable. Easily filled and cleaned.
OF12. Length, 12 inches. 25c, postpaid.
OF18. Length, 18 inches. 35c, postpaid.
OF30. Length, 30 inches, has additional top brace. Shipping weight, 2 lbs. 45c, not prepaid.

Round Chick Feeders

Widely used for water and all kinds of chick feed. Lid fits snugly, but easily removed for filling.
GR8. Galvanized, 6 inch diameter, 8 hole. 20c, postpaid.
GR12. Galvanized, 8 inch diameter, 12 hole. 30c, postpaid.
Baked enamel finished feeders, acid resisting, can be safely used for feeding buttermilk and sweet milk.
BMR8. 6 inch diameter, 8 hole. 25c, postpaid.
BMR12. 8 inch diameter, 12 hole. 40c, postpaid.



BF1.



BM25.

Handy Fill Chick Fountains

Made of heavy galvanized iron. Swinging bail permits fountain to be carried either filled or in filling position. Designed for small chicks or full grown fowls.

CW2. Capacity, 2 gallons. Shipping weight, 4 lbs. \$1.15, not prepaid.
CW3. Capacity, 3 gallons. Shipping weight, 5 lbs. \$1.45, not prepaid.

Mason Jar Fountain and Feeder

Very practical, scientific, clean and sanitary. So constructed that an abundance of water is always in the pan and will not overflow. Screw cap is electrically welded to the galvanized steel pan and fits any size Mason Jar.

GF25 FOUNTAIN. Without jar. 15c, postpaid.

BM25 FOUNTAIN. Finished in baked green enamel, acid proof and weather proof, without jar. 20c, postpaid.

Colored Celluloid Leg Bands

White, dark blue, red, green, pink or black. Give breed of chickens or turkeys for size.

Postpaid Prices	Doz.	25	50	100	1000
Baby Chick sizes....	\$0.10	\$0.20	\$0.30	\$0.50	\$4.00
Small Hen sizes....	.15	.20	.30	.55	4.25
Large Hen Sizes....	.15	.25	.35	.60	5.00
Turkey sizes.....	.20	.30	.50	.90	7.75

ALUMINUM ADJUSTABLE LEG BANDS

	Postpaid
Hen size set, numbered 1 to 25....	\$0.30
Hen size, set numbered 1 to 50....	.40
Hen size, set numbered 1 to 100....	.60
Hen size, set numbered 101 to 200.....	.60
Turkey size, set numbered 1 to 100....	70c postpaid



Poultry Punch

Makes a clean perforation 25c, postpaid

Lime Nest Eggs

Unbreakable, more natural appearance than porcelain. 10c each; 5 for 25c, postpaid.



CW2.

Economy Brand Poultry Feeds

Economy Brand Baby Chick Buttermilk Mash

Saves every livable baby chick. Prepared especially for the baby chick's first feed; contains only the finest quality feed and dried buttermilk in the right proportion to prevent the troublesome white diarrhoea. The wonder feed would be a good name for this feed, for we have had many of our customers tell us that the chicks grew so fast they could hardly believe their own eyes. Economy Brand Baby Chick Buttermilk Mash should be fed to baby chicks for 8 to 10 weeks. For each ten chicks you should feed about 50 lbs. in this time. Full feeding directions packed in each sack.

All Economy Brand Feeds are backed by our satisfaction or money back Guarantee.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Economy Brand Egg Mash

When eggs are at high prices feed this mash and cash in on the big profits from poultry. When eggs are required for hatching, feed this mash for high fertility. Economy Brand Egg Mash should be fed the year round to keep your flock in the best of health. Economy Brand Egg Mash is a carefully balanced ration containing the high protein which is needed to keep the hens in health and to produce eggs.

See Colored Price Sheet for Current Prices.

Economy Brand Egg Mash Concentrate. Mix 25 lbs. of this Concentrate with 75 lbs. of ground grains to make 100 lbs. of Egg Mash. Price, 25 lbs, \$2.00; 100 lbs, \$6.50, not prepaid.

Oyster Shell, Meat Scraps and other feed items are quoted on Colored Price Sheet.

Ornamental Shrubs

Charm, grace and beauty are readily added to any home with a few well selected shrubs. A planting around the foundation of the house, a border or group of shrubs at the sides of the lawn, will show the lawn to advantage and make a beautiful home.

Prices not prepaid. If wanted by parcel post, add postage; shipment by express is usually better. Shrubs will be shipped to you from the mountain nursery.

Shipping weight. 1 shrub or rose bush, 2 lbs.; 3 shrubs, 5 lbs.

ALMOND, Pink Flowering. Branches studded with small, double, rose colored flowers. **\$1.00 each.**

ALMOND, White Flowering. **\$1.00 each.**

HYDRANGEA, Hills of Snow. This is one of the most showy white-blooming shrubs of midsummer. The flowers are like gigantic snowballs and produced in great profusion, forming a most striking display against the delicate green of the foliage. The plant is of dwarf habit, and very suitable for foreground planting, or as individual specimens on the lawn. **\$1.00 each.**

LILAC, Common Purple. The old, best known variety, with fragrant, purple flowers. **2-3 ft, 65c each; 3-4 ft, 75c each.**



Spirea, Bridal Wreath.

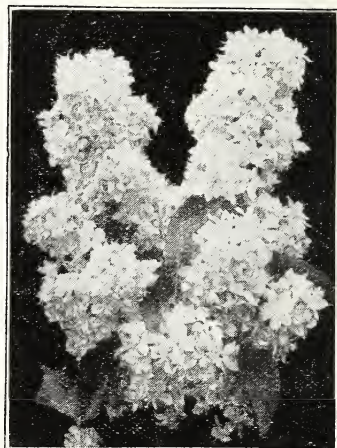
LILAC, Common White. A white-flowered form of the Common Lilac. **2-3 ft, 60c each; 3-4 ft, 75c each.**

MOCK ORANGE, Sweet. One of the lovely old shrubs, so popular in the dooryards of our grandmothers. Tall growing, producing in profusion in late Spring, clusters of large white flowers having the fragrance of orange blossoms. **3-4 ft, 75c each.**

PRIVET, Amur. The hardiest of all, and one of the finest for ornamental hedges. It holds its leaves until severely cold weather arrives. When grown untrimmed it is very beautiful, as it blooms freely, producing a profusion of small panicles of white flowers followed by purplish berries that hang all Winter. **40c each.**

SPIREA, Bridal Wreath. This is the most popular of all the Spireas, and is more largely planted than any other one shrub. Its gracefully arching branches, heaped as they are with the white blossoms in Spring, and its thriftiness under the most trying of conditions, are the reasons for its popularity. It is adapted to many purposes in outdoor decoration, and wherever it is put it thrives, always giving beauty and cheer in return. **2-3 ft, 50c each; 3-4 ft, 65c each.**

SPIREA, Froebel. Of the Anthony Waterer type, but more sturdy in habit. Canes distinctly reddish; young foliage tinged red; flowers rose color. Brilliantly colored in Autumn. **2-3 ft, 85c each; 3-4 ft, \$1.00 each.**



White Lilac.



Gruss an Teplitz.

Roses

Betty Uprichard. H. T. Coppery red buds, opening to semi-double flowers; brilliant orange-carmine on outer surface of petals. Strong growing, persistent blooming and healthy. Will be one of the most dependable bedding Roses. **\$1.00 each.**

Golden Emblem. H. T. Intensely yellow buds and blooms of excellent shape and texture; especially adapted for conditions in the Rocky Mountains. **\$1.00 each.**

Gruss an Teplitz. H.T. Medium size, double flowers of brilliant crimson with velvety shading. The flowers are very fragrant and bloom in open clusters freely through the whole season. Extremely vigorous and hardy. It is a very tall grower and should not be planted with other Hybrid Tea Roses. **75c each.**

K. A. Victoria. H. T. Well formed creamy buds which develop to blooms of absolutely perfect form, snowy white, with a slight tint of lemon at center. Moderately vigorous and hardy. **75c each.**

Mme. Butterfly. H. T. Fine, light pink buds and flowers tinted with gold; fragrant. One of the very desirable Roses which should be planted in every garden. **\$1.00 each.**

American Pillar Climber. Fairly large, single flowers of brilliant crimson-pink with large, white centers. Blooms profusely in tremendous clusters. Very vigorous growth. **75c each.**

Paul's Scarlet Climber. H. W. This wonderful new climbing Rose possesses a brilliancy of color unequalled in any other variety. The flowers are an intense, vivid scarlet, semi-double and are very freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 20 blooms on long, much-branched canes. The flowers do not fade but maintain their color until the petals fall. **75c each.**

Gladioli—Glory of the Garden

The Gladiolus is the most popular of all garden bulbs. Costs little and grows and blooms readily in any soil or climate. A most satisfactory garden flower, thriving and blooming with the least care and attention, and making a most brilliant display. As a cut flower, through the Summer and Autumn months, it holds a place that cannot be taken by any other flower.

Plant 4 inches apart in rows, or 6x6 inches apart in masses. In the Fall after the plants have died down, dig the bulbs, allow them to dry in an airy position under cover and then store for the Winter in a cool dry place, away from frost.

Albania. Pure snow white, large, wide-open flowers, with beautiful, round petals. 3c each; 75c per doz, postpaid.

Early Sunrise. Light peach-red shading lighter with spectrum-red blotch on yellow ground. Feathered darker toward edges. 10c each; 95c per doz, postpaid.

E. J. Shaylor. Splendid deep rose-pink. One of Kundred's best ruffled varieties; good cut flower. 5c each; 50c per doz, postpaid.

Elizabeth Tabor. Delicate rose-pink with rich crimson blotch; several flowers open at one time, extremely early. 10c each; 95c per doz, postpaid.

Evelyn Kirtland. One of the best pinks regardless of price; rose-pink with scarlet blotches. 5c each; 50c per doz, postpaid.

Halley. Deep salmon-pink. 4c each; 35c per doz, postpaid.

Henry Ford. Dark velvety purple. 9c each; 90c per doz, postpaid.

Le Marechal Foch. Light pink. 4c each; 35c per doz, postpaid.

Lily White. Creamy white, shading to cream in the center; very early. 5c each; 45c per doz, postpaid.

Mrs. Dr. Norton. Cameo pink, yellow throat; tall vigorous grower; splendid cut flower. 7c each; 65c per doz, postpaid.

Mrs. Francis King. Light scarlet. 4c each; 35c per doz, postpaid.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton. Deep rose-pink, shading to pale pink in throat, large, bright crimson blotches. 5c each; 50c per doz, postpaid.

Niagara. Primrose yellow, splashed and striped with bright pink; large flowers on strong spike. 8c each; 75c per doz, postpaid.

Odin. Light jasper red, shading to a light pink throat; tyrian-rose blotch; strong, straight spike. 8c each; 75c per doz, postpaid.

Peace. Large, late white. 4c each; 35c per doz, postpaid.

Prince of Wales. Delicate salmon-pink, well-shaped flowers on long stems; very early. 6c each; 60c per doz, postpaid.

Souvenir. Purest golden yellow, primulinus type. 5c each; 50c per doz, postpaid.

Virginia. A deep scarlet, somewhat deeper in throat. 6c each; 60c per doz, postpaid.

"MILE HIGH" GLADIOLUS COLLECTION

Two each of six named varieties; some varieties listed above on which we have a surplus stock; others, varieties which we have dropped from our list in simplifying the list. You will be more than surprised at the wonderful assortment of gorgeous color and fine blooms we have selected for this collection. Names shown on each variety. Collection of one dozen bulbs for 45c, postpaid.

MIXED GLADIOLI

Imagine the beauty of a garden made up of all the standard named varieties that we list and some additions made to it from the best types. This is the way our mixture is made up, and we challenge comparison for richness and variety of bloom. 35c per dozen; 30 for 70c; 100 for \$2.00, postpaid.



Yellow
King Humbert
Cannas.

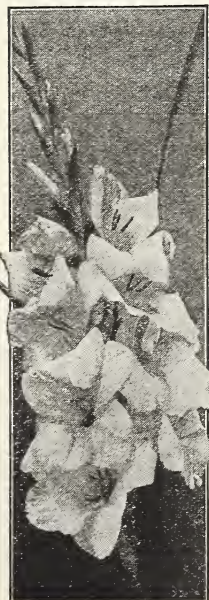
CANNAS

Cannas are unrivaled for a handsome and showy display. The rich foliage is a pleasant sight all Summer, and the brilliant flowers add a gorgeous touch.

King Humbert. Large purplish brown foliage with a metallic tinge, forming a sharp contrast to the orange-scarlet blooms. 20c each; 3 for 40c; \$1.25 per dozen, postpaid.

Yellow King Humbert. In contrast to King Humbert, Yellow King Humbert has green foliage and bright yellow flowers beautifully marked with contrasting crimson dots. 20c each; 3 for 45c; \$1.50 per dozen, postpaid.

The President. Rich glowing scarlet; immense flowers, seven inches across when fully open. Heavy green foliage. 20c each; 3 for 40c; \$1.25 per dozen, postpaid.



Le Marechal Foch.



Evelyn Kirtland.



Mrs. Dr. Norton.



Mrs. Francis King.

Dahlias

Culture. Lay the tuber flat on its side and cover it four inches deep, pressing the soil firmly on the tuber. Never plant when the soil is wet. Be moderate in the use of manure and water. 3x3 feet is the proper distance to plant apart. Keep all dead flowers trimmed off. Dahlia blooms keep much longer if cut in the evening. After frost has killed the tops, dig the tubers and pack away in sawdust or sand for the Winter. Divide the clumps before replanting in the Spring.

Decorative Dahlias (Dec.) have very large, gracefully formed flowers with broad, flat petals.

Show Dahlias are closely quilled, ball-shaped varieties.

Pecny Dahlias. Immense size, long petals and open center.

SHIPPING DATE. Dahlias should not be planted until all danger of frost is past. Please state on your order approximate date you want your bulbs shipped. We will keep them in excellent condition up to planting time for you.

Big Ben. (Dec.). Very large lavender-pink with darker center; sometimes with curled center; very tall, hardy plant. 50c each; 3 for \$1.40, postpaid.

Deelighted. Very large, pure white, combining many good qualities. 25c each; 3 for 70c, postpaid.

Golden Bedder. (Dec.). A lovely, clear yellow, very full and perfect in form. stems long and erect, rendering it an excellent cutting variety. 25c each; 3 for 70c, postpaid.

Golden West. (Cactus). A superb flower of exceptional size, often 7 inches across. Stems long and rigid, holding the flower to full view. Color golden yellow, shaded to pure yellow in center. Has no superior. 50c each; 3 for \$1.40, postpaid.

Jersey's Beauty. A fine true pink Decorative Dahlia, of perfect form, on long, stiff stems that hold the flowers high above the strong, vigorous plants. 50c each; 3 for \$1.35, postpaid.

Mrs. Gardner Cassatt. One of the earliest to bloom, and always loaded with bloom throughout the season. Color a bright lavender. Good stems with perfect flowers. 25c each; 3 for 70c, postpaid.

Mrs. Howard M. Earle. Also called the glorified Geisha, which it resembles very much, but a much harder and better bloomer; always loaded with the most beautiful flowers. 50c each; 3 for \$1.40, postpaid.

Mrs. I de Ver Warner. (Dec.). One of the finest Dahlias ever introduced. A charming deep mauve-pink or orchid color. Extra strong grower, producing its gigantic blossoms freely and rigidly erect. 60c each; 3 for \$1.60, postpaid.

Naiad. A beautiful flower, resembling a water lily. Stems strong and wiry. Color a tinted cream-pink. Grand under artificial light; an excellent cutting variety. 50c each; 3 for \$1.35, postpaid.

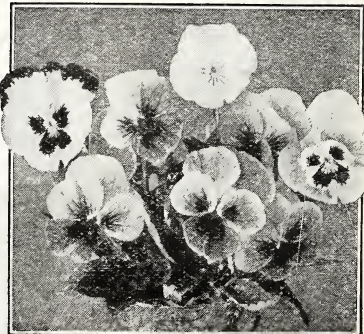
Pahaska. A hybrid Cactus. Flowers very large, color a blending of apricot, fawn and pink. Early and free bloomer. One of the best. \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.75, postpaid.

Rosalie Style. (Peony). Large, deep pink, with yellow center, and with good stems. Sure to please. 50c each; 3 for \$1.40, postpaid.

The Grizzly. (Dec.). One of the very best novelties. A great, dark, velvety maroon beauty. Flowers of immense size are high above the fine foliage on extra long stems. This is a wonderful, prize-winning Dahlia. \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.85, postpaid.

Chinese Cinnamon Vine

The most rapid climber. Perfectly hardy; grows in sun or shade, wet or dry, indoors or out. No insect or blight ever troubles. No Winter harms. Dies down in Fall, but grows up rapidly from the bulbs again in the Spring. Their abundant blossoms perfume the air for a long distance. No words can describe their delicious fragrance. **First size bulbs, 10c each; 3 for 25c; 90c per doz.**



Mile High Special Pansies.

Decorative Dahlia.

Pink Glow. (Dec.). Soft pink, with cream blendings, always perfect center. One of the best, and sure to please. 50c each; 3 for \$1.40, postpaid.

Pride of California. (Dec.). An extra large, fine flower, borne on long stems. Very large and full, vivid red. Exceptionally fine. 40c each; 3 for \$1.15, postpaid.

Purple Manitou. (Dec.). Extra large, clear purple. A sport from La Grand Manitou. One of the best clear purples. 25c each; 3 for 70c, postpaid.

Lost Label Dahlias

This assortment contains our finest varieties. The labels have been lost from some, others we did not have enough of to list separately. These are the finest varieties, but not named. They will give a dazzling display. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz., postpaid.

FANCY LEAVED CALADIUMS

A mixture of the finest varieties combining only the most desirable shades. Very showy foliage plants with red, green and white variegated leaves. A very effective plant, either alone or massed with Cannas. Plant after soil has warmed up, keep moderately moist. Lift before severe frost and store bulbs in dry sand. 35c each; 3 for 95c.

NEW GOLDEN YELLOW CALLA LILY

An admirable plant with tropical foliage. Very large bright golden yellow flowers. Leaves beautifully spotted with white. Does well in very damp places. For pots or garden culture. 35c each; 3 for 95c; \$3.50 per doz.

PANSY PLANTS

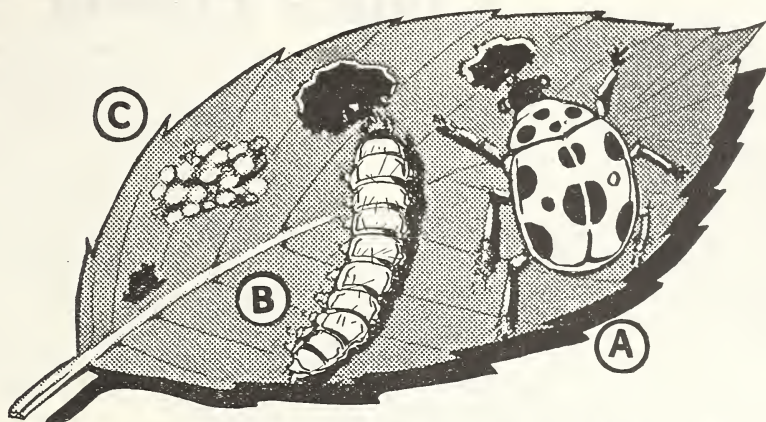
These plants are very carefully grown, from our best strains of seed and are thoroughly hardened off before being sent out. For full description of the varieties see the flower seed pages.

Plants will be ready about March 20th. Orders received before that date will be shipped as soon as ready, unless you specify later shipment. We do not guarantee safe delivery on plants beyond the second postal zone.

PANSY, MILE HIGH SPECIAL. 90c per doz.; 5 doz. for \$4.00, postpaid.

PANSY, OREGON GIANTS. 80c per doz.; 5 doz. for \$3.50, postpaid.

PANSY, TRIMARDEAU. 70c per doz.; 5 doz. for \$3.00, postpaid.



How Science Now Controls This Triple Garden Menace

At last! A sure **SAFE** way to rid your garden of destructive insects! End the menace of bugs and worms to your vegetables, flowers and shrubbery! Control "spore diseases" like blight, mildew, black-rot! All without fuss, muss or bother. And most surprising of all, at a cost of only a few cents!



THIS new method of controlling all types of plant parasites is called Plantgard. It is a scientific discovery developed after twelve years of research. There is absolutely nothing else like it.

Plantgard comes to you as a fine, light powder. You dust it on the plant like a talcum. Yet in spite of its magical "bug killing" powers, Plantgard is non-poisonous. You can put it on garden vegetables absolutely without danger. Another surprising quality of Plantgard is that it acts as a soil conditioner and fertilizer. Your plants grow faster and better when Plantgard is used freely.

For the benefit of the larger grower who applies the powder with power dusters PLANTGARD is put up in twenty-five, fifty, and one hundred pound sacks at a very attractive price, which will be sent to you upon request.

Try Plantgard today. A big package of Plantgard protection costs only 35c. Larger size, 60c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 5 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$12.00. Send for a box at once and see for yourself how quickly this sure harmless method will rid your garden of destructive insects. Order now.

- A** Chewing Insects bite off leaves and stems—when Plantgard is taken into the stomach it kills them.
- B** Sucking Insects puncture growing things and drink the life juices—Plantgard smothers these insects by closing the pores.
- C** Fungus Diseases are caused by vegetable parasites, Plantgard checks and controls them

Plantgard

FOR GARDEN PROTECTION

Made only by NATIONAL PRODUCTS, Inc., Quincy, Ill.

Choice Flower Seeds

CULTURE FOR FLOWERS

Soils. A good light loam soil, supplemented with a liberal quantity of old well-rotted manure, is the ideal soil for flowers. They require soil which affords good drainage and a free circulation of water. Heavy, sticky soils should have a good quantity of well-rotted manure spaded in to a depth of eight or ten inches. Sand should also be used when obtainable; work this into the soil by spading. Sifted ashes and applications of lime are also good for heavy soils.

General Cultural Directions.

Break all clods, remove sticks and trash, have a fine, well prepared seed bed. Flower seeds do not require very deep covering. After placing seed thinly in small furrows fill in with sandy soil, covering seed to a depth of four or five times their diameter. The seed bed should be kept moist

—not soggy, with water. A light covering of lawn clippings or long straw will materially assist in germination by preventing a too

rapid evaporation of moisture, and the caking or crusting of soil. Leave the straw or grass covering over seed bed until sprouts appear, and have thoroughly penetrated surface. Seed that germinates too thickly can be used by

transplanting. Cultivate frequently, and give plenty of water for normal growth, applying this preferably late in the afternoon.

892 *Ageratum*

An attractive annual border plant, 18 inches high. Loaded with soft blue and white blooms even in the hot, dry Summer months. Bloom from midsummer until frost. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c.**

Alyssum

Low edging plants, literally covered with small white blossoms. Easily grown in any well drained soil, preferably in a sunny location.

894 Sweet Alyssum. Annual trailing plants for porch boxes or borders. Honey scented white flowers from Spring until Fall. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c.**

895 Little Gem. Compact, quick growing annuals used in borders or as potted plants. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; ½ oz, 35c.**

896 Basket of Gold. Perennial, producing masses of golden flowers in May and June. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 20c; ¼ oz, 50c.**

Amaranthus

HALF HARDY ANNUAL

Brilliant foliage, tall border plants. Grow tallest in rich soil, but show finest colors when grown in poorer soils. Plants should be thinned to 2 feet apart.

898 Tricolor, Joseph's Coat. Beautiful variegated leaves of bronze, green, scarlet and gold. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c.**

899 Love-Lies-Bleeding. Bears curious drooping racemes of bright red flowers. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 30c.**

908 *Arabis Alpina*

A charming, dwarf, Spring flowering perennial. Grows 6 inches high; early in the Spring the pure white flowers make a pleasing contrast for Basket of Gold Alyssum. Does well in any soil, but needs plenty of sun. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c; oz, 75c.**

954 *Balloon Vine*

ANNUAL CLIMBER

Love-in-a-puff, a clean, free-growing vine reaching a height of 10 to 15 feet. The inconspicuous blooms are followed by attractive balloon shaped seed pods of an inch or more in diameter. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; oz, 25c.**

Balsam - Lady Slipper

A hardy annual and an old time garden favorite, producing its gorgeous masses of beautiful, brilliant colored, double flowers in the greatest profusion. Balsams do best in hot sun, rich soil and plenty of water. Transplanting two or three times has a tendency to dwarf the plants into better shape and to make the flowers more double.

957 Camellia Flowered Mixed. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c.**

955 Double Tall Mixed. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 15c; oz, 45c.**

299 *Scarlet Runner Beans*

Tall climber, large scarlet blossoms, of Sweet Pea form, remain in bloom for a long season. **Pkt, 10c; ½ lb, 25c; 1b, 40c.**



2005 *Zinnia* Collection

Price, 60 cents.

Zinnias, the most beautiful of flowers, are very easy to start and care for. This collection of five very brilliant colors makes a fine bed.

1299 Canary Bird. Illustrated on inside back cover.

1300 Dream. Illustrated on inside back cover.

1308 Illumination. Illustrated on inside back cover.

1306 Crimson Monarch. Described on page 80.

1304 Polar Bear. Described on page 80.

1 packet each of the above Zinnias. Regular price, \$1.00.

COLLECTION PRICE 60 Cents

2010 *Aster* Collection

Price, 40 cents.

We are heading this collection with the new Aster, Heart of France, a large, deep red, very beautiful Aster, and are adding four of the most beautiful colors of the Queen of the Market type.

919 Heart of France. Deep red. Single pkts, 10c.

912 White. Beautiful white.

913 Rose-Pink. Very pretty.

914 Crimson. Very bright crimson.

917 Purple. A lovely purple.

1 packet each of the above Asters. Regular price, 50c.

COLLECTION PRICE 40 Cents



Queen of the Market Aster.

Asters

HALF HARDY ANNUAL

During the late Summer and early Fall the garden is usually a riot of reds and yellows, so that the Asters in their dainty and distinct colors are a pleasing addition. The long stems make them desirable for cut flowers and the blooms last long in water.

For early flowers sow the seed in boxes during March or April and transplant to the open ground in May. For late Summer blooms sow the seed thinly in the open in May. Good culture is essential to obtain an abundance of the finest blooms.

906 Early Beauty. An early-flowering strain of the American Beauty type, a type favored for long, heavy stems and perfectly double blooms. Mixed colors. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 30c; 1/8 oz, 50c; 1/4 oz, \$1.50.

922 Extra Early Express. The earliest blooming of all Asters. Good sized flowers of the Comet type. Mixed colors. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 30c; 1/8 oz, 90c.

Queen of the Market. One of the best known of all Asters. Comes into bloom directly after the Extra Early Express and long before other varieties start to blossom. Plants of graceful spreading habit, and double flowers of the American Beauty type.

912 White. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 40c.

913 Rose-pink. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 40c.

914 Crimson. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 40c.

917 Purple. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 40c.

918 Mixed colors. Pkt, 5c; 1/8 oz, 20c; 1/4 oz, 35c; oz, \$1.00.

907 Giant Branching. Beautiful late flowering Asters for cut flowers. The branching habit is accompanied by great vigor of growth and profusion of bloom. Colors are clear and handsome; very large, double flowers; mixed colors. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/2 oz, 65c.

931 The King. Needle type. Flowers large and double, petals quilled, making them entirely distinct from any other variety and a very desirable class. Mixed colors. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; oz, \$1.10.

Giant Comet. The Ostrich Feather type of Aster. In habit of growth, the plants are strictly upright with the blooms facing upward. This is a fine class of Asters for bedding as the plants are of even height and compact growth.

928 Crimson. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 35c.

926 Purple. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 35c.

921 Shell Pink. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 35c.

927 White. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 35c.

924 Deep Rose. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 35c.

920 Special Mixture. Pkt, 5c; 1/8 oz, 15c; oz, 60c.

Giants of California. A novelty of merit, combining the robust growth and long stem of the Beauty type with the Giant Comet or Ostrich Feather type of flower. The flowers are much larger and more substantial than the Giant Comet. They measure 5 to 6 inches in diameter, stand up well when shipped as cut flowers and have won prizes at exhibitions in all parts of the world.

936 Dark Purple. Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.

937 Deep Rose. Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.

938 Light Purple. Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.

940 White. Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.



California Giant Aster.

902 Boston Ivy

Ampelopsis Veitchi. A hardy perennial climber with large five-lobed leaves, turning to a bright red color late in the Fall. Grows quickly and easily; clings to walls of wood, brick or stone. Pkt, 10c; 1/2 oz, 35c; oz, 55c; 1/4 lb, \$1.60.

953 Browallia

Browallias are excellent annuals for planting in mixed borders or porch boxes. Planted where the long branches can spread out and hang over they give a natural and graceful display. The winged flowers in the Summer and Autumn months give a profusion of bright blue and pure white. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c.

Calendula - Pot Marigold

One of the best and showiest free-flowering hardy annuals. Grows in any good garden soil, producing a fine effect from early Summer until killed by frost. Valuable also for pot culture, blooming freely in the Winter and early Spring.

961 The Ball. Immense double flower of a brilliant, glistening orange, borne on excellent stems. A favorite cut flower with the florist trade. Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 20c; oz, \$2.00.

962 Orange King. Outstanding rich orange blooms, fully double and well rounded. Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c.

966 Nankeen Yellow. Massive, well rounded, double blooms of a rich lemon-yellow shade. Pkt, 5c; 1/2 oz, 15c.

963 Mixed. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; 1/4 lb, 55c.

Calliopsis - Tickseed

Hardy, annual, graceful border plants which will thrive anywhere.

964 Golden Ray. Golden yellow flowers with dark brown center. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c.

965 Mixed Colors. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 20c; oz, 40c.

973 Canary Bird Vine

ANNUAL CLIMBER

A dainty vine with beautifully cut leaves and pretty, delicate flowers of fantastic shape and clear canary yellow color. One of the few vines that succeeds well in the shade. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 20c; oz, 40c.

Candytuft

HARDY ANNUAL

Valuable bedding plants of fine habit and profuse bloomers. They soon flower from seed and remain long in beauty; valuable cut flowers.

974 Giant White Hyacinth-Flowered. A grand border plant with large spikes of snowy white flowers. Special select stock. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 20c.

975 Mixed Colors. Pkt, 5c; 1/2 oz, 20c; oz, 35c.



Calliopsis—Tickseed.

939 Peach Blossom. Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.

941 Mixed. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 30c; 1/2 oz, \$1.40.

978 **Canna** **HARDY ANNUAL**

Stately ornamental plants of luxurious growth and tropical appearance. Usually grown from bulbs but can be grown successfully from seed planted early. Soak seed in warm water 24 hours before sowing. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c.**

Canterbury Bells **HARDY BIENNIAL**

Easily grown, large, beautiful and important family for the flower garden.

968 Single Mixed. White, pink, rose and blue. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 20c; oz, 50c.**

969 Cup and Saucer. Fine for cutting, mixed colors. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 25c; ¼ oz, 55c.**

981 Cardinal Climber **HALF HARDY ANNUAL**

A rapid growing vine attaining a height of 25 feet. Fern-like foliage, literally covered with fiery cardinal-red flowers from midsummer until frost. Requires a warm sunny situation. Soak seed in warm water a few hours before sowing. **Pkt, 15c; ¼ oz, 40c.**



Marguerite Carnations.

982 Marguerite Carnation

A hardy, free flowering, easily grown variety for flower bed or pot culture. While a biennial the Marguerite Carnation will bloom four months after seed is sown. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 35c; oz, \$1.10.**

Castor Oil Bean - Ricinus

Easily grown annual plants of picturesque appearance. Bear immense leaves and the plant is surmounted by large flower spikes, then brilliantly colored seed pods.

985 Zanzibariensis. The tallest variety, growing 10 to 15 feet in height and present a beautiful tropical appearance. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 55c.**

984 New Crimson Spire. Rich bronzy green foliage and brilliant rosy crimson seed pods. Height 6 feet. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 85c.**

Celosias - Cockscomb

The glorious colors of these easily grown annuals have made them very popular. From midsummer until Fall they give a wealth of cut flowers which last nearly two weeks in water. If flowers are cut with long stems and dried quickly in the shade they will last for years like everlasting. Should be grown in a warm, rich soil.

988 Crested Dwarf. Ornamental comb-like heads. Prized for flower bed or pot culture. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 25c; ½ oz, 45c.**

989 Tall Plumed. Stately plants with massive plumes waving gracefully above the foliage. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; ¼ oz, 35c.**

987 Chinese Woolflower. Plants two to three feet high, each branch bearing a ball of scarlet wool. Blooms expand and glow with a deepening richness until killed by frost. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 25c.**

Centaurea

992 Bachelor's Button or Cornflower. Very attractive annual growing 2 feet tall and producing flowers profusely from June until frost. Dainty double flowers of the popular blue color. Easily grown in any garden soil; plant early. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 20c; oz, 45c.**

993 Giant Sweet Sultan. Beautiful, sweet scented, thistle-like flowers on long, strong stems, when cut will last for several days in good condition. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; ½ oz, 40c.**

994 Giant Sweet Sultan. Pure white. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c.**

991 Dusty Miller. Dwarf and neatly compact plants formed by thick, silvery white leaves. Fine for borders. Bears attractive golden yellow flowers. Very showy. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 35c.**

Annual Chrysanthemum - Painted Daisy

Easily grown, succeed best in cool growing weather. Their painted flower faces show continuously from June until September. Long stems for cutting and keep well in water.

995 Single Mixed Colors. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz., 15c; oz., 40c.**

996 Double Mixed Colors. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 15c; oz, 40c.**

997 Clarkia

One of the easiest grown hardy annuals, developing to perfection in a cool climate. The plants grow quickly and are in full bloom from 5 to 6 weeks after planting. Contains rosy purple, rose, salmon and white. A fine garden flower and good for cutting. Finest double mixed. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 15c; oz, 50c.**

1013 Coleus

Highly valued for its brilliantly colored foliage. Coleus may be planted outdoors in well prepared beds or may be grown as pot plants. The plants are easily grown and can be kept in good condition throughout the Winter. In a sunny position they will develop their best coloring. If the plants show a tendency to grow too tall the center tips should be pinched out. We offer the large-leaved varieties with rich and brilliant colors, variegations and markings. Choicest mixed **Pkt, 20c; 1/32 oz, 50c.**

1011 Cobaea Scandens

Cathedral Bells or Cup and Saucer Vine. Grows rapidly to a height of 20 to 30 feet. Flowers open a clear green but turn a beautiful purplish lilac. Very vigorous and gives abundant shade. Seed should be sown edgewise and covered lightly. An annual in the North, but perennial in warmer climates. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c.**



Centaurea—Cornflower.

Coreopsis - Tickseed

One of the most popular hardy perennial plants, thriving in any rich soil, even in half-shaded locations. Plants grow 2 feet high. The flowers are a most intense golden yellow of graceful form and bloom from June to October.

1002 California Sunbeams. Petals are broad and open; fine for cut flowers. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 20c.**

1001 New Flore Pleno. Double and semi-double flowers. Just as easy to grow as the single and the extra petalage adds a further charm to the flower. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 30c.**

Columbine - Aquilegia

The Columbine is one of the most beautiful hardy perennials, producing graceful spurred flowers on 2 foot stems. They are much prized for cut flowers, making dainty decorations. Columbines are one of the most important of our hardy flowers and should be grown in quantity, being easy to establish and thriving in almost any situation.

950 Rocky Mountain, Coerulea. The state flower of Colorado. Beautiful native flower with deep blue sepals and white petals. Easily grown in any garden soil. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 35c; 1/8 oz, 50c.**

948 Mrs. Scott Elliott's Improved Long Spurred Hybrids. The blooms are of large size and the spurs very long. The colors range through shades of lavenders, mauves, blues, purples, whites, creams, yellows, pinks, reds, etc. There are no jarring or crude tints, and the whole form a harmonious mass of coloring seldom seen in other flowers. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 20c; 1/16 oz, 75c.**

949 Double Mixed Colors. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 45c.**

Cosmos

Plants are very bushy and compact, often used as an annual hedge. Flowers of crimson, pink and white resemble single Dahlias on long stems. Finely laciniated foliage. We offer the early flowering strains in both single and double as the later strains are often caught by frost before blooming.

1016 Giant Late Flowering. Flowers often 4 inches in diameter, plants 6 feet tall. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 35c; 1/4 lb, \$1.00.**

1005 Crimson. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c.**
1003 Pink. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 20c.**
1008 White. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c.**

Double Early Flowering. Fine double flowers of large size, bloom at the same time as the single varieties and last considerably longer as a cut flower. Perfectly formed bushes, 3 feet high, massed with bloom.

1007 Whirlwind. White. **Pkt, 15c.**

1009 Peach Blossom. Pink. **Pkt, 15c.**

1010 Cornelia. Red. **Pkt, 15c.**
1006 Mixed. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 80c.**

1012 Klondyke. A gorgeous orange-yellow flower with very handsome foliage, more closely laciniated than others. **Pkt, 15c; 1/8 oz, 35c.**



Double Crested Cosmos.

Columbine—Aquilegia.

Early Mammoth Flowering. Blooms two weeks earlier than the late flowering.

1005 Crimson. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c.**

1003 Pink. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 20c.**

1008 White. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c.**

Double Early Flowering. Fine double flowers of large size, bloom at the same time as the single varieties and last considerably longer as a cut flower. Perfectly formed bushes, 3 feet high, massed with bloom.

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1015 Cypress Vine

For training upon a light ornamental trellis the Cypress Vine cannot be excelled. It has a profusion of scarlet and white star-shaped blossoms, and its finely cut foliage is particularly adapted to ornamental work. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 15c; oz, 45c.**

Dahlia Seed

Dahlias can be easily raised from seed and will bloom the first year. Seed should be started in a shallow box in March or April.

1018 Double Mixed. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 35c.**

1020 Single Mixed. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 30c.**

Daisies

1023 English Double Daisy. Indispensable for cool, shady places. A low growing Spring flowering plant that will reward the gardener with a mass of blossoms for succeeding years if left undisturbed. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 45c; 1/4 oz, 75c.**

1022 Shasta Daisy, Alaska. A hardy perennial with immense white flowers borne in the greatest profusion. Easy to grow. They make a fine display even in poor soils, blooming throughout the Summer. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 20c; 1/4 oz, 50c.**

909 Arctotis Grandis (African Daisy). Very hardy annual, forms much branched bushes 2 to 3 feet high; its daisy-like flowers are pure white on the upper side, the reverse of the petals pale lilac-blue. Flowers last 10 days after cutting. Plants will withstand hot, dry weather better than any annuals. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c; oz, 65c.**

1021 Golden African Daisy. Beautiful new and extremely showy annual from South Africa. A striking brilliant color in true daisy form. Thrives in a sunny location. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 30c.**

960 Swan River Daisy. An attractive small annual growing about a foot high. The plants form compact little bushes branching close to the ground and bearing small, daisy-like flowers on the end of each branch. Plants thrive with plenty of sunshine. Mixed colors of blue, white, rose and violet. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 40c.**

1194 Pyrethrum (Painted Daisy). A hardy perennial, showy plant bearing a profusion of large, daisy-like flowers in lovely shades of pink, red and white. Long stems, excellent for cutting. Blooms during May and June and grows 2 feet tall. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 30c.**



Shasta Daisy, Alaska.

Delphinium

Few plants are so handsome in the garden as the perennial Larkspurs. The colors vary from the palest lavender to deep indigo. They are perfectly hardy, thrive in any soil, but a deep, rich soil will repay with larger and better flowers.

1027 Elatum Hybridum. Single hybrids growing 3 feet tall. Blooms from June to August. An excellent strain with beautiful colors. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c.**

1028 Belladonna. Flowers an exquisite shade of light turquoise-blue. Blooms in June and July. Height 2 feet. **Pkt, 20c; 1/16 oz, 65c.**

1029 XXX Hybrids, Mixed. For a number of years our grower has been carefully selecting Delphinium varieties with a view to making a mixture which would contain all the most beautiful shades of color obtainable in a perfect blend. Various formulas were tried out over a period of several years, resulting in these "XXX" Mixed Delphinium Hybrids. **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 70c.**

1043 Euphorbia Variegata

(Snow-on-the-Mountain). A strong growing annual, 2 feet tall. The flowers are inconspicuous, but the plant is distinct and showy, with its foliage edged white and green. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c.**

Everlasting Flowers

Everlastings or Strawflowers not only give a fine effect in beds, borders and as cut flowers, but are also easily dried for Winter use. Cut the flowers early in the morning and hang them, heads down, in a cool, shady and airy place until thoroughly dry. Plants bloom from July until frost.

Helichrysum. Double, everlasting flowers, coming in an assortment of brilliant colors. Plants 20 inches high, do well in all soils, best if planted where they get sunlight all day long.

1044 Fire Ball. Vivid crimson. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c.**

1045 Golden Ball. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c.**

1046 Rose Queen. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c.**

1047 Silver Ball. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c.**

1060 Mixed. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 45c.**

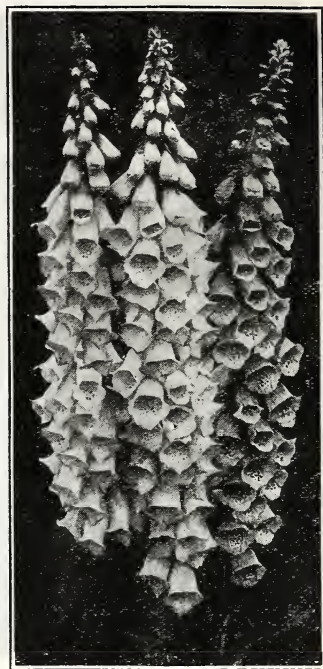
889 Acroclinium. White and pink everlastings. Double flowers of silky appearance. A mass of bright blooms. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c.**

1059 Globe Amaranth. Plants 2 feet tall covered with nearly round flowers in a wide range of colors. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 35c.**

1195 Rhodanthe. Everlastings of graceful habit, growing 1 foot high. A wealth of blooms in white, pink and red. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c.**



Delphinium—Hardy Larkspur.



Digitalis—Foxglove.

Forget-Me-Not

1042 Myosotis Alpestris, Blue. Very attractive, dwarf, free-flowering bushes. Excellent for borders. Light blue flowers standing out sharply from the rich green foliage. They do best in the semi-shade, where the soil does not dry out too quickly. Thin plants to 6 inches apart. They will flower freely the first season and still more profusely the second Spring. The national flower of Belgium. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 30c; oz, 90c.**

1019 Cynoglossum Amabile (Chinese Forget-Me-Not). A lovely plant 18 to 24 inches tall with flowers of a true Forget-Me-Not blue. True blue flowers are scarce so this is a real find for garden lovers. Used as an annual, grows easily and blooms for a long season. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 35c; oz, \$1.00.**

1037 Foxglove - Digitalis

Stately, perennial, old garden favorite producing spires of blossoms 3 to 5 feet high. Mixture of white, pink, rose, yellow and purple. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; ½ oz, 55c.**

1089 Climbing Foxglove. A half-hardy annual Mexican climber, and one of our finest trailing annuals. The graceful flowers are of large size and resemble Foxgloves in shape. They are a rich rosy purple color, and bloom from July to frost. Fine for outdoor or indoor culture. Plant outdoors only when nights are quite warm. **Pkt, 20c; 1/16 oz, 65c.**

Gaillardia

(Blanket Flower)

They produce from early Spring until late Fall a continuous profusion of brilliantly colored flowers, red and yellow predominating. Easily grown in ordinary garden soil.

1050 Grandiflora, Perennial. Beautiful, large flowers with yellow tips and crimson centers. Excellent for cutting. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c; ½ oz, 50c.**

1051 Single Annual. A most showy wide range of colors. Wonderful in bed or borders or for cut flowers. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; ½ oz, 35c.**



Gaillardia.



Heliotrope.

Four O'clock

(Marvel of Peru)

A most useful annual for beds and borders. Excellent for planting in front of the porch, alongside the house, or makes a beautiful annual hedge. Bears hundreds of sweet-scented flowers of white, yellow, crimson and violet. Blooms from July until frost. The flowers open about four o'clock in the afternoon. Sow seed early in the Spring. Four O'clock roots may be stored over Winter the same as Dahlias, resulting in larger, stronger plants and more flowers the following year.

1041 Tall Mixed. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 50c.

1036 Tall Variegated Leaved Mixed. Golden hued, variegated foliage. Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 70c.

1048 Fuchsia

(Lady's Eardrop)

These beautiful pot plants are easily grown and will flower the same year from seed sown early in the Spring. In the South they are hardy enough to live outdoors the whole year. During the hot Summer months they grow best in a cool, shaded location such as on a veranda or in a shady bed. Transplant repeatedly and water freely. Pkt, 25c.

Geranium

1052 Zonale Varieties Mixed. Saved from a choice collection, large, single flowers. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 60c.

1053 Lady Washington. Large flowers, beautifully blotched. Pkt, 25c.

Geum

Geums belong to the Rose family. They are free-flowering and attractive perennial plants for the border or cut flowers. Height 2 feet. Large, double blooms from June to September. To avoid wilting after cutting put stems in warm water.

1054 Mrs. Bradshaw. The orange-scarlet blooms are very large and full; comes quite true from seed and blooms the first year. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 45c.

1055 Lady Stratheden (Golden Ball). This is a counterpart of the Mrs. Bradshaw, only the blooms are a rich golden yellow. Pkt, 20c; 1/16 oz, 75c.

Godetia

1058 Tall Double Mixed. Hardy annual of very easy culture. A beautiful cut flower somewhat similar to the gladiolus, of fine satin texture; flowers profusely all Summer. Colors beautifully blended. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c.

Ornamental Gourds

These are desirable in many places where an immense amount of vine is wanted quickly. The blooms of some are quite striking and handsome. With many sorts the fruit is unique and ornamental and often quite useful.

498 Dipper. If hollowed out when ripe the bowl will hold 2 to 3 pints of water. Grown on the ground the stems are curved, but when climbing, they grow straight. Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 20c; oz, 40c.

497 Mixed Varieties. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c.

Gypsophila - Baby's Breath

Excellent for bunching with other flowers. Gypsophila has myriads of small, open, bell-shaped flowers. Grows 10 to 15 inches tall, does well in any soil and in an open situation. Fine for planting along walls and sunny slopes.

1056 Covent Garden, Annual. Quick growing annual with beautiful small white flowers. Blooms freely while the weather remains reasonably cool. Pkt, 5c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 60c.

1057 Perennial, Single. Blooms very profusely during June and July. Tiny white flowers on slender stems. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 60c.

Helianthus - Sunflower

These comprise plants of majestic growth and immense showy flowers. Suitable for shrubbery, woodlands, wild gardens and sub-tropical gardening, they are often used as a background or hedge. Many people grow them because they attract birds to the garden.

1215 Stella. A lovely variety with beautiful single flowers of pure golden yellow with a small brown-black center. Blooms 3 inches in diameter; height 3 to 4 feet. Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 30c.

1216 Double Chrysanthemum-Flowered. Blooms 6 to 8 inches in diameter resemble giant golden yellow chrysanthemums. Height 7 feet. Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 10c; oz, 35c.

1214 Mammoth Russian. Gigantic plants, used for high backgrounds. Useful as shade and feed for the poultry yard. Pkt, 5c; ¼ lb, 15c.

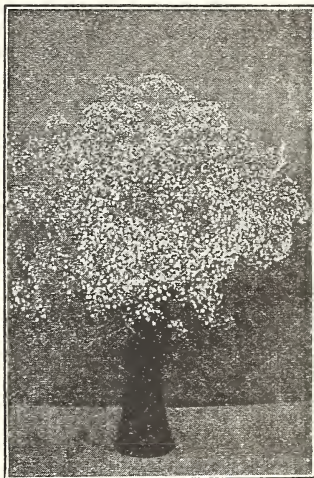
1061 Heliotrope

Heliotrope is a universal favorite on account of its delightful fragrance and duration of bloom, flowering equally well as bedding plants in Summer, or as pot plants in the house during the Winter. Seed sown in the Spring makes fine plants for bedding out, and are as easily grown as Verbenas. Fine mixed, with colors ranging from white through shades of blue and violet. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c.

1070 Hibiscus

(Giant Mallow Marvels)

A perfectly hardy perennial plant with canes growing 4 to 6 feet tall. The flowers are of gigantic size and come in various shades of pink, rose and crimson. Blooms all Summer long and makes a stately show. Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c.



Gypsophila—Baby's Breath.



Four O'Clocks.



Annual Larkspur—A Fine Cut Flower.

Hollyhocks

Showy, hardy perennials, plants 6 to 8 feet tall, blooming during June and July.

1063 Double, Deep Rose. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 35c.

1062 Double, Pink. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 35c.

1065 Double, Yellow. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 35c.

1066 Double, Mixed. Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 30c; 1/2 oz, 80c.

1067 Single, Mixed. Pkt, 5c; 1/8 oz, 20c.

1064 Allegheny Mammoth Mixed. Beautiful pastel shades. Flowers come single, semi-double and double, about 5 inches across, and are beautifully fringed. They are perpetual bloomers, 2 to 4 buds forming at the base of every leaf, where the old-style Hollyhocks have but one or two. These buds open in succession, prolonging the flowering season until Autumn. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 30c; oz, 90c.

Japanese Hop

1072 Variegated. Heat, drought and insects do not trouble this rapid climbing vine, which grows to a height of 20 to 30 feet and makes a dense, shady mass in 2 or 3 months. The leaves are variegated. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 35c; oz, \$1.00; 1/4 lb, \$3.50.

Hyacinth Beans - Dolichos

An annual vine making a strong, sturdy growth and quickly reaching a height of 8 to 10 feet. The broad leaves afford good shade and make a fine screen to the porch or garden house. Plant the seeds after the weather has become quite warm. Blooms in September and October.

1038 Mixed. Flowers and seed pods in white and rose-violet. Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; 1/4 lb, 50c.

1039 Lignosus (Australian Pea Vine). A rapid growing evergreen climber, flowering freely in clusters of rose, pea-shaped flowers. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 35c; oz, \$1.00.

1078 Ice Plant - Mesembryanthemum

The plant received its name from the interesting appearance of the leaves, which look as if covered with a coating of thin ice. Does well in a dry, sunny location. Useful for borders, rock gardens and hanging baskets. Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 20c.

Kochia-Mexican Fire Bush; Summer Cypress

1075 Childsi. Very quick growing ornamental annual; forms a perfectly symmetrical plant, 3 feet tall. Can be grown as a hedge by planting 2 feet apart. Remains green in the South, but turns a bright scarlet in the Fall in northern localities. Pkt, 5c; oz, 25c; 1/4 lb, 70c.

1076 Kudzu Vine

Rapid climber. Flourishes where nothing else will grow; a perennial climber which yearly starts new shoots from the crown of the roots, often attaining a height of 40 to 50 feet. Provides a dense screen of large, rich green leaves; the purple flowers are borne in clusters and resemble Wisteria. Pkt, 10c; oz, 65c; 1/4 lb, \$2.00.

1079 Lace Flower

Lace Flower or Queen Anne's Lace is a most attractive, easily grown annual, with beautiful, delicate, lacelike flower heads. A much branched plant, 2 feet tall, each branch carrying an umbel of sky-blue flowers. Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 30c.



Blue Lace Flower.

Lantana

1080 Dwarf Hybrids. Shrubby plant with Verbena-like flowers in shades of white, red and yellow. May be grown in pots or set out in Summer, remains in bloom late in Autumn. They have an agreeable aromatic perfume. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 40c.

Larkspur

Free flowering annuals with handsome spikes of flowers. Very effective in borders and planted amongst shrubs. The graceful spikes of bloom are much valued for vases. They continue long in bloom. Sow seed in the open in the early Spring. Plants do best in cool and moist ground.

Stock-Flowered. Tall branching plants, 30 inches high, with large, fully double blooms closely set on fine spikes.

1074 Empress Rose. Very beautiful. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 40c.

1077 Dark Blue. Pkt, 10c; 1/2 oz, 40c.

1082 Lustrous Carmine. Pkt, 10c; 1/2 oz, 40c.

1085 Sky Blue. Pkt, 10c; 1/2 oz, 40c.

1086 Choice Mixed. Pkt, 10c; oz, 50c.

1081 Emperor Mixed. Long, slender spikes in delicate colors. Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 20c; oz, 55c.

1084 Lathyrus - Perennial Peas

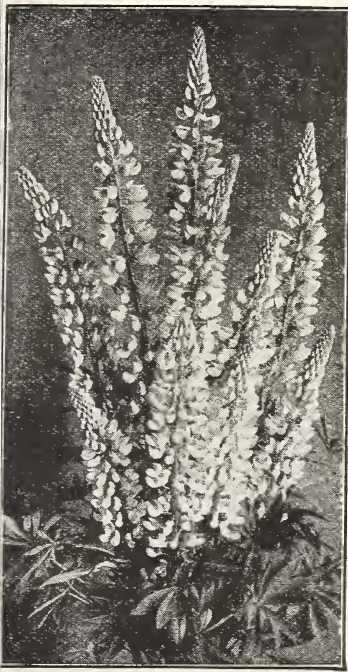
These Everlasting Peas, although lacking fragrance, are very valuable because they last almost indefinitely. Vines grow 8 to 10 feet tall. Mixed colors of white, pink and red. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 30c; oz, 90c.

Linaria

1088 Marocana Hybrida Excelsior Mixed. Free flowering, graceful annual plants, thriving in hot and sunny locations. Fine for borders, window boxes and rockeries. Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 30c; oz, 90c.



Double Hollyhocks.



Lupinus.

1083 Linum - Crimson Flax

One of the most brilliantly colored of dwarf Summer annuals, flowers glowing crimson-rose. Very beautiful in beds or borders, and may be had in bloom from May to October by successive sowings. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c.**

Lobelia

Annual plants of dwarf growth, covered with small, starlike flowers. Grown extensively for house plants, hanging baskets or as edging for flower beds.

1087 Crystal Palace. Of compact growth, excellent for borders or as pot plants; covered with deep azure blue flowers. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 35c; ¼ oz, \$1.10.**

Lupinus

Long, stately spikes carried on strong, rounded bushes and a succession of flowers from June to August. Lupinus grows best in soil containing plenty of lime and which is not too moist.

1090 Tall Annual Mixed. Graceful spikes in many colors. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c.**

1091 Texas Blue Bonnet. Perennial with long spikes of rich blue flowers, 18 inches high. Blooms twice a year in southern localities. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; oz, 55c.**

Marigold, Hardy Annual

In late Summer, when many bedding plants are past their prime, Marigolds afford a wealth of color that is simply invaluable. The African varieties produce self colored blossoms on tall plants; the French are smaller, but the colors and markings are very interesting, some of the varieties being elegantly striped and blotched.

1092 Orange Ball, Tall African. Enormous, double flowers of intense, rich orange. Flowers are produced in great profusion from July until frost. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 35c; oz, 95c.**

1093 Lemon Ball, Tall African. Extra large, round, double flowers of a clear canary-yellow. Large, round plants with attractive, dark green foliage. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 35c.**

1094 Dwarf Double African. Plants 12 to 15 inches high. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c; oz, 65c.**

1095 Tall Double French. Striped and marked flowers. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 15c; ½ oz, 35c.**

1096 Dwarf Double French. Mixed. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 15c; ½ oz, 35c.**

1099 Legion of Honor.

Flowers rich golden yellow, marked with velvety brown. Best for edging. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c; oz, 55c.**

1098 Matthiola - Evening Scented Stock

The flowers in the morning, evening and after a shower emit a delicious perfume perceptible at a considerable distance. Dwarf; annual. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 15c; oz, 35c.**

Moonflower, Annual Climber

Beautiful vines grow rapidly often to a height of 30 feet. Flowers similar to Morning Glories but open in the evenings and on cloudy days. Foliage large and luxurious.

1104 Bona Nox. Flowers of the softest cerulean blue, often measure 4 inches across and are surpassingly beautiful. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 55c; ¼ lb, \$1.65.**

1105 White. Large, white flowers. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c; ¼ lb, \$1.60.**

Morning Glories

Morning Glories are most useful on account of their quick growth. They will grow 15 feet tall and bear thousands of flowers of both brilliantly rich and soft delicate shades. Foliage very dense and in some kinds of remarkable shape. Seeds should be soaked in warm water for 24 hours before sowing to assist rapid germination.

1103 Heavenly Blue. Deep, pure sky-blue flowers, delicately shading to white toward the center. Flowers measure 5 inches across; its blue is unequalled, and toward Autumn its vines become more and more floriferous. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 35c.**

1108 Selected Imperial Japanese. Colors run from snow-white through all possible shades of blue and red. Flowers are streaked, mottled and bordered in wonderful fashion. Handsome variegated foliage. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 60c; lb, \$1.60.**

1106 Tall. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.30.**

1109 Dwarf. Very showy for flower beds or rock work, bloom for a long period and delight in the sun. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c.**

Nasturtium, Hardy Annual

For ease of culture and duration of bloom, no flower excels the Nasturtium. They grow vigorously and bloom freely even in the poorest soils. Needing only a well drained soil in a sunny or semi-shaded location, they vouchsafe us a profusion of their gorgeous blossoms. The tall varieties are freest bloomers and produce the largest flowers.

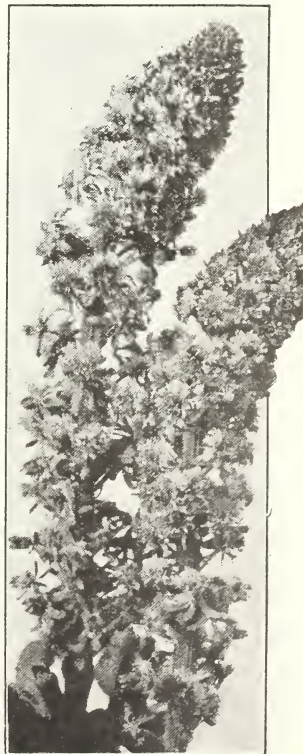
1116 Dwarf. Neat, compact growth, splendid for borders. Fine for cut flowers, and the more they are cut the more they bloom. A well balanced mixture with both light and dark foliage and a color range that is magnificent. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.20.**

1117 Queen of Tom Thumbs. All the leaves of this type are showily spotted or variegated in contrasting shades of white and green, many of the leaves looking as if powdered with a white frost. Flowers are good size and fine form. A most showy variety. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 55c.**

1120 Tall. Particularly fine for massive beds or broad borders, or may be easily made to climb low fences or wire netting. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 35c; lb, \$1.00.**

1121 Tall Chameleon. Is unique in bearing flowers of quite distinct coloring on the same plant. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 60c.**

1122 Lobb's Climbing. Both foliage and flowers of this fine type are slightly larger than those of the tall Nasturtiums, but the wonderful profusion of blooms and intense brilliancy of colors make it particularly desirable. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.40.**



Mignonette.



Nigella—Love-in-a-Mist.

Mignonette, Annual

- 1101 Dwarf Mocket.** An extra choice strain, an everbloomer, the flowers lasting until late in the Fall. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 10c; oz, 25c.**
- 1102 Large Flowering.** Tall growing variety, excellent for cut flowers; also used as a house plant. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 10c; oz, 25c.**

1110 Mimulus - Musk Plant

Lovely little plants with light green foliage, received the name Musk Plant because the leaves have a scent not unlike musk. Bright yellow flowers borne very freely. Excellent for growing in shaded places or for pot culture. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 60c.**

Nemesia

Free-blooming annual dwarf bushes, 1 foot high, for pot culture and open borders. A sunny location and a moderately rich garden loam with an addition of leaf mold suit them best.

- 1125 Large Flowering Mixed.** This is the finest strain of this popular flower, both for size and massive build of the individual flowers, also for the richness and variety of colors. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 50c.**
- 1124 Dwarf Blue Gem.** One of the best blue annuals for edging. **Pkt, 25c; 1/16 oz, 90c.**

1126 Nemophila - Baby Eyes

A lovely little annual of a beautiful sky-blue color. Extremely hardy and of the easiest culture. The plants are very attractive if planted as a border. Height 6 inches. **Pkt, 10c; 1/2 oz, 25c.**

1128 Nicotiana

(Sweet Scented Tobacco Plant)

One of the easiest annuals to raise and one of the most effective. The blossoms in shape are not unlike a Petunia blossom, but with a larger tube. The flowers open toward evening and emit a powerful perfume. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c; oz, 70c.**

Nigella - Love-in-a-Mist

- 1130 Miss Jekyll.** A lovely variety, bearing on long stems large, double flowers of a deep rich blue contrasting well with the feathery light green foliage. One of our prettiest old-fashioned annuals; does well even under adverse weather conditions and withstands considerable heat and drought. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 15c; oz, 35c.**

1131 Oxalis

Small, free-flowering plants with clover-like leaves for edging or pot culture. Thickly starred all Summer with small bright flowers of dark rose and delicate pink. **Pkt, 25c.**

Pansies

Pansies, with their little flower faces are an inspiration to the poet and to the gardener. Shakespeare says—"Pansies for thoughts," and every time we look at a Pansy flower we think of the wonderful gift to man of this particular little "stepmother" flower, as the Germans call this blossom. Our strains of Pansies are selected from the finest strains grown in America and Germany.

- 1140 Steele's Mastodon.** A favorite with florists who must have the choicest blooms. Huge in size, marvelous in form and including many new and unique shades, with many variations in each. **Pkt, 25c; 1/16 oz, 65c; 1/4 oz, \$1.95; oz, \$7.00.**

- 1144 Mile High Giant Mixture.** An unexcelled mixture from the finest German grower and classed by him as his best. Composed of well rounded, perfectly shaped flowers of a wide range of coloring and markings; thick velvety petals, standing erect on good, stiff stems with a good, healthy growth of plant. Every solid color presented in all possible variations. **Pkt, 25c; 1/16 oz, \$1.10; 1/4 oz, \$3.35; oz, \$10.00.**

- 1145 Oregon Giants.** The favorite on the Pacific Coast. Enormous size and contains the richest reds, coppers and bronzes, together with the lighter shades in a well balanced mixture. **Pkt, 25c; 1/16 oz, \$1.00; 1/4 oz, \$3.00; oz, \$9.00.**

- 1138 Masterpiece.** Frilled Pansy. A remarkable type, each petal conspicuously curled or waved. The range of color is very extensive, the rich, dark and velvety shades predominating. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 35c; 1/4 oz, 95c; oz, \$3.50.**

- 1136 Trimardeau.** A giant mixture running strongly to the deep, solid shades. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 75c; oz, \$2.20.**

- 1143 Standard Varieties Mixed.** A good mixture of the older types. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 25c; 1/4 oz, 60c; oz, \$1.60.**

1146 Pentstemon - Beard Tongue

Sensation, Mixed. Although this is a perennial, the Sensation variety can easily be grown as an annual. If started indoors in February or March, they will flower freely the first year, producing large spikes of handsome, gloxinia-like flowers. Often 2 inches across and in the most brilliant and varied colors, many of which are beautifully edged with a fine contrasting color. Height 2 feet. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 35c.**

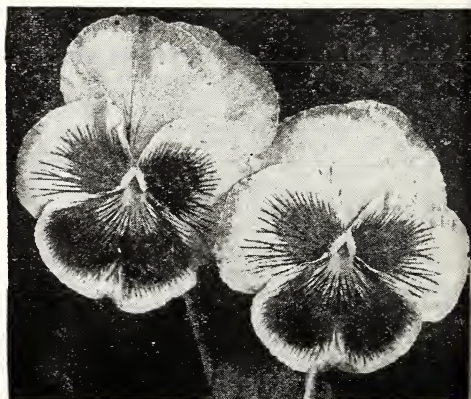
Phlox

Among the showiest and most easily raised, no other flower produces such a continuous supply of the most attractive flowers in a most wonderful range of colors. All the tints of the rainbow are represented with all possible variations of stripes, veins and eyes of contrasting shades.

- 1163 Large Flowering Choice Annual Mixed.** Well rounded, closely formed flower heads, brilliant colors, long stems. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 40c; oz, \$1.25.**

- 1164 Star, Annual.** Odd and attractive flowers, either starred or fantastically fringed and usually edged with white. Always admired as a cut flower. **Pkt, 10c; 1/2 oz, 35c.**

- 1168 Hardy Perennial.** New Hybrids. Blooms in late July and August, when there are no other perennials of importance. Easily grown and thrives even under adverse conditions. **Pkt, 15c; 1/2 oz, 60c.**



Oregon Giant Pansies.

Petunias

For freedom of bloom, variety of color and effectiveness these have no equal. If only a little care is bestowed on them, Petunias will produce their handsome, sweet scented flowers in their delicate and gorgeous colors throughout the Summer.

1151 Giants of California. Ruffled. The largest of all Petunias, and the large flowers are particularly attractive on account of the finely fringed and ruffled edges. The color range includes some exquisite lavender and purple shades and also many tones of pink, rose and red. Practically all the flowers variegated or blotched with white. Like all other Giant Petunias the seed should be started indoors in boxes filled with fine soil. **Pkt, 35c.**

Balcony Petunias. The most valuable type of Petunias, equally useful for planting in porch boxes, beds, terraces or among rock work. The Balcony Petunias may be depended upon to supply an unsurpassed floral effect throughout the

Summer and Fall. Single, solid color, large flowering sorts, the individual blooms measure 3 inches in diameter and they are borne so profusely as to cover the plants throughout the season.

1157 White. Pkt, 15c.

1158 Rose. Pkt, 15c.

1159 Deep Blue. Pkt, 15c.

1160 Mixed. Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 60c.

1149 Elk's Pride. A most outstanding variety with immense flowers of a rich deep Elk's purple. The texture of the petals is substantial and of velvety appearance. The blooms are enormously large and wavy. Elk's Pride is a strong grower and a very profuse bloomer. **Pkt, 25c.**

1153 Rosy Morn. One of the bedding Petunias. This class is of spreading growth, and much used for beds or in broad and irregular borders. They bloom freely and grow luxuriantly even under adverse conditions. Recommended for window boxes to hang over the edges. Rosy Morn has a silvery white throat, shading to soft rose-pink toward the edges. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

1150 Howard's Star. Bedding Petunia. The flowers are attractively marked with a distinct five-pointed, white star on a purplish crimson ground. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 50c.**

1154 Blotched and Striped. The plants are of compact growth and well suited for beds and formal borders. The flowers are white, attractively starred and striped with a contrasting rich crimson. **Pkt, 5c; 1/8 oz, 25c; 1/2 oz, 65c.**

1156 Good Single Mixed. Mainly of the bedding type. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 25c; oz, 75c.**

Phacelia

1167 Campanularia (California Blue Bell). Few blue flowers make such a fine early Summer display as this easily grown annual. Beautiful plants, 8 inches high, producing a terminal raceme of intense gentian-blue, bell-shaped flowers with conspicuous white anthers. Very effective for edgings and a charming pot plant. Easily grown in any soil and can stand dry weather, does well in a sunny location. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 35c.**



Garden Pinks.

Physalis

1169 Francheti (Chinese Lantern Plant). A perennial grown for its showy scarlet-red seed pods which are easily dried for Winter bouquets. The plants are perfectly hardy, 1 1/2 feet high, and bloom during June and July. The flowers are white. Easily grown in any kind of soil whether sunny or semi-shade. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 35c.**

Pinks - Dianthus

Few flowers can equal the old-fashioned annual Pinks in beauty and profusion of bloom. They are easily grown in almost any kind of soil.

1031 Double Chinese. Handsome clusters of small, double flowers of all colors, mostly edged with white. Planted in the Spring they bloom profusely during late Summer and until cut down by frost. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 20c; 1/2 oz, 45c.**

1032 Double Fringed. Flowers very large and double and the edges of the petals are exquisitely fringed. A mixture of white, pink, rose, red and maroon shades, with white edges and variegated. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c; oz, 80c.**

1033 Single Fringed. The flowers are beautifully fringed and come in various shades of red with large, white centers and white edges around the petals. **Pkt, 5c; 1/4 oz, 20c; oz, 50c.**

Poppies

There are very few gardens that do not show the gorgeous shades and colors of this very easily grown flower. Sow the seed thinly in the Spring, barely cover the small seeds from view. Thin the young plants to allow them room to develop, (the small plants of Ryburgh Hybrids can be transplanted if sown too thickly).

1180 Eyburgh Hybrids. Annual. The flowers are double and resemble a giant carnation, with flat petals overlapping like a double Begonia. The colors embrace all the delicate pastel shades of pink, salmon, orange, etc., all self colors. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c; oz, 55c.**

1173 Carnation-Flowered. Large, double annuals with a wide range of brilliant colors. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 30c; 1/4 lb, 80c.**

1174 Peony-Flowered. Double ball-shaped flowers of gigantic size and wide curly petals resembling the Peony in form. Annual. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 25c.**

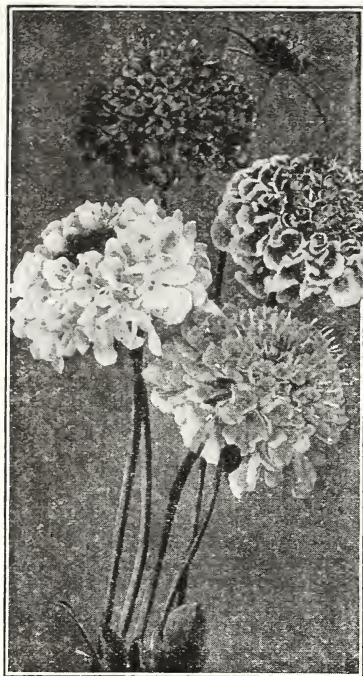
1178 American Legion. (Shirley). The bright scarlet-red blooms are most brilliant in the full sunshine. **Pkt, 10c; 1/4 oz, 25c; oz, 80c.**



Single Striped and Blotched Petunias.



Dainty Shirley Poppies.



Scabiosa—Mourning Bride.

POPPIES—Continued.

- 1172 Shirley** (Silk or Ghost Poppy). Beautiful, satiny flowers of various colors and white centers. Foliage finely cut. Annual. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 30c.**
- 1171 Tulip.** Large tulip-shaped flowers of dazzling scarlet; similar to a scarlet Duc Van Thol tulip. Annual. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c.**
- 1175 Single Annual.** Many of the most dazzling effects are in the simple form and brilliant colors of the Single Poppy. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c.**
- 1177 Oriental.** The most showy of all the perennial Poppies. The gorgeous coloring and immense blooms give a wonderful effect among shrubbery while for cutting they are invaluable. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; ½ oz, 95c.**
- 1176 Iceland.** Elegant, free-flowering plants bearing flowers of white, yellow and orange shades in abundance all Summer. Perennial. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 50c.**

California Poppies - Eschscholtzia

The state flower of California. A bright free-flowering plant of low, spreading growth with finely cut foliage. The Poppy-shaped flowers are carried on long stems. Does best in dry, sandy soil.

- 1181 Carmine King.** Beautiful carmine-rose color, both on the interior and exterior of the flower. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 45c.**
- 1183 Aurantiaca.** Bright orange. The true California Poppy—also the most beautiful. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; oz, 40c.**
- 1185 Mikado.** Flowers lustrous orange-crimson. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 45c.**
- 1184 The Geisha.** The artistically crinkled petals are golden yellow inside and orange-red outside. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 60c.**
- 1182 Hybrida.** A fine mixture of yellow, orange and crimson flowers. **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 15c; oz, 40c.**

1073 Santa Barbara Poppy

Bush Eschscholtzia or Yellow Tulip Poppy. The plants grow into a shrubby bush 1½ feet high and produce their large, cup-shaped flowers, 3 inches across, on stems 12 inches long. The color is a clear bright yellow; the petals are broad and crinkled, like crushed satin. The cut blooms keep in water two weeks. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 30c.**

Portulaca - Rose Moss

A beautiful hardy annual, the flowers are orange, white, red, salmon, buff and other rich and delicate shades and are unsurpassed in brilliancy. The plants are low growing and creep along the ground. They will grow and bloom in almost any location, even in a dry, sunny place among stones, where almost any other plant would soon die. In sowing mix the seed with dry sand to insure even distribution. Sow in May when the ground is thoroughly warmed, and very soon one of the loveliest of floral carpets will appear.

1186 Single. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; ¼ oz, 35c; oz, \$1.00.**

1187 Double. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 40c.**

1193 Primrose, True Yellow

The English Primrose, a hardy perennial. Blooms very early with large, rich yellow, fragrant flowers. A valuable little plant for bedding, and a free bloomer. **Pkt, 20c.**

1206 Schizanthus - Butterfly Flower

This is one of the daintiest of annuals. The seed germinates readily and in a few weeks the plant is a mass of small but bright, butterfly-like flowers in a range of color from white and pink to crimson and mauve. The flowers are all blotched and marked in contrasting shades. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 35c; ¼ oz, 60c.**

Scabiosa - Mourning Bride

Commonly known as the Pincushion Plant. Quite hardy annual plants, flowering freely. The flowers are borne above the foliage on tall, slender stems nearly 2 feet in length and are of fine, rounded, full-centered form; and the blossoms keep well in water. Owing to its sweetness the bees are very fond of it and its floral flavors also attract all the most beautiful types of butterflies to the neighborhood.



Schizanthus.



Double Portulaca.

1205 Azure Fairy. Flowers particularly large in a lovely sky-blue color. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c.**

1202 Fiery Scarlet. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c.**

1203 Snowball. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c.**

1204 Large Flowering Double Annual Mixed. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 20c; oz, 50c.**

1199 Perennial Scabiosa. The color is a pleasing light blue. After once being established they will last for many years. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

905 Mexican or Prickly Poppy

(Argemone)

Hardy annual plants with ornamental foliage. The plants grow 3 feet tall. They are of bushy habit and bear a profusion of Poppy-like flowers from July until frost. Mixed colors of white, cream, pink, yellow and gold. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 35c.**

1201 *Salvia* - Scarlet Sage

A standard annual bedding plant that keeps the garden bright with color until in Autumn. Its best use is as a hedge or border plant, but is also used as a pot plant or for cutting. This large-flowering strain blooms in the Fall with a scorching scarlet of unsurpassed brilliancy. Full grown plants are 3 to 4 feet tall and 4 feet across. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 35c; ¼ oz, \$1.10.**

Salpiglossis - Velvet Flower

Undoubtedly one of the most attractive annuals and should be in every garden. The blossoms are tube-shaped, much like a *Petunia* but rivaling the latter in the beautiful colors displayed. Each flower is veined with a glint of gold, and it is the only flower to our knowledge possessing this odd characteristic. The *Salpiglossis* is deservedly known as the orchid of hardy annuals. Height 2½ feet.

1196 **Light Blue and Gold.** **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 35c.**

1197 **Scarlet and Gold.** **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 35c.**

1198 **Mixed.** Large improved strain, complete range of colors. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; ½ oz, 70c.**

1208 *Smilax*

Decorative plant. Makes a most desirable window vine, the slender stems are covered with small, glossy green leaves. Makes a fine pot or hanging basket plant. Elegant for table decorations when cut. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c.**

Snapdragon - *Antirrhinum*

Snapdragons are easily grown and make a wonderful display, either in beds or as cut flowers. For gorgeous coloring few flowers can match Snapdragons. They are easily grown in ordinary garden soil in a sunny position where the plants can get plenty of fresh air. For early blooming sow indoors and transplant when about 2 inches tall to pots or boxes. If sown right in the open the seed should be pored very thinly.

New Giant Flowered. This new class has become extremely popular within a very few years. The individual blooms measure fully twice the size of the regular varieties and words fail to adequately describe the glorious colors found in this class. Plants exceptionally hardy and sturdy.

883 **Apple Blossom.** Rosy pink, white tube. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

884 **Canary Bird.** Canary-yellow. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

885 **Copper King (Indian Summer).** Velvety copper-scarlet. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

886 **Dwarf Tom Thumb Mixed.** **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 30c.**

887 **The Rose.** Pure rose color. Very beautiful. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

888 **Snowflake.** Pure snow-white, yellow tube. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

903 **Giant Flowered Mixed.** All the above varieties and others. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c; ½ oz, 60c.**

904 **Large Tall Mixed.** **Pkt, 5c; ½ oz, 30c; ½ oz, 60c.**



Verbena.

1207 *Statice*

(Sea Pink)

Our annual *Statice* is not only a beautiful flower in the border, but dries retaining its true colors, making it excellent for Winter bouquets. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 25c; oz, 70c.**

1213 *Stokesia*

(Stokes' Aster or Cornflower Aster).

A lovely hardy perennial plant 18 inches high, producing an abundance of handsome flowers from July to October. Flowers rich blue, like a giant cornflower; very distinct. **Pkt, 15c; 1/16 oz, 40c.**

Stocks, Annual

Sweet William.

1212 **Mammoth Early Branching Nice.** This wonderful type produces plants often 3 feet tall, each bearing 6 to 8 fully developed flower stalks. The flowers appear on the long, stiff stalks like small rosettes, are exceedingly fragrant, and range through a most complete scale of all the soft and distinct shades. While fine Stocks can be raised from seed sown outdoors, the finest plants are raised from seed sown indoors and transplanted to the garden. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 40c.**

1209 **Cut and Come Again.** Dresden Perpetual, useful for outdoor bedding as well as for pots or cut flowers. Grows 18 inches high and throw out numerous side branches, all bearing very double, fragrant flowers. **Pkt, 10c; 1/16 oz, 35c.**

1211 **Dwarf Ten Weeks.** A favorite for outdoor bedding, the sweet-scented flowers are borne profusely. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c.**

1068 *Sweet Rocket*-Evening Scented Stock

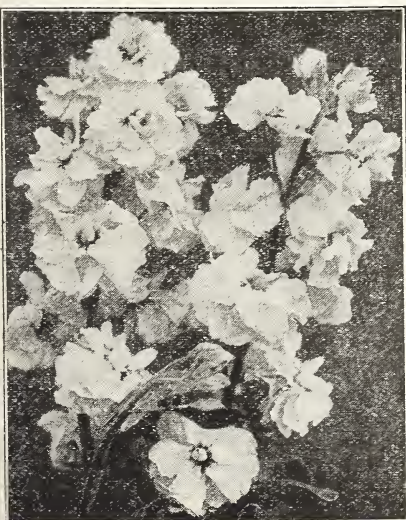
Perennial plants growing 2 feet tall. Large panicles of white and purple flowers from June to August. Deliciously sweet scented. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 65c.**

Sweet William, Hardy Biennial

These are excellent border plants, fine for cut flowers, and should be included in every garden. While they are biennial, it is best to sow the seed every year as the young plants bloom more freely. The color and size of these varieties are far superior to the old-fashioned kinds.

1270 **Single.** The simplicity of the single bloom is often preferred in the Sweet William. Mixed colors. **Pkt, 5c; ¼ oz, 25c; oz, 75c.**

1271 **Double Mixed.** **Pkt, 10c; ¼ oz, 30c; oz, \$1.00.**



Stocks.

Sweet Peas

Locate your planting where there will be uninterrupted sunlight, in as good soil as possible. For the finest blooms, dig a trench about 20 inches deep, fill in this trench with alternate layers of soil and well rotted manure. **Sweet Peas should be planted as early as the ground can be worked,** light frost will not hurt them. Sow the seeds in a double row, about 4 inches between seeds, don't crowd them. Plant not less than 2 inches deep and draw the soil up to the plants when they are about 3 inches high. Vining support should be supplied early, preferably at time of planting. To get the best colors add a little fine charcoal to the soil. Water freely. The more you cut the flowers off the more they will bloom, keep on cutting.

Summer Flowering Spencers

These are the Giant Waved varieties. The plants climb 4 to 5 feet high. The blossoms are large with waved petals and average four on each stem. The stems are long, and fine for cut flowers.

1223 White—King White. A remarkable large pure white of perfect form. The grand flowers are borne almost invariably in "fours." **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1218 White—Avalanche. A beautiful, pure white, nicely waved, extra fine texture. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1247 White—Model. Black-seeded variety; therefore more sure to germinate. A wonderful white. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1228 Picotee—Youth. The very best of all picotee-edged Sweet Peas, being a clear waxy white with a well defined, clear pink edging. Not only beautiful in appearance; it is wonderfully fragrant, having the delicate scent of orange blossoms. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1239 Cream—Ivory Picture. Ivory tinted, very large and well formed. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c.**

1250 Cream-pink—Fluffy Ruffles. The new ruffled or double variety. One of the daintiest colors ever produced in Sweet Peas. (In color on back cover). **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 55c.**

1235 Cream-pink—Hawlmart. A rich cream-pink, deeply flushed and shaded with salmon. Free flowering; vigorous grower. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1237 Cream-pink—Idyl. Very large, with sturdy vine. One of the richest pinks. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 20c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, \$1.20.**

1224 Cream-pink—Mary Pickford. A beautiful, dainty cream-pink, very lightly suffused with salmon, and the effect is most charming whether in a bunch or single spray. Strong growth and perfect form. Award of Merit from the British National Sweet Pea Society. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 85c.**

1222 Salmon-cerise-pink—Del Monte. Of perfect Spencer form, large and bold and with wavy or fluted petals. Both standard and wings are the same shade and the color is well fixed so that it does not sunburn. Under artificial light a spray or bowl of Del Monte is a delight. The vines are vigorous, the stems are long and bear almost uniformly four blossoms. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 85c.**

1225 Deep Pink—Pinkie. A very large rose-pink. The four mammoth flowers are well placed on each long stem. Very vigorous and a continuous bloomer. This variety should be in every garden. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

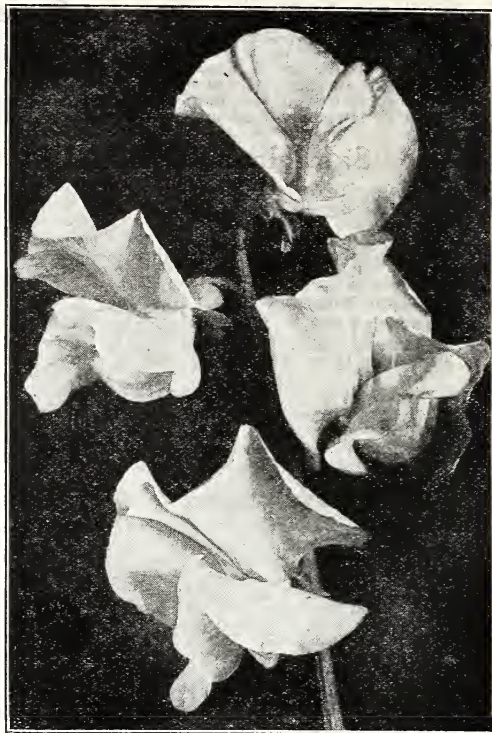
1251 Rose—Ruffled Rose. If you are a lover of Sweet Peas, plant the Ruffled Rose and enjoy a great treat. One of the new double or ruffled varieties of rich rose color. (See color cut on back page). **Pkt, 20c; ½ oz, 50c; oz, 90c.**

1219 Rose—Brilliant Rose. A beautiful bright rose, very large, with sturdy vine. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 70c.**

1226 Scarlet-cerise—Royal Scot. A true orange-cerise-scarlet. A very strong grower, producing freely four flower stems. Wonderful brilliancy. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c.**

1230 Deep Cerise—Delightful. A rich terra cotta. Blossoms very large and well formed. (Illustrated in color on back cover). **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 30c; oz, 55c.**

1240 Orange—Tangerine, Improved. A rich, glowing orange. Large and beautifully waved. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c.**



King White Sweet Peas.

1221 Rose-carmine—Doreen. A huge bright rose-carmine, the very best of this color class. The color is particularly bright and striking. Vigorous grower, long stems, four large blossoms to the stem. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1241 Orange-scarlet—Mammoth. Magnificent, ablaze with color. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1236 Scarlet—Huntsman. Very bright scarlet. A wonderful Sweet Pea. (Illustrated in color on back page). **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 40c; oz, 70c.**

1243 Crimson—Crimson King. Pure deep crimson, the most pronounced pure deep red of all Sweet Peas. It is a much clearer and finer shade of deep but bright crimson than King Edward, and is greatly preferred. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1229 Lavender—Powerscourt. The finest lavender and one of the largest flowered Sweet Peas. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c.**

1232 Light Blue—Glen Eagle. Everyone admires Glen Eagle. A very pretty blue; four large, well shaped flowers in each cluster. (In color on back page). **Pkt, 15c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.45.**

1244 Blue—Mrs. Tom Jones. A real azure-blue, exceedingly attractive. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1249 Purple—Olympia. No garden would be complete without this beautiful purple. Blossoms are very large and of the richest purple. (Illustrated in color on back page). **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 35c; ¼ lb, 90c.**

1231 Purple—Royal Purple. The color is near "royal" purple and deepens and improves as the flowers age. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c.**

1227 Maroon—Warrior. A rich, deep maroon. Flowers very large and of fine form. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 25c; ¼ lb, 75c.**

1252 Ruffled Mixed. A mixture of the ruffled or double varieties, several of the very best colors are blended in this mixture. **Pkt, 10c; ½ oz, 25c; oz, 45c; ¼ lb, \$1.50.**

1245 Special Strain Spencer Mixture. Made from our carefully prepared formula. A perfectly balanced, finely proportioned assortment of color will be had from this mixture. **Pkt, 10c; oz, 20c; ¼ lb, 65c; lb, \$2.00.**

1246 Spencer Mixed. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 15c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, \$1.25.**

Early Flowering Long Season Spencers

Practically the same as the Summer Flowering Spencers except that they bloom 3 to 5 weeks earlier. If you cut the blossoms and don't allow them to go to seed they will often bloom until frost. In the hotter valleys where Sweet Peas are often a failure, the Early Flowering Spencers will usually be in full bloom before any hot weather comes.

1260 Crimson—Aviator. Dazzling crimson-scarlet, sunproof and very free bloomer. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c.

1258 Orange-scarlet—Glitters. Standards bright orange-cerise, wings deeper. A live fire variety. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 35c; oz, 55c; ¼ lb, \$1.65.

1255 Purple—Glorious. A beautiful purple, large flowers on long stems. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 35c; oz, 60c.

1262 Lavender—Harmony. The best clear lavender; very large. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c.

1263 Salmon—Mrs. Kerr. An excellent salmon. Always in demand as a cut flower. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 35c; oz, 60c.

1259 White—Snowstorm, Improved. The very finest white; large, and of fine texture; nicely waved. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 30c; oz, 50c.

1265 Cream-pink—Spring Song. Rich cream-pink; very beautiful. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 35c; oz, 60c.

1267 Orange-scarlet—Vulcan. A bright vivid scarlet which never burns or scalds; in fact, the brighter and hotter the sun, the brighter and more intense the color. Long stems with three or four blossoms gracefully spaced. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 35c; oz, 55c; ¼ lb, \$1.65.

1261 Deep Pink—Zvolanek's Rose. A wonderful shade of pink. A great favorite with all lovers of Sweet Peas. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 30c; oz, 55c.

1254 Early Flowering Spencer Mixture. A beautifully balanced mixture made up from named varieties. **Pkt, 10c;** oz, 30c; ¼ lb, 90c; lb, \$2.70.

Inoculate Your Sweet Peas

Nodogen insures abundant Sweet Pea blossoms of gorgeous coloring. We have a special Garden Size for your Sweet Peas, and you can use part of it for your garden peas and beans; it will give them the nitrogen they need, too. **Ask for Garden Size Nodogen, 25c, postpaid.**

1276 Thunbergia

(Black-Eyed Susan Vine)

An elegant annual climber of graceful, slender habit; climbs to a height of 5 feet. Thunbergia is particularly fine for a ground cover; the vines spread quickly along the ground, completely covering it with the rich green, glossy foliage. The colors of the flowers are strikingly beautiful; white, yellow and deep orange, mostly with a deep purplish black eye, suggesting the name of Black-Eyed Susan Vine. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 35c.

1277 Tritoma

(Red Hot Poker Plant)

Massive orange-scarlet flower spikes produced on plants 3 feet tall. Blooms during Summer. Needs Winter protection against frost. **Pkt, 15c;** 1/16 oz, 65c.

Verbena, Annual

Verbenas thrive in almost any situation and in all good garden soils. They are one of the most popular annuals and lend themselves to many uses. For beds, borders and window boxes they are particularly fine and they are frequently used for an undergrowth to tall plants. The clusters of showy and often fragrant flowers are borne in constant succession from June until frost.

1279 Gigantea Mixed. A new strain of compact plants, bearing immense trusses with individual florets measuring an inch or over in diameter. A wonderful mixture of large flowering varieties. **Pkt, 15c;** ½ oz, 45c.

1280 Mammoth Lucifer. A vivid scarlet self colored flower of mammoth size. By far the most popular variety. **Pkt, 15c;** ½ oz, 40c.

1278 Mixed Colors. **Pkt, 5c;** ½ oz, 20c; ¼ oz, 35c; oz, \$1.00.



Improved Tangerine Spencer Sweet Peas.

1281 Violet

Sweet Violet. The Czar. A very large flowered type of a good blue color. **Pkt, 10c;** ½ oz, 50c.

1283 Vinca, Periwinkle

Ornamental free blooming plants, with dark, laurel-like foliage and handsome rose, white with rose eye and pure white flowers. Seed should be sown early and then the plants will bloom the first Summer. They can be taken up in the Fall like Chrysanthemums, potted, and kept in bloom through the Winter. **Pkt, 10c;** ¼ oz, 30c.

1287 Wallflower, Perennial

Wallflowers thrive where the weather remains fairly cool during the Summer. They are most beautiful for beds, borders and also for cutting. The oriental coloring of the flowers in their rich reds and yellows is very effective, and the peculiar sweet fragrance of their flowers should win favor. Raised in pots they will bloom freely and can be taken into the house when Fall frosts are expected. **Pkt, 5c;** ¼ oz, 20c.

1014 Wild Cucumber Vine

The quickest growing climber on our list. If planted in the Spring soak the seed in warm water to assist germination. **Pkt, 5c;** oz, 20c.

Zinnia

Zinnias are hardy annuals and about the simplest and easiest to start and care for of all flowers. The seed is usually sown in rows in May. The plants may be transplanted at any stage of their growth, so that many people start the seed indoors and transplant them to the flower beds in order to get real early blooms.

1295 Cactus Quilled. Distinct in form from all other Zinnias, as the petals are so quilled that they become almost tubular. They are straight, radiating from the center of the flowers, which thus greatly resemble a fine-petalled Cactus Dahlia. As the back of the petals is of a distinct color, it gives the flower a bi-colored appearance. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 35c.**

1293 Lilliput Mixed. Plants form handsome little bushes, 12 inches high, and fairly bristle with tiny, short-stemmed, very double flowers, hardly exceeding a daisy in size; bloom all Summer. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 30c.**

Dahlia-Flowered Zinnia

The blooms so closely resemble dahlias that it is almost necessary to look at the foliage to make sure they are not dahlias. The Dahlia-Flowered Zinnia is the finest development in this old-fashioned flower. Originated by the late John Bodger, it was a flower of which he was justly proud.

1306 Crimson Monarch. After close observation of this year's seed field, we will say this is the most brilliant and also the most beautiful Zinnia we have ever offered. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1299 Canary Bird. Illustrated in color on inside back cover. A lovely shade of bright Primrose. The flowers are very large and hold their color well until they have passed their prime. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1300 Dream. Illustrated in color on inside back cover. A fine, deep lavender, turning to purple as they age; a new, desirable shade in Zinnias. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1305 Exquisite. By far the most pleasing of our collection. Truly dahlia-flowered as regards form and size. Color light rose with center a deep rose. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1301 Golden State. Rich golden-yellow shading to bright orange as the flowers reach full size. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1308 Illumination. Illustrated in color on inside back cover. A striking self color of deep rose. True dahlia-flowered in form and size. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1302 Old Rose. A real old rose shade. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**

1307 Oriole. The most beautiful of its class. It is an immense orange and gold bicolor, changing slightly as it ages, but at all times worthy of the beautiful bird for which it is named. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**



Dahlia-Flowered Zinnia.

1304 Polar Bear. A very large, pure white, the best white yet seen in Zinnias. **Pkt, 20c; 1/8 oz, 60c.**
1298 Mixed. A well balanced mixture of the above varieties. **Pkt, 10c; 1/8 oz, 25c; oz, \$1.00; lb, \$12.50.**

GIANT MAMMOTH ZINNIAS

Attractive flowers but not as full as the Dahlia Flowered.

1326 Bright Rose. **Pkt, 10c.**

1332 Burnt Orange. **Pkt, 10c.**

1322 Canary Yellow. **Pkt, 10c.**

1330 Deep Salmon Rose. **Pkt, 10c.**

1328 Orange. **Pkt, 10c.**

1324 Purple. **Pkt, 10c.**

1335 White. **Pkt, 10c.**

1320 Mixed. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 50c.**

1303 Cut Flower Mixture

This is a complete mixture of easily grown annuals, which have proven to do well and bloom freely under widely different conditions of soil and weather. It is sure to give a fine display with a minimum of care. If sown thinly either in rows or broadcast, the seeds will make a fine solid bed which yields flowers from early Spring until Fall. **Pkt, 5c; oz, 20c; 1/4 lb, 45c.**

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Please check your choice of the varieties of Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias for early ordering (see inside back cover).

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| <input type="checkbox"/> Dream | <input type="checkbox"/> Golden State | <input type="checkbox"/> Old Rose | <input type="checkbox"/> Polar Bear |
| | | | <input type="checkbox"/> Mixed |

We will consider it a special favor if you will write below the names and addresses of several of your friends that you think would be interested in our catalog. We shall be glad to show our appreciation by sending you 20 cents' worth of flower seeds in packets. Write packet numbers of varieties you want here.....

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Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias

*The Latest Development
in Zinnias, Bearing Perfect
Flowers of Mammoth Size*

20% extra value on early order.

These "Mile High" Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias as illustrated and several other beautiful colors are given **FREE** with early orders.

The Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias are a wonderful improvement over the older varieties, so much of an improvement that they do not seem to be the same flower. The large size, fullness of the petals, extraordinary color range, and good keeping qualities of this flower have all contributed to its popularity.

The Dahlia-Flowered Zinnia keeps wonderfully well as a cut flower. It is so far immune to all diseases. It is easily grown and seems to be adapted to all climates, as we have received letters from customers in all sections of the country, remarking on the wonderful display made by these flowers.

The varieties illustrated are **Canary Bird, Dream and Illumination.**

1299 CANARY BIRD. A delicate shade of primrose, very large and holds its color well until out of bloom.

1300 DREAM. A fine, deep lavender, turning to purple, a new desirable shade in Zinnias.

1306 ILLUMINATION. True Dahlia-Flowered in form and size. A striking self color of deep rose.

Or you may choose your **FREE** seeds from the following varieties:

1305 EXQUISITE. A beautiful variety, similar to Illumination. Color light rose, with a deep rose center.

1301 GOLDEN STATE. A very rich orange-yellow. Yellow in the bud, turning to an attractive orange when in full bloom.

1302 OLD ROSE. A real old rose shade.

1307 ORIOLE. The most beautiful of its class. It is an immense orange and gold bicolor, changing slightly as it ages, but at all times worthy of the beautiful bird for which it is named.

1304 POLAR BEAR. A very large, pure white, the best white yet seen in Zinnias. True Dahlia form.

1306 CRIMSON MONARCH. A very large, beautiful, bright crimson Zinnia.

1298 MIXED. A well balanced mixture of the above varieties.

All varieties of the Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias are priced 20c per packet; 60c for 1/2 ounce.

Special Free Offer

With every dollar's worth of seed ordered from this catalog before February first we will include one 20c packet (your choice of colors), of the beautiful Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias.

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Everyone is a lover of beautiful, fragrant Sweet Peas. In this collection we offer two of the new ruffled or double varieties. A small investment in this Sweet Pea collection will not only beautify your garden, but will supply your home with the most fragrant and beautiful cut flowers throughout the summer and autumn months. For description and individual prices, see pages 78 and 79.